User-Developed Protocol:

Isolation of genomic DNA from nails and hair using the QIAamp® DNA Mini Kit*

This procedure has been adapted by customers from the QIAamp® Tissue Protocol, and is for use with the QIAamp DNA Mini Kit. It has not been thoroughly tested and optimized by QIAGEN.

Please note that lysis time will vary depending on the size and density of the source material. Please be sure to read the QIAGEN® QIAamp DNA Mini Kit and QIAamp DNA Blood Mini Kit Handbook and the detailed QIAamp Tissue Protocol carefully before beginning this procedure.

Procedure

1. Cut the sample into small pieces, place in a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube, and add 200 µl Buffer X1. Incubate at 55°C for at least 1 h until the sample is dissolved. Invert the tube occasionally to disperse the sample, or place on a rocking platform.

   **Buffer X1:**
   - 10 mM Tris·Cl pH 8.0
   - 10 mM EDTA
   - 100 mM NaCl
   - 40 mM DTT
   - 2% SDS
   - 250 µg/ml Proteinase K

   Just before use, add the appropriate volume of Proteinase K stock solution (20 mg/ml) supplied with the QIAamp DNA Mini Kit.

   DTT oxidizes quickly in aqueous solutions and should also be added just before use. Store the DTT stock solution (1 M) at –20°C.

2. Add 200 µl Buffer AL and 200 µl ethanol to the sample and mix by vortexing.

* This protocol has also been successfully used for the isolation of DNA from bird feathers.

**Note:** Feather quills will remain undissolved during step 1; therefore, it will be necessary to transfer the tube supernatant to a new microcentrifuge tube at the end of step 1.

4. Elute the DNA in 50–100 µl Buffer AE or distilled water.

   **Note:** Elution in 50 µl will yield more concentrated DNA, whereas elution in 100 µl will recover a greater amount of DNA. If the expected amount of DNA is not known, it is preferable to elute in several aliquots of 50 µl. These can then be combined if necessary.

   Elution of the DNA in Buffer AE is recommended if the DNA is to be stored, since DNA stored in water is subject to acid hydrolysis.