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# QIAcube® HT Version 4.18 User Manual

For QIAcube HT and QIAxtractor®



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# 1 Introduction

Thank you for choosing the QIAcube HT. We are confident it will become an integral part of your laboratory.

Before using the QIAcube HT, it is essential that you read this user manual carefully and pay particular attention to the safety information. The instructions and safety information in this user manual must be followed to ensure safe operation of the instrument and to maintain the instrument in a safe condition.

This user manual is also applicable to QIAxtractor instruments updated with QIAcube HT Software.

# 1.1 About this user manual

This user manual provides information about the QIAcube HT in the following sections:

- Introduction
- Safety Information
- General Description
- Installation Procedures
- QIAcube HT Software
- Operating Procedures
- Maintenance Procedures
- Troubleshooting Guide
- Technical Specifications
- Appendices
- Document Revision History

The appendices contain the following information:

- Appendix A
  - Advanced settings
  - O Automatically skip to next if detect tip absence
  - O Compensate for liquid loss (reagents)
  - O Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols
  - O Description of the Generic XML Format
- Appendix B
  - O Declaration of Conformity
  - O Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)
  - FCC declaration
  - O Liability clause

- Appendix C Ordering Information
- Appendix D Informations de sécurité
- Appendix E Sicherheitshinweise

# 1.2 General information

# 1.2.1 Technical assistance

At QIAGEN<sup>®</sup>, we pride ourselves on the quality and availability of our technical support. Our Technical Service Departments are staffed by experienced scientists with extensive practical and theoretical expertise in sample and assay technologies and the use of QIAGEN products. If you have any questions or experience any difficulties regarding the QIAcube HT or QIAGEN products in general, please do not hesitate to contact us.

QIAGEN customers are a major source of information regarding advanced or specialized uses of our products. This information is helpful to other scientists as well as to the researchers at QIAGEN. We therefore encourage you to contact us if you have any suggestions about product performance or new applications and techniques.

For technical assistance and more information, please see our Technical Support Center at **www.qiagen.com/TechSupportCenter** or call one of the QIAGEN Technical Service Departments or local distributors (see back cover or visit **www.qiagen.com**).

QIAGEN customers are a major source of information regarding advanced or specialized uses of our products. This information is helpful to other scientists as well as to the researchers at QIAGEN. We therefore encourage you to contact us if you have any suggestions about product performance or new applications and techniques.

For technical assistance, contact QIAGEN Technical Services.

#### 1.2.2 Policy statement

It is the policy of QIAGEN to improve products as new techniques and components become available. QIAGEN reserves the right to change specifications at any time. In an effort to produce useful and appropriate documentation, we appreciate your comments on this user manual. Please contact QIAGEN Technical Services.

# 1.3 Intended use of the QIAcube HT

The QIAcube HT is intended to perform automated, medium-to high-throughput purification of nucleic acids such as aspirating, dispensing, filtering, and sequential transfer of liquids for molecular biology applications.

The QIAcube HT is intended for use with QIAGEN kits indicated for use with the QIAcube HT for the applications described in the respective QIAGEN kit handbooks.

The QIAcube HT is intended for use by professional users, trained in molecular biological techniques and the operation of the QIAcube HT.

## 1.3.1 Requirements for QIAcube HT users

This table covers the general level of competence and training necessary for transportation, installation, use, maintenance, and servicing of the QIAcube HT.

Task	Personnel	Training and experience
Delivery	No special requirements	No special requirements.
Installation	Laboratory technicians, or equivalent	Appropriately trained and experienced personnel familiar with use of laptops and automation in general.
Routine use (running protocols)	Laboratory technicians, or equivalent	Appropriately trained and experienced personnel familiar with use of laptops and automation in general.
Servicing and annual preventive maintenance	QIAGEN Field Service Specialists only	Regularly trained, certified, and authorized by QIAGEN.

#### 1.3.2 Requirements for using dedicated QIAcube HT kits on the QIAcube HT

Software version 4.18 is needed.

For more information about available kits and protocols for the QIAcube HT, please visit **www.qiagen.com/QIAcubeHT**, or contact QIAGEN Technical Services.

#### 1.3.3 Requirements for using dedicated QIAcube HT kits on the QIAxtractor

To process dedicated QIAcube HT kits on the QIAxtractor instrument, QIAcube HT Software version 4.18 is needed together with the Accessories Pack, QXT (see Appendix C – Ordering Information).

# 1.3.4 QIAcube HT Software

The QIAcube HT is compatible with the Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> 10 operating systems, and uses typical Windows features, such as tool buttons, command buttons, and dialog boxes. You should be familiar with the Windows operating environment and Windows conventions, especially the file management system. For more information, consult the Microsoft user guides.

# 2 Safety Information

Before using the QIAcube HT, it is essential that you read this user manual carefully and pay particular attention to the safety information. The instructions and safety information in the user manual must be followed to ensure safe operation of the instrument and to maintain the instrument in a safe condition.

Note: Translations of the Safety Information are available in French in Appendix D – Informations de sécurité and German in Appendix E – Sicherheitshinweise.

The following types of safety information appear throughout this manual.

WARNING	The term WARNING is used to inform you about situations that could result in <b>personal injury</b> to you or others. Details about these circumstances are given in a box like this one.
	The term CAUTION is used to inform you about situations that could result in damage to the instrument or other equipment. Details about these circumstances are given in a box like this one.

The advice given in this manual is intended to supplement, not supersede, the normal safety requirements prevailing in the user's country.

# 2.1 Proper use

WARNING/ CAUTION	<b>Risk of personal injury and material damage</b> Improper use of the QIAcube HT may cause personal injuries or damage to the instrument.
	The QIAcube HT must only be operated by qualified personnel who have been appropriately trained.
	Servicing of the QIAcube HT must only be performed by QIAGEN Field Service Specialists.

-	<b>Risk of overheating</b> To ensure proper ventilation, maintain a minimum clearance of 10 cm at the sides and rear of the
	QIAcube HT. Slits and openings that ensure the ventilation of the QIAcube HT must not be covered.

WARNING/	Risk of personal injury and material damage
CAUTION	The QIAcube HT is too heavy to be lifted by one person. To avoid personal injury or damage to the
	instrument, do not lift the instrument alone.

WARNING/	<b>Risk of personal injury and material damage</b>
CAUTION	Do not attempt to move the QIAcube HT during operation.

WARNING	Explosive atmosphere
	The QIAcube HT is not designed for use in an explosive atmosphere.

WARNING	Risk of explosion
	The QIAcube HT is intended for use with reagents and substances supplied with QIAGEN kits. Use of other reagents and substances may lead to fire or explosion.

CAUTION	Damage to the instrument
	Direct sunlight may bleach parts of the instrument and cause damage to plastic parts.
	The QIAcube HT must be located out of direct sunlight.

CAUTION	Damage to the instrument
	Avoid spilling water or chemicals onto the QIAcube HT. Damage caused by water or chemical spillage will void your warranty.

WARNING	Risk of personal injury
	The robotic arm moves during position calibration while the instrument lid is raised. Never click any buttons while parts of your body are within the instrument workspace.

In case of emergency, switch off the QIAcube HT at the power switch at the rear of the instrument and unplug the power cord from the power outlet.

# 2.2 Electrical safety

Disconnect the line power cord from the power outlet before servicing.

WARNING	Electrical hazard
	Any interruption of the protective conductor (earth/ground lead) inside or outside the instrument or disconnection of the protective conductor terminal is likely to make the instrument dangerous.
	Intentional interruption is prohibited.
	<b>Lethal voltages inside the instrument</b> When the instrument is connected to line power, terminals may be live. Opening covers or removing parts is likely to expose live parts.

# WARNING

An electronic lid sensor ensures that the instrument lid must be closed for operation of the UV lamp. Under no circumstances should this lid sensor be disabled during the decontamination.

To ensure satisfactory and safe operation of the QIAcube HT, follow the guidelines below:

- The line power cord must be connected to a line power outlet that has a protective conductor (earth/ground).
- Do not adjust or replace internal parts of the instrument.

UV irradiation hazard

- Do not operate the instrument with any covers or parts removed.
- If liquid has spilled inside the instrument, switch off the instrument, disconnect it from the power outlet, and contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
- If the instrument becomes electrically unsafe, prevent other personnel from operating it, and contact QIAGEN Technical Services; the instrument may be electrically unsafe when:
  - The line power cord appears to be damaged.
  - O It has been stored for a prolonged period of time in conditions outside of those outlined in Section 9.
  - O It has been subjected to severe transport stresses.

# 2.3 Biological safety

When handling biological material, use safe laboratory procedures as outlined in publications such as *Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories, HHS* www.cdc.gov/od/ohs/biosfty/biosfty.htm.

#### 2.3.1 Samples

Samples may contain infectious agents. You should be aware of the health hazard presented by such agents and should use, store, and dispose of such samples according to the required safety regulations.

WARNING	Samples containing infectious agents
	Some samples used with the instrument may contain infectious agents. Handle such samples with the greatest of care and in accordance with the required safety regulations.
	Always wear safety glasses, 2 pairs of gloves, and a lab coat.
	The responsible body (e.g., laboratory manager) must take the necessary precautions to ensure that the surrounding workplace is safe, and that instrument operators are suitably trained and not exposed to hazardous levels of infectious agents as defined in the applicable Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) or OSHA,* ACGIH <sup>†</sup> , or COSHH <sup>‡</sup> documents.
	Venting for fumes and disposal of wastes must be in accordance with all national, state, and local health and safety regulations and laws.

\* OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States of America).

<sup>†</sup> ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (United States of America).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> COSHH: Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (United Kingdom).

# 2.4 Chemicals

WARNING	Hazardous chemical
	Some chemicals used with the instrument may be hazardous or may become hazardous after completion of the sample disruption process.
	Always wear safety glasses, gloves, and a lab coat.
	The responsible body (e.g., laboratory manager) must take the necessary precautions to ensure that the surrounding workplace is safe and that instrument operators are not exposed to hazardous levels of toxic substances (chemical or biological) as defined in the applicable Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) or OSHA,* ACGIH <sup>†</sup> , or COSHH <sup>‡</sup> documents.
	Venting for fumes and disposal of wastes must be in accordance with all national, state, and local health and safety regulations and laws.

\* OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States of America).

<sup>†</sup> ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (United States of America).

<sup>‡</sup> COSHH: Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (United Kingdom).

## 2.4.1 Toxic fumes

If working with volatile solvents, toxic substances, etc., you must provide an efficient laboratory ventilation system to remove vapors that may be produced.

# 2.5 Waste disposal

Used plasticware and containers may contain hazardous chemicals, or contagious/biohazardous materials. Such wastes must be collected and disposed of properly according to local safety regulations.

For information on use and disposal of the tip disposal box, please see Section 3.2.6, page 30.

For information about how to dispose of the QIAcube HT, see Section 9.

# 2.6 Mechanical hazards

Avoid contact with moving parts during operation of the QIAcube HT. Under no circumstances should you place your hands under the robotic arm when it is lowering. Do not attempt to move any plates or tubes while the robotic arm is operating.
Damage to the instrument

	Do not apply any manual force to the Y-arm (i.e. the pipetting head).
	We strongly recommend restarting the system if the Y arm was accidentally manually moved.

To ensure satisfactory and safe operation of the QIAcube HT, follow the guidelines below:

- Use only recommended tips and tip racks.
- Keep the instrument lid closed whenever possible.
- Do not override the lid sensor under any circumstances.
- When calibrating plates with the lid open, always stand clear of the instrument when making adjustments. In calibration mode, the lid sensor is disabled. Therefore, do not click with the mouse or press any of the keys on the keyboard when looking closely at plate calibrations. Wait until the robotic arm has completed its movements before moving any plates or tubes.
- Do not place any items on the robotic arm.
- Select **Pause**, located in the toolbar of the QIAcube HT Software, to pause the instrument before removing plates or tubes from the worktable. Wait until the robotic arm has completed the current movement this may take up to 10 seconds.

# 2.7 Maintenance safety

Perform the maintenance as described in Section 7. QIAGEN charges for repairs that are required due to incorrect maintenance.

WARNING/ CAUTION	<b>Risk of personal injury and material damage</b> Only perform maintenance that is specifically described in this user manual.	
WARNING/ CAUTION	<b>Risk of electric shock</b> Do not open any panels on the QIAcube HT.	
	<b>Risk of personal injury and material damage</b> Only perform maintenance that is specifically described in this user manual.	
	<b>Damage to the instrument</b> Do not use solvents, or reagents containing acids, alkalis, or abrasives to clean the QIAcube HT.	
	Damage to the QIAcube HT lid Do not use alcohol, solvents, reagents containing acids, alkalis, or abrasives to clean the instrument Alcohol will damage the lid. To clean the lid, use distilled water only.	
	Damage to the QIAcube HT side panels Never clean the instrument side panels with alcohol or alcohol-based solutions.	

CAUTION	Damage to transfer carriage
	Under no circumstances should the transfer carriage for use with Capture Plate VX or Capture Plate DX be autoclaved.

# 2.8 Symbols on the QIAcube HT

Symbol	Location	Description
	Worktable and near the type plate	Warning symbol
	Worktable and near the tip chute outlet	Biohazard symbol
	Worktable	Squeezing warning symbol
CE	Type plate on the back of the instrument	CE Mark for European Conformity
UK CA	Type plate on the back of the instrument	UKCA mark for UK Conformity
	Type plate on the back of the instrument	CSA listing mark for Canada and the USA
	Type plate attached to the cable of the instrument	Legal Manufacturer
X	Type plate on the back of the instrument	WEEE mark for Europe
F©	Type plate on the back of the instrument	FCC mark of the United States Federal Communications Commission
	Type plate on the back of the instrument	C-Tick mark for Australia (supplier identification N17965)
<b>2</b> 5	Type plate on the back of the instrument	RoHS mark for China (the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment)
ĺÌ	Type plate on the back of the instrument	Consult instructions for use

# 3 General Description

The QIAcube HT delivers high performance and reliability, enabling purification of high-quality nucleic acids from 8–96 samples per run, in increments of 8 samples. Innovative instrument features ensure reliable purification and minimize the risk of contamination. The QIAcube HT is a fully integrated solution and provides reagents, plasticware, and optimized protocols for nucleic acid purification from virtually any type of sample.

The QIAcube HT provides:

- High performance through optimized protocols, even with difficult samples
- Reliability with minimized risk of cross-contamination
- Small footprint for space efficiency
- More time for other important tasks
- Convenient pre- and post-run documentation

# 3.1 The QIAcube HT



## 3.1.1 Instrument lid

CAUTION	Damage to the QIAcube HT lid	
	Do not use alcohol, solvents, reagents containing acids, alkalis, or abrasives to clean the instrument lid.	
	For more information, see Section 7.2.2, page 148.	

The lid of the instrument provides both an isolated enclosure for performing purification and a safety mechanism.

The instrument lid incorporates a magnetic sensor to determine whether the lid is closed or not. Under no circumstances should this sensor be bypassed.

The instrument lid must be closed for the software and hardware to initialize upon start-up and for a run to proceed.

Opening the instrument lid while the robotic arm is performing a run will cause the robotic arm to pause. This pause is recorded in the post-run report (Section 6.5, page 144). Extreme care should always be taken when opening the instrument lid during a run as the pause in robotic operation may take several seconds to be completed.

The instrument lid may remain open when calibrating the position and height of plates. Do not interfere with robotic arm movement during these calibrations and keep all body parts out of reach of the robotic arm while it is moving.

## 3.1.2 UV lamp

A UV lamp in the instrument lid provides efficient worktable decontamination and helps to prevent contamination.

Note: Before using the UV lamp the tip chute must be covered and placed into the instrument.

To operate the UV lamp:

- 1. Make sure that the UV lamp bulb is connected to the UV plug.
- 2. Make sure that the QIAcube HT instrument lid is securely closed.

For increased safety, an electronic lid sensor ensures that the UV lamp operates only when the instrument lid is closed. Under no circumstances should the lid be opened during the decontamination procedure.

During UV irradiation, the robotic arm moves between 2 locations at 5 second intervals. All items must be removed from the instrument to ensure the worktable is fully exposed.

The UV lamp does not irradiate certain areas, including the pipetting head, due to construction constraints.

The UV lamp is enabled and time of exposure is set within the QIAcube HT Software. For more details, see Section 5.18.3, page 131.

# 3.1.3 Pipetting head

Liquid-handling tasks are performed by the multichannel pipetting head, which provides a motor-driven, backlash-compensated pipetting mechanism. Tips attach to the pipettor barrels of the pipetting head.

The robotic arm controls the movement of the pipetting head in the X-, Y-, and Z-directions.

The Y-axis arm of the robotic arm provides support for the pipetting head. Under no circumstances should the user apply any force to the Y-arm. This may misalign the arm and cause pipetting errors.

Note: To prevent accidental damage, the wooden Y-arm support should always be fitted before the QIAcube HT is moved.

## 3.1.4 Tip chute



#### Tip chute.

Tips used on the worktable are discarded through the tip chute. Located at the rear-left of the QIAcube HT, the tip chute is held in place by a locating block, allowing easy placement and removal for cleaning.

## 3.1.5 HEPA filter

The HEPA filter system provides positive clean air pressure on the worktable beneath the lid. The HEPA filter system consists of two HEPA filter cartridges.



#### Hepa filter.

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# 3.1.6 Accessory panel

All instrument electronics are housed in the rear of the instrument. The accessory panel, located at the rear of the QIAcube HT, provides ports for connection to the instrument.



6

7

8

9

#### QIAcube HT accessory panel.

1 Accessory	1
-------------	---

- 2 Accessory 2
- 3 Accessory 3
- 4 Serial RS-232 socket
- 5 USB socket

Main power input socket
Power switch
Access to the pinch valve
Accessory panel (via an opening below the serial RS 232 socket)

Accessory power outlet

## 3.1.7 Feet

The feet of the instrument have a non-slip silicone base to ensure that the QIAcube HT remains securely positioned on a laboratory bench. Do not attempt to slide the instrument on a bench. Always lift the instrument to avoid damage to the silicone base of the feet.

#### 3.1.8 Worktable

The worktable is the instrument surface upon which items, such as plates, reagents, and tips are placed.

Worktable layout is specified for a protocol with a run file and is represented in the QIAcube HT Software as the workspace. For more details, see Section 5.3, page 50.

# 3.2 Principles of operation

# 3.2.1 Vacuum chamber and components for use with QIAcube HT kits on QIAcube HT or QIAxtractor instruments

For more information about available kits and protocols for the QIAcube HT, please visit **www.qiagen.com/QIAcubeHT**, or contact QIAGEN Technical Services.



The QIAcube HT vacuum chamber is composed of two separate compartments for waste (left) and elution (right). This configuration is one of many measures that minimize sample cross-contamination during purification.

For more details about assembling the vacuum chamber for processing, see Section 6.2, page 133.

The channeling adapter is located in the left (waste) side of the vacuum chamber and channels the waste from each well in the plate separately to prevent cross-contamination. The channeling adapter is pushed firmly downwards to engage the spigot into the drain of the waste chamber. The channeling adapter is held firmly in place by a rubber O-ring on the channeling block spigot.

The riser block EMTR must be inserted into the elution (right) chamber to raise the elution plate to the optimal height to prevent cross-contamination during the elution process.



Channeling adapter and riser block EMTR inserted into the vacuum chamber.

The waste and elution compartments of the vacuum chamber are connected to the waste bottle via silicone hoses that pass from the blue connectors underneath the vacuum chamber through the pinch valve. The vacuum chamber hoses and the Y-hose connector are fitted to the instrument before delivery. For information about installation, see Section 4.4.3, page 34.

Vacuum hoses must not be modified (e.g., shortened or lengthened).



Vacuum waste hose.

The transfer carriage provides a platform for transporting the capture plate between the waste and elution compartments of the vacuum chamber.



Transfer carriage for use with QIAGEN plates (e.g., QIAamp plate) other than Capture Plate VX or Capture Plate DX.

# 3.2.2 Vacuum chamber and components for use with Capture Plate VX or Capture Plate DX on the QIAxtractor instrument

**Note**: This description is for QIAxtractor instruments only. All QIAcube HT instruments are delivered with the vacuum chamber components for dedicated QIAcube HT kits.



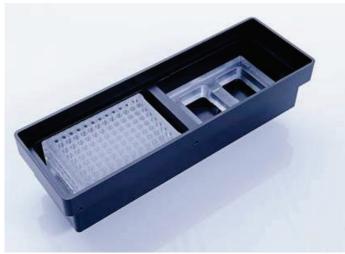
Vacuum chamber, waste sink/mat support, and elution riser block (unassembled).

The QIAxtractor vacuum chamber is composed of two separate compartments for waste (left) and elution (right). This configuration is one of many measures that minimize sample cross-contamination during purification.

For more details about assembling the vacuum chamber for processing, see Section 6.2, page 133.

The waste sink/mat support, located in the left (waste) side of the vacuum chamber, provides support for the silicone mat that seals the capture plate and channels the waste from each well in the plate separately to prevent cross-contamination. The waste sink/mat support is pushed firmly downwards to engage the spigot into the drain of the waste chamber. The waste sink/mat support is held firmly in place by a rubber O-ring on the waste sink/mat support spigot.

The elution riser block must be inserted into the elution (right) chamber to raise the elution plate to the optimal height to prevent cross-contamination during the elution process.



Waste sink/mat support and elution riser block inserted into the vacuum chamber.

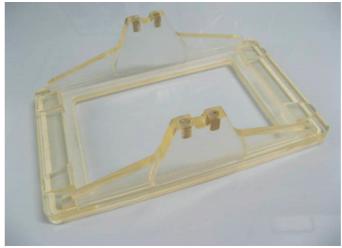
The waste and elution compartments of the vacuum chamber are connected to the waste bottle via silicone hoses that pass from the blue connectors underneath the vacuum chamber through the pinch valve. The vacuum chamber hoses and the Y-hose connector are fitted to the instrument before delivery. For information about installation, see Section 4.4.3, page 34.

Vacuum hoses must not be modified (e.g., shortened or lengthened).



Vacuum waste hose.

The transfer carriage provides a platform for transporting the capture plate between the waste and elution vacuum chamber.



Transfer carriage for use with Capture Plate VX or Capture Plate DX.



**Damage to transfer carriage** Under no circumstances should the transfer carriage for use with Capture Plate VX or Capture Plate DX be autoclaved.

# 3.2.3 Vacuum control station and waste bottle



Vacuum control station.

The vacuum control station, an integral component of the QIAcube HT, provides vacuum to the vacuum chamber for processing. The vacuum is precisely controlled by the user using the QIAcube HT Software.

A 4-liter waste bottle is housed in the vacuum control station. The waste bottle is connected to the vacuum chamber by a silicone hose that branches just before passing through the pinch valve.

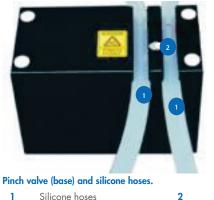
The waste bottle volume indicator icon (""") in the toolbar provides a calculation of the waste bottle volume based on volumes of liquids dispensed to the capture plate while in the waste position during processing. When the bottle indicator (blue line) reaches the "full" position (at approximately 2 liters), the user will be prompted to empty the waste bottle.

To empty the bottle and acknowledge the alert, use the procedure described in Section 7.2, page 146.



Vacuum bottle cap.

#### 3.2.4 Pinch valve



Pinch bar



The pinch valve controls application of vacuum to separate vacuum chamber compartments for waste and elution during processing.

The pinch valve can be set to the following positions:

- Waste compartment open; elution chamber closed
- Elution compartment open; waste chamber closed
- Both compartments open

By default, both compartments of the vacuum chamber are open (automatically selected when the pinch valve is switched on). This position protects the silicone hoses controlled by the pinch valve from potential damage caused by constant pressure when the instrument is inactive or turned off. The pinch valve defaults to the position of both compartments of the vacuum chamber open at the end of each run.

The pinch valve is equipped with manual override buttons located below the 15-pin connector port on the front of the pinch valve. Pressing either button moves the pinch valve in the direction that the button is pushed, opening the vacuum to the opposite station. Pressing both buttons simultaneously moves the pinch valve to the center position, opening the vacuum to both stations.

IMPORTANT: In case of protocol failure, do not push override during processing.

#### 3.2.5 Reagent trough adapters and reagent troughs

The QIAcube HT is delivered with 2 reagent trough adapters for securely positioning reagent troughs on the instrument worktable:

- The QIAcube HT specific reagent trough adapter is always located in the R1 position of the worktable.
- The SBS-standard adapter can be located in the B1, B2, C1, and C2 positions of the worktable (default is C1).

The SBS reagent trough adapter can be used on other QIAGEN instruments, such as the QIAgility®.

Reagent troughs are non-reusable, made from high-quality material, and are available for 70 mL and 170 mL volumes. Up to 8 troughs can be placed on the worktable using the reagent trough adapters: 2 x 170 mL and 6 x 70 mL.

The trough arrangement for the QIAcube HT specific reagent trough adapter is shown below.



Reagent trough layout for the QIAcube HT specific reagent trough adapter.

# 3.2.6 Tip disposal box

Discarded tips are collected in a tip disposal box, located at the side of the QIAcube HT.

To ensure correct positioning under the tip chute, the tip disposal box is held in place by the tip disposal box holder. Lock the tip disposal box holder with the instrument's feet on the left side of the instrument, and then place the tip disposal box into the tip disposal box holder.



Alignment of tip disposal box holder to the instrument and the tip disposal box.

Tip disposal boxes are supplied with the QIAcube HT and can be reordered from QIAGEN. (See Appendix C – Ordering Information.)

# 3.2.7 QIAcube HT laptop, QIAcube HT Software and user manual

The QIAcube HT is operated via a computer. A laptop with the correct specification for operation of the QIAcube HT and QIAcube HT Software is supplied as part of the QIAcube HT System. However, if a different computer is used to operate the QIAcube HT or to run the QIAcube HT Software, then the following desktop or laptop hosting systems are recommended.

Laptop specifications:

- Windows 10 (64 bit) with minimum required version 1607
- At least 2.5 GHz CPU
- At least 4 GB RAM
- Minimum 80 GB free hard drive capacity
- At least 1360 x 768 screen resolution
- Pointer device (mouse or similar)

The computer connects to the QIAcube HT by USB connection.

From time to time, QIAcube HT Software updates are released. To ensure that you are using the latest QIAcube HT Software, check for updates at **www.qiagen.com/QIAcubeHT**.

**Note**: The software is tested by QIAGEN using the original image supplied with your laptop without connecting the laptop to the internet. Updates on your operating system might lead to unexpected behavior of the QIAcube HT software.

Note: Some virus protection software might interfere with QIAcube HT and cause the software to run very slowly.

# 4 Installation Procedures

Note: For your own safety and to prevent damage to the instrument, observe the safety instructions.

# 4.1 Instrument delivery and installation

The following items are delivered:

- QIAcube HT instrument
- Vacuum control station and waste bottle
- Laptop
- QIAcube HT Software and User Manual on Removable Media
- Unpacking instructions (printed version)
- Accessories

Note: We recommend checking the packing list before installation.

# 4.2 Requirements

4.2.1 Site

#### QIAcube HT

Choose the position for the QIAcube HT carefully. A change in position necessitates a recalibration. Place the QIAcube HT in its final position.

The requirements for the QIAcube HT location and position are given below:

- The location must have sufficient space to accommodate the QIAcube HT. Refer to Section 9 for instrument dimensions and operating conditions (temperature and humidity).
- The QIAcube HT must be placed near to 3 properly grounded (earthed) AC power outlets. The power lines to the instrument should be voltage regulated and surge protected.
- The QIAcube HT can be installed on any level and sturdy laboratory bench or table. There should be space below for the vacuum control station and space adjacent for the laptop.
- Ensure that the switch and the main power input socket at the rear of the instrument are easily reachable. Maintain sufficient clearance at the rear to unplug the power line from the main power input socket.
- Ensure that the instrument lid can fully open upwards without obstruction.
- The QIAcube HT must not be installed near generators of static electricity (e.g., ionizers, large-screen televisions).
- The QIAcube HT should be installed in a laboratory environment that is free of excessive airborne dust.

**Important**: Position the QIAcube HT in a way that allows easy access to the power supply cable at the rear. Meeting these location and position requirements will allow you to immediately disconnect the instrument from the power supply should a need or emergency arise.

#### Vacuum control station

The vacuum control station is best placed directly under the laboratory table upon which the instrument is placed.

**Note**: We strongly recommend that the vacuum control station is placed at a position that is lower than the vacuum chamber so that liquids easily flow from the vacuum chamber to the vacuum control station.

#### Laptop

For operation of the QIAcube HT, the supplied laptop must be connected and placed near to the instrument.

#### 4.2.2 Unpacking the instrument

Important: For unpacking of the QIAcube HT, refer the unpacking instructions delivered with the instrument.

# 4.3 AC power connection

#### **Power requirements**

The QIAcube HT operates at:

• 100-240 V, 250 VA, 50-60 Hz, 5 A fuse

Make sure the voltage rating of the QIAcube HT and laptop are compatible with the AC voltage available at the installation site. Main supply voltage fluctuations must not exceed 10% of nominal supply voltages.

#### **Grounding requirements**

To protect operating personnel, we recommend that the QIAcube HT be correctly grounded (earthed). The instrument is equipped with a 3-conductor AC power cord that, when connected to appropriate AC power outlets, ground (earth) the equipment. To preserve this protection feature, do not operate the equipment from AC power outlets that have no ground (earth) connection.

#### Installation of AC power cord

Connect one end of the AC power cord (standard 3-wire IEC mains cable) to the power connector on the accessory panel located at the rear of the QIAcube HT, and the other end to the AC power outlet.

The AC line fuse (slow blow) compartment is located on the accessory panel at the rear of the instrument between the power switch and the mains power input socket. Fuses for the power supplies are specified on the label located above the main connector. If a fuse needs to be changed, contact a QIAGEN Field Service Specialist.

# 4.4 Hardware installation

## 4.4.1 UV lamp

The UV plug is integrated within the lid. To connect the UV lamp proceed as follows:

- 1. Open the lid.
- 2. Connect the delivered UV lamp bulb into the UV plug and turn it by 90°.

Note: Hold the UV lamp bulb at both ends when fixing into the UV plug. Always wear safety gloves.



An electronic lid sensor indicates that the instrument lid must be closed for operation of the UV lamp. Under no circumstances should the lid sensor be disabled during the decontamination.

#### 4.4.2 HEPA filter system

The HEPA filter system is installed and connected before shipping.

#### 4.4.3 Vacuum control station

The vacuum control station is connected to the instrument with the accessory power lead and an accessory cable.

The male end of the accessory power lead is plugged into the accessory power port on the rear panel of the instrument (Section 3.1.6, page 22) and the female end into the power port on the vacuum control station.

The male end of the 15-pin accessory cable is plugged into one of the unused accessory ports on the rear panel of the instrument (Section 3.1.6, page 22) and the female end into the accessory port on the vacuum control station.



# 4.4.4 Pinch valve

The pinch valve is mounted behind the instrument below the accessory panel. It must be connected to the instrument using an accessory cable.

The male end of the accessory cable is plugged into an unused accessory port on the rear panel of the instrument (Section 3.1.6, page 22); the female end is inserted through the pinch valve opening in the rear panel and plugged into the accessory port on the pinch valve unit.

#### 4.4.5 Vacuum waste hose

The instrument is shipped fitted with the vacuum chamber, pinch valve, vacuum chamber hoses, and Y-hose connector. To protect the vacuum chamber hoses and Y-hose connector from damage, they are coiled up inside the rear cover of the instrument.



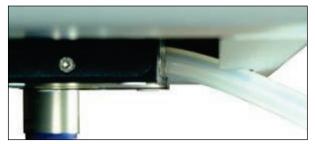
Stored hoses visible in the rear cover of the instrument.

To retrieve the Y-hose connector of the vacuum waste hoses, use one hand to reach under the cover to the left (when looking at the rear of the instrument) of the pinch valve and locate one of the hoses. While pulling the hose down, use the other hand to reach through the pinch valve opening and push the hoses down through the gap between the rear cover and the pinch valve.

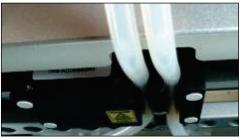


Hoses visible in the gap between the rear cover and the pinch valve.

Make sure that the hoses are not twisted and exit from under the rear cover without kinking.



Hose exiting from the rear cover.



Hose exiting from the pinch valve.

Attach the vacuum waste hose by pushing the end that does not have an attachment onto the Y-hose connector.

**Note**: If the instrument needs to be repacked for any reason, the Y-hose connector and vacuum chamber hoses should be stowed behind the rear cover to prevent damage.

# 4.5 Software installation

**Note**: QIAcube HT Software must be installed by a user with Windows administrator rights (see Section 4.5.1, page 36) before the instrument can be connected to the laptop for the first time.

## 4.5.1 Installing the QIAcube HT Software

**Note**: The software will usually be installed on the laptop by a QIAGEN Field Service Specialist on the day of instrument installation, if the QIAcube HT was purchased with an installation pack. If the QIAcube HT was purchased without an installation pack, the user with Windows administration rights should install the software by following the steps below.

Note: Default settings are recommended where appropriate for all installation steps.

- 1. Turn on the laptop and close all open applications.
- 2. Insert the removable media containing the QIAcube HT Software into the laptop.
- 3. The start page appears automatically after a few seconds.

QIAcube HT-	Pure Ad	vantage	QIAGEN'
<ul> <li>Install Operating Software</li> <li>Install Adobe® Reader</li> <li>Show User Manual</li> <li>Show Unpacking Instruction</li> <li>Exit</li> </ul>	Clâcube HT		
	Sample	e & Assay Te	chnologies

If the start page is not displayed, you can start the installation process from the Windows **Start** menu by selecting **Run** and entering "D:\setup.exe" (where "D:" is the Removable Media drive).

To exit the start page, click **Exit**.

4. If Adobe® Acrobat® Reader is not yet installed on the laptop, select **Install Adobe Reader**.

Adobe Acrobat Reader software is preinstalled on the laptop delivered with the instrument. Make sure that Acrobat Reader is installed when using a computer other than the laptop delivered with the instrument.

Adobe Acrobat Reader is required to allow viewing of the user manual (this document).

- 5. Click Show User Manual to view the user manual (this document) using Adobe Reader.
- 6. Click Install Operating Software to begin the installation process.

The "Welcome to the QIAcube HT Setup Wizard" window appears, informing the user of the software version and recommending that the user close all other programs before installing the software.

		X
he QIAcube	нт	
QIAcubeHT v4.18.1.01	on your	
you close all other appli	cations be	fore
r Cancel to exit Setup.		
	NAcubeHT v4.18.1.01	IAcubeHT v4.18.1.01 on your you close all other applications be

7. Select **Next** to continue.

🖶 Setup - QIAcube HT	_ 🗆 ×
License Agreement Please read the following important information before continuing.	
Please read the following License Agreement. You must accept the terms of this agreement before continuing with the installation.	
Licence Agreement 1. In the following "QIAGEN" refers to QIAGEN GmbH and its affiliated companies and "Software" means the programs and data supplied on this physical medium (eg. CD-ROM) or over the Internet with these conditions. (If you are unsure of any aspect of this agreement or have any questions they should be emailed to Techservice-eu@qiagen.com) The Software and any accompanying documentation have been developed entirely at private expense. They are delivered and licensed as "commercial computer software".	
2. Licence C I accept the agreement C I do not accept the agreement	<u> </u>
< <u>B</u> ack Next >	Cancel

The "License Agreement" window displays the license agreement for the QIAcube HT Software.

Return to the previous window by clicking **Back** in any window.

8. Read the license agreement, select **I accept the agreement**, and click **Next** to continue. Otherwise select **Cancel** to exit the software installation.

हि Setup - QIAcube HT	_ <b>_</b> X
Select Destination Location Where should QIAcube HT be installed?	
Setup will install QIAcube HT into the following folder.	
To continue, click Next. If you would like to select a different folde	r, click Browse.
C:\Program Files\QIAcubeHT	Browse
At least 7,0 MB of free disk space is required.	
< <u>B</u> ack Ne	xt > Cancel

9. In the "Select Destination Location" window, select the folder in which the software should be installed. Click **Next** to continue.

Click **Browse** to browse to the installation folder.

**Note**: If a previous version of the software is installed, the "Select Destination Location" screen does not appear and the following warning is displayed.

Setup		×
?	A previous installation of the QIAcubeHT software has been found. Do you wish to upgrade?	
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o	

Click **Yes** to uninstall the previous version of the software. By clicking **No**, the previous version of software remains installed and the installation of the new version cannot proceed. If you choose to uninstall the previous version of software, existing calibration settings and run files are retained for use with the new software version.

Setup - QIAcube HT Regional Settings For correct customer service contact details to be provided, the QIAcubeHT software needs to know the region of the world in which you are located.	
Select Region: Please select Australia Austria Belgium Canada China Denmark Finland	
<back next=""></back>	Cancel

10. In the "Regional Settings" window, select the region of the world in which the installation is taking place.

Choose the region from the drop-down list. Region selection ensures that the installed software displays local contact information for ordering and technical support. This window is shown only on initial installation, not during installation of upgrades.

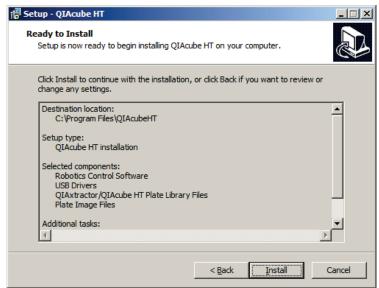
After the region is selected the **Next** button becomes active.

11. Click **Next** to continue.

📳 Setup - QIAcube HT	
Select Additional Tasks Which additional tasks should be performed	d?
Select the additional tasks you would like So then dick Next.	etup to perform while installing QIAcube HT,
Additional icons:	
Create a desktop icon	
Create a <u>Q</u> uick Launch icon	
	< Back Next > Cancel

12. In the "Select Additional Tasks" window, specify which additional tasks should be performed while the program is installing the software.

#### 13. Click "Next" to continue.



14. Review the installation parameters in the "Ready to Install" window, and click **Install** to continue.

The release notes for the software version are displayed.

🚰 Setup - QIAcube HT	_ 🗆 🗡
Information Please read the following important information before continuing.	
When you are ready to continue with Setup, click Next.	
DIAcube HT Software Release Notes	
This document describes successive releases of the QIAcube HT software, outlining changes made since the previous release. The releases are listed in (inverse) dromological order, most recent release first and least recent last. E description includes information about the reason for the release, a statemen about compatibility and recommendations for use with available robotic instruments, and details of major enhancements and defect fixes.	
4.17.0	
	-
Next >	

15. Review the displayed release notes, and click **Next** to continue.



- 16. In the "Completing the QIAcube HT Setup Wizard" window, check **Launch QIAcube HT** to launch the software after the wizard closes.
- 17. Click **Finish** to complete the installation process.

# 4.6 Connecting the instrument to the laptop

Before attempting to connect the instrument to the laptop, ensure the following conditions have been met:

- The laptop has been properly set up and the QIAcube HT Software has been installed (Section 4.5, page 36).
- The QIAcube HT has been properly set up and is in its final location (Section 4.2, page 32).
- The laptop is in its final location near the instrument.

Before the laptop can be connected to the instrument, all of the accessory cables connecting the instrument to other components should be connected to the QIAcube HT accessory panel (Section 3.1.6, page 22). The following photo shows the accessory panel. With the exception of the RS-232 cable, all of the required cables are connected. The RS-232 cable could not use with Windows 10, please connect the instrument via USB.



Cables attached to the accessory panel.

#### 4.6.1 Connecting the computer to the QIAcube HT

The QIAcube HT has two interface options for connection to the computer - RS-232 and USB. Under Windows 10, the connection via RS-232 is no longer possible. The laptop which is supplied with the QIAcube HT should be installed via the USB interface.

Note: Connect the computer to the QIAcube HT via the USB.

Note: The laptop software recognizes connection to the QIAcube HT as a USB device even when the instrument is switched off.

Switch on the instrument.

# 4.7 Hardware Wizard

The first time the QIAcube HT is connected to the laptop, the Windows "Found New Hardware" wizard appears.

Found New Hardware Wizard		
	Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard	
	Windows will search for current and updated software by looking on your computer, on the hardware installation CD, or on the Windows Update Web site (with your permission). <u>Read our privacy policy</u>	
1 had	Can Windows connect to Windows Update to search for software?	
	○ Yes, this time only	
	$\mathbf C$ Yes, now and every time I connect a device	
	• No, not this time	
	Click Next to continue.	
	< <u>B</u> ack. <u>N</u> ext > Cancel	

1. Select No, not this time, and click Next.



- 2. Select Install the software automatically (Recommended), and click Next.
- 3. Driver installation begins. Once installation is complete, the "Completing the Found New Hardware" window appears.

Found New Hardware Wizard	
	Completing the Found New Hardware Wizard
	The wizard has finished installing the software for:
	QIAcube HT
	Click Finish to close the wizard.
	< <u>B</u> ack <b>Finish</b> Cancel

4. Click "Finish" to complete connection of the laptop to the instrument.

# 4.8 Configuring the COM port

The COM port used to connect the computer to the QIAcube HT must be correctly configured in the software to enable the software to communicate with the QIAcube HT instrument. To do this:

- 1. Start the software in "Virtual Mode", as described in Section 5.1.2.
- 2. Change the COM port to COM4, as described below.
- 3. Shut down the software, as described in Section 7.7.

The serial port can be configured manually by completing the following steps:

1. Ensure the laptop is connected to the instrument.

For more details, see Section 4.6, page 42.

2. From the "Options" menu, select Robot Setup/Select COM port.

The "Configure Serial Interface" window appears.

Configure :	5erial Interface	×
Port Selectio	n	<u>o</u> k
Serial Port:	СОМ1 <b>_</b>	<u>C</u> ancel
-		
G		

3. Select the desired COM port from the drop-down list and click OK.

All COM ports configured in the system are listed. If the currently chosen COM port is not currently available, it is listed as "absent". When the software identifies a USB COM port that is appropriate for connection to the instrument, it is listed with an asterisk (\*).

When the selection is changed, the following message appears.

QIAGEN	×
?	Software must be restarted for the change of serial port selection to take effect. Shutdown software now?
	Yes No

4. Click **Yes** to shut down the software.

For more details, see Section 7.6, page 155.

5. Restart the software and verify that it starts in "Normal" mode.

The software starts in "Normal" mode only when the connection between the software and the laptop has been configured correctly and the instrument is switched on.

After configuration, the COM port selection can be changed (see Section 5.18.1, page 128).

# 4.9 Important notes before first use

The QIAcube HT has a variety of moving parts which present a number of significant pinch points. For your own safety and to prevent damage to the instrument, please observe the following:

- Always use the packaging provided when moving the instrument.
- The QIAcube HT should be lifted by two people.
- Do not disable the instrument lid sensor.
- Do not interfere with the robotic arm while it is operating.
- Do not attempt to move any plates or tubes while the robotic arm is operating.
- Do not, under any circumstance, place your hand under the pipetting head while it is lowering.
- When calibrating plates with the instrument lid open, be sure to always stand clear of the robotic arm. Similarly, do not click with the mouse or press any of the keys on the keyboard while looking closely at plate calibrations.
- Use only recommended tips and tip racks.
- Keep the instrument lid closed whenever possible.
- NEVER place any items on the Y-arm which supports the pipetting head.
- NEVER apply any force (by hand or otherwise) to the Y-arm.
- Use "Stop/Pause" located in the toolbar of the QIAcube HT Software to stop or pause the instrument before removing items from the worktable.

# 5 QIAcube HT Software

The QIAcube HT Software provides a user-friendly, easy-to-use interface for configuring and running protocols on the QIAcube HT instrument.

When started, the software automatically detects if the instrument is switched on and connected properly. The software displays a layout that corresponds to the setup of the instrument worktable. Software functions ensure that worktable items are calibrated for use on the instrument.

Protocols are configured using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard. Once a protocol has been properly configured, the software automatically calculates the volumes of all required reagents and displays them in the workspace layout.

Protocol configurations can be saved as run files for subsequent reuse. QIAGEN develops and publishes "template" run files called Qprotocols for use with the QIAcube HT.

When a protocol is running, the software displays a checklist to assist the user in setting up the instrument worktable. The progress of a run can be followed in real time:

- The software indicates the current position of the pipetting head.
- A progress panel displays the run start time, current time, and estimated time to completion.
- The reaction list displays the status of protocol tasks.

Reports are generated before and after a run. Post-run reports are automatically saved for future reference.

# 5.1 Mode

The QIAcube HT Software can be run in either the "Normal" mode or the "Virtual" mode.

### 5.1.1 "Normal" mode

When communication between the laptop and instrument has been correctly specified, the QIAcube HT Software opens automatically in "Normal" mode. This mode is used to operate the instrument.

## 5.1.2 "Virtual" mode

"Virtual" mode simulates instrument operation without communication with the instrument. This allows runs to be set up and files to be stored when the instrument is switched off or not connected. In addition, "Virtual" mode allows the processing behavior of newly configured protocols to be tested without using expensive reagents.

When running in "Virtual" mode, this is shown in the title of the window.

Untitled.QSP - QIAcube HT [VIRTUAL MODE]								
		<u>W</u> izards						

All functions are enabled in the "Virtual" mode: Parameters can be changed, runs can be set up or modified, and virtual runs can be completed. However, in this mode, no communication is attempted with the instrument and all instrument responses are simulated.

Protocols can be specified and saved in the "Virtual" mode to create templates for subsequent runs. This feature enables the user to create protocols on any laptop that has QIAcube HT Software installed. The template can be transferred to the laptop connected to the instrument, minimizing the time required for working on the laptop connected to the instrument.

Any modification made to calibrations in the "Virtual" mode does not affect calibrations on the instrument.

# 5.2 Starting the QIAcube HT Software

To run the "Normal" mode, ensure the instrument is connected to the laptop (see Section 4.6, page 42) before starting the QIAcube HT Software.

- 1. Close the instrument lid, switch on the instrument (see Section 6.1, page 133), and allow the instrument to initialize.
- 2. Switch on the laptop and wait for the Windows operating system to start up.
- 3. To start the software, double-click the QIAcube HT Software icon on the desktop.



Alternatively, open the Windows Start menu and select Programs/QIAcube HT/QIAcubeHT.

During startup, the software attempts to communicate with the connected instrument using the configured COM port (see Section 4.8, page 44). Details about the attempted connection as well as details about the software version are displayed in the QIAcube HT window that appears.



QIAcube HT Version 4.18.1 Build 01 (1.6.77)

Please wait - Initializing graphics and loading settings

Updates and additional resources available at http://www.giagen.com

Warning: This computer program is protected by copyright law and international treaties. Unauthorized reproduction of this program, or any potion of it, may result in severe civil and criminal penalties, and will be prosecuted to the maximum extent possible under the law.

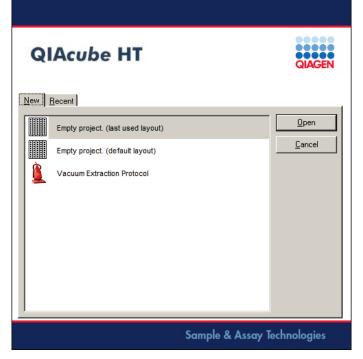


Sample & Assay Technologies

If the software successfully communicates with the instrument, the "Normal" mode is launched. Otherwise, the software is launched in the "Virtual" mode. For more details about modes, see Section 5.1, page 47.

Since the communication process takes several seconds, it is possible to start in "Virtual" mode by clicking **Virtual Mode** in the QIAcube HT window.

After beginning operation in either mode, the software displays options for creating a new run or opening an existing run.



4. Select an option, and double-click the option or click **Open** to continue.

The following options are available.

- O To start a new project, select the New tab and choose Empty Project (last used layout) or Empty Project (default layout).
- To create a new run file using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard, select the **New** tab and choose **Vacuum Extraction Protocol**.
- To open a previously saved run file, open the **Recent** tab, and select a file.
- When template protocols are installed, the form offers a **Protocols** tab. To open a template run file, open the **Protocols** tab and select a file from the list of template run files (see Section 5.15.1, page 102).

QIAcube HT	QLAGEN
New Recent	
ShortRun_withReagent	<u>O</u> pen
	<u>C</u> ancel
	Browse
Sample & Assay T	echnologies

5. Alternatively, click Cancel to exit the form.

This creates an empty project based on the last layout used.

For more information about available options, see Section 5.15.3, page 103.

# 5.3 The software workspace

The software workspace is the main user interface providing control of QIAcube HT Software functions.

The workspace is displayed:

- When a new project is initiated.
- When an existing run file is opened.
- When a new protocol is created using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard.

The software workspace displays positions that correspond to slots on the QIAcube HT worktable. Items specified in positions in the software workspace, referred to as "plates", correspond to actual items placed on the worktable, and include the following:

- Multiwell plates (e.g., 96-well plates)
- Tip racks containing tips
- Reagent plates containing reagents in reagent troughs
- Accessories (such as a cooling block)

A plate can be configured with a function that defines the actual contents of the container in the plate position:

- Reagent
- Sample
- Reaction
- Tip

A layout specifies plate positions and functions for a specific protocol.

Important sections of the typical workspace are indicated in the following figure.

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QIAcube HT Software workspace default configuration.

In this default configuration, items are indicated in the following locations:

- A1 capture plate
- B1 96-well lysis block
- B2 tip rack
- C1 reagent troughs
- C2 tip rack
- R1 reagent troughs

This configuration can be modified according to protocol requirements.

The following table lists the typical or intended use for each position. Actual settings depend on the protocol used.

Position	Use
A1	Capture plate
B1	Lysis block, usually preloaded with samples
B2	Tip rack
C1	Reagents used during processing or preloaded samples (depending on the protocol)
C2	Tip rack
R1	Reagents used during processing

# 5.3.1 "Virtual" mode indicator

The "Virtual" mode indicator at the top of the window (not shown) appears when the software is operating in "Virtual" mode. For more information, see Section 5.1.2, page 47.

### 5.3.2 Menu bar

The menu bar provides access to the menus from which most software functions can be controlled.

For more information about the options available from the menu bar, see Section 5.4, page 54.

### 5.3.3 Toolbar

The toolbar, which is always visible, provides shortcuts to commonly used operations, such as opening and saving run files and starting and pausing runs. Warnings are displayed in this bar when there is a problem with a run.

For more information about the options available from the toolbar, see Section 5.5, page 57.

# 5.3.4 Workspace items

Options for pipet tips, plate types, and accessories are displayed by selecting an item in the workspace and right-clicking. A typical menu is shown in the following figure.

-B1: Rea	ction (2000µl deep well, QIAGEN) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
*	
B	Set preload volume
с	Toggle image  い Toggle zoom
D	Delete calibration data
E	Change plate type
F	Change accessory
6	Change plate function
н	

There is some overlap between the functions that can be controlled from these context-sensitive menus and the items available in the menu bar.

The plate positions displayed in the workspace are labeled in accordance with the corresponding worktable item. Letters indicate the rows and numbers indicate the columns. Thus the locations are numbered A1, B1, B2, C1, and C2 from the top left across and down towards the lower right.

Plate buttons, located at the top, right corner of the plates, allow direct access to simple plate functions and information.

These buttons appear when the mouse pointer is hovering over a plate. The warning button is always visible for plates that have not yet been calibrated. For more information about calibration, see Section 5.12.5, page 87.

Plate button	Name	Description
!	Warning	Appears when calibration data for the plate are not complete. Clicking opens the appropriate calibration function.
	Zoom	Toggle for the enlarged and normal views of the plate.
?	Info	Clicking displays details about the plate.
++	Switch	Toggle for a photographic and schematic view for the plate.

For more information about working with workspace items, see Section 5.6, page 59.

#### 5.3.5 Right-hand pane

This area provides access to all functions for setting up reagents, samples, and reactions. The contents of the right-hand pane change, depending on the item selected.

For more information about working with the right-hand pane, see Section 5.6, page 59.

#### 5.3.6 Status bar

The following indicators may be displayed in the status bar at the bottom of the window:

- Tip-use mode; double-click to modify options
- Liquid-level tracking mode; double-click to toggle
- Instrument model and COM port (when instrument is connected)
- QIAcube HT Software version number; double-click to review software and instrument details
- Individual operations being performed and error conditions; double-click to review the diagnostic log
- Active user; double-click to modify user management settings

# 5.4 Menus

The menu bar located at the top of the window provides access to the main functions of the software.

# 5.4.1 "File" menu

The "File" menu provides access to functions related to run files (Section 5.14, page 102). Some of these functions can also be accessed from the toolbar. The following table describes the "File" menu options.

New (Ctrl+N)       Create a new run file or open a recently used run file.         Image: Open (Ctrl+O)       Browse and open an existing run file to run or modify.         Image: Save As (Ctrl+S)       Save the current setup to the current run file or to a new run file. All instrument-independent parameters required to subsequently run the protocol on the connected instrument or on a different instrument are saved.         Image: Ctrl+S)       Lab notebook         Enter comments that are saved with the run file. The comments are displayed when the run file is subsequently opened. This feature can be used as a type of laboratory notebook to document the purpose of the run.         -       1-8       List the last 8 run files that have been used. A run file can be selected from the list to open.         -       Exit (Ctrl+Q)       Exit the QlAcube HT Software.	Toolbar icon	Menu item	Description
Image: Save As       Save the current setup to the current run file or to a new run file. All instrument-independent parameters required to subsequently run the protocol on the connected instrument or on a different instrument are saved.         Image: Save As       (Ctrl+S)         Image: Ctrl+S)       Save the current setup to the current run file or to a new run file. All instrument-independent parameters required to subsequently run the protocol on the connected instrument or on a different instrument are saved.         Image: Ctrl+S)       Lab notebook         Enter comments that are saved with the run file. The comments are displayed when the run file is subsequently opened. This feature can be used as a type of laboratory notebook to document the purpose of the run.         Image: Ctrl+S)       List the last 8 run files that have been used. A run file can be selected from the list to open.		New (Ctrl+N)	Create a new run file or open a recently used run file.
(Ctrl+S)       subsequently run the protocol on the connected instrument or on a different instrument are saved.         Lab notebook       Enter comments that are saved with the run file. The comments are displayed when the run file is subsequently opened. This feature can be used as a type of laboratory notebook to document the purpose of the run.         -       1–8       List the last 8 run files that have been used. A run file can be selected from the list to open.	1	Open (Ctrl+O)	Browse and open an existing run file to run or modify.
-       1-8       List the last 8 run files that have been used. A run file can be selected from the list to open.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Lab notebook	
– Exit (Ctrl+Q) Exit the QIAcube HT Software.	-	1–8	List the last 8 run files that have been used. A run file can be selected from the list to open.
	-	Exit (Ctrl+Q)	Exit the QIAcube HT Software.

# 5.4.2 "Control" menu

The "Control" menu provides access to functions controlling the instrument.

The following table describes the "Control" menu options.

Toolbar icon	Menu item	Description
<b>(</b>	Send Robot Home	Initiates the instrument homing function to reset the position reference for the arm and pipetting head including tip ejection. On completion, the arm and pipetting head return to the "rest" position at the rear right of the worktable. Used, for example, when the user accidentally moves the pipetting head of the robotic arm while adding or removing consumables.
	Start	Starts the selected run. For more information, see Section 6.3.1, page 136.
8	Pause/Cancel	Pauses a run and records the pause in the post-run report. The run can be continued by clicking <b>Continue Run</b> or canceled by clicking <b>Cancel Run</b> in the window that appears. Extreme care should always be taken when pausing and opening the instrument lid during a run.

# 5.4.3 "Wizards" menu

The "Wizards" menu allows the user to access wizards for purification, sample name import, reaction list export, and report functions.

The following table describes the "Wizards" menu options.

Toolbar icon	Menu item	Description
1	Vacuum Extraction Wizard	Starts the "Vacuum extraction" wizard. For more details, see Section 6.3.1, page 136.
-	Import well data (Ctrl+I)	Opens the "Import Well Data" form, allowing sample identifiers to be imported from text-based spreadsheets. For more details, see Section 5.11.6, page 77.
-	Export reaction list (Ctrl+E)	Opens the "Export Reaction Info" window, allowing details about the contents of reaction wells to be exported to a file for external use. For more details, see Section 5.11.7, page 80.
	Generate report (Ctrl+R)	Generates a pre-run report describing the required instrument setup and actions to be performed during a protocol run. The report can be exported, printed, or saved (see Section 6.3.2, page 138).

# 5.4.4 "Options" menu

The "Options" menu controls most instrument setup options, including configuration of run settings, calibration settings, and pipetting behavior.

The following table describes the "Options" menu options.

Menu item	Description
User management	Control access of software functions for different classes of users. For more details, see Section 5.12.5, page 87.
Calibration management	Transfer calibration and other settings from one laptop to another. For more details, see Section 5.13.4, page 98.
Robot setup	Configure robot-specific hardware parameters and access to wizards for performing various robotic calibrations. See Sections 5.12.5 and 5.17 (pages 87 and 119, respectively).
Run settings	Specify global options relating to runs.
Advanced settings	Access additional options for instrument control and specialized applications. Only change these settings as directed by your QIAGEN Field Service Specialist. See Appendix A – Advanced settings for more information.
Change plate type	Change the type of the selected plate. For more details, see Section 5.8.2, page 62.
Change accessory	Change the accessory assigned to the selected plate. For more details, see Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols.
Change plate function	Change the function of the selected plate. For more details, see Section 5.8.4, page 63.

#### 5.4.5 "Help" menu

The "Help" menu provides access to different documentation and diagnostic facilities which are listed in the following table. This item can help you to solve problems, sometimes under the guidance of a QIAGEN Technical Service Specialist.

Menu item	Description
Contents	Display the QIAcube HT User Manual in PDF format. Adobe Acrobat Reader is necessary to view this document.
Save support package	Create a zipped support package, containing run settings, calibration data, and log information describing the recent context of the system for troubleshooting.
Choose support package	Browse a list of support packages from recent runs.
Self-diagnostic tools	Open a window for self-diagnostics.
Enable serial communications logging	This option should only be enabled under instruction from your QIAGEN Field Service Specialist.
View axis usage options	View the number of movements each axis has performed since the instrument was last serviced.
Explore save directory	Open the default file directory where run files are saved.
Display log file	Open the current diagnostic log file.
About QIAcube HT	Display information about the QIAcube HT, including QIAGEN contact information and QIAcube HT Software release notes.

#### Identifying the instrument serial number

Each QIAcube HT is identified by a unique serial number, which is displayed on the serial number badge at the rear of the instrument. The serial number is also stored electronically in the instrument, allowing the instrument to be identified by the software.

To view the QIAcube HT electronic serial number, open the Help menu from the menu bar and select About QIAcube HT ....

QIAcube HT		QIAGEN
QIAGEN QIAcube HT Version 4.18.1 (Build 01) Version 4.18.1 (1.6.61)	Joystick Info	<u>O</u> k
Company Information General Information Release Notes		
This software makes use of the Info-Zip compression library. Fo http://www.info-zip.org/	r more information see	· ^
This product includes software developed by vbAccelerator (htt	p://vbaccelerator.co	m/).
This software uses the MD5Digest library which is subject to the 2005, 2007, Simple Soft Services, Inc., d/b/a Wizardw/rx, Nort For details and library source see http://www.wizardw/rx, Con/ The GPL and LGPL licensing agreements can be found in the home directory of this installed application and at http://www.gr	h Richland Hills, Texa Libs folder in the inst	is, USA.
Serial interface on COM1 Robot serial number: Robot hardware revision: 0 Firmware info: QLAcube HT Series		
Running in vittual mode Robot features: XYZP Xaxis Hold Power: 30% X Avia Lield Power: 30%		~
Sample 8	k Assay Techno	logies

Open the **General Information** tab in the window that appears. If the electronic serial number and the number on the serial number badge do not match or the serial number field is blank, your QIAcube HT Software is running in "Virtual" mode.

#### Identifying the software version number

All QIAcube HT Software versions are identified with a version number consisting of at least 2 groups of numbers and letters separated by dots.

To view the software version number, open the **Help** menu from the menu bar and select **About QIAcube HT...**. The version number is displayed above the tabs.

This software version number is also displayed in the lower left region of the status bar in the QIAcube HT Software window (Section 5.3.6, page 53).

#### Identifying the firmware version number

All QIAcube HT instruments are identified with a firmware version number. The firmware is software that is running on the microprocessor system inside the instrument.

To view the firmware version number, open the **Help** menu from the menu bar and select **About QIAcube HT...**. The version number is displayed in the **General Information** tab. If no firmware number is displayed, the software has not been able to communicate with the instrument and is most likely running in "Virtual" mode.

# 5.5 Toolbar

The toolbar located at the top of the QIAcube HT Software window provides easy access to the main functions in the software. Some of these functions can also be accessed from the menu bar.

	2	* Botte	
The toolbar.			

#### **File functions**

lcon	Function	Description
	New file	Create a new run file or open a recently used run file.
1	Open file	Browse and open an existing run file to run or modify.
	Save file	Save the current setup to the current run file or to a new run file. All instrument-independent parameters required to subsequently run the protocol on the connected instrument or on a different instrument are saved.

#### **Documentation functions**

lcon	Function	Description
	Generates the report for this run	Generates a pre-run report describing the required instrument setup and actions to be performed during a protocol run. The report can be exported, printed, or saved (see Section 6.3.2, page 138).
2	Show help	Display the <i>QIAcube HT User Manual</i> in PDF format. Adobe Acrobat Reader is necessary to view this document.

### Instrument control functions

lcon	Function	Description
	Start run	Starts the selected run. For more information, see Section 6.3.1, page 136.
8	Pause the run	Pauses a run and records the pause in the post-run report. The run can be continued by clicking <b>Continue Run</b> or canceled by clicking <b>Cancel Run</b> in the window that appears. Extreme care should always be taken when pausing and opening the instrument lid during a run.
	Home pipettor position and rest	Initiates the instrument homing function to reset the position reference for the arm and pipetting head including tip ejection. On completion, the arm and pipetting head return to the "rest" position at the rear right of the worktable. Used, for example, when the user accidentally moves the pipetting head of the robotic arm while adding or removing consumables.
	Show lab notebook	Enter comments that are saved with the run file. The comments are displayed when the run file is subsequently opened. This feature can be used as a type of laboratory notebook to document the purpose of the run.

### **Processing functions**

lcon	Function	Description
	Indicate wells	Toggle an option to show or hide the source and destination well indicators, displayed on the workspace for the selected reaction list task.
<u> </u>	UV lamp	Display the UV lamp window. For more details, see Section 5.18, page 128.
*	Air filter power toggle	Toggle the HEPA Filter on (green) and off (red). Available only when the HEPA Filter is installed. For more details, see Section 5.18.4, page 132.
<b>@</b>	Clean vacuum station	Display the "Instrument Cleaning Procedure" window. For more details, see Section 7.2, page 146.
1	Open wizard	Starts the "Vacuum extraction" wizard. For more details, see Section 6.3.1, page 136.

#### **Additional functions**

lcon	Function	Description
*	Service register	Open the "Service Register" Window. For more details, see Section 5.18.2, page 129.
Bottle	Click to reset	Indicates the approximate amount of liquid in the liquid waste bottle. For more details, see Section 3.2.3, page 27.
	Warning	Indicates a warning has occurred. For more details, see Section 8.1, page 157.
	Unlocks a template	Allows a template run file to be freely edited as a conventional run file. For more details, see Section 5.15.1, page 102.
QIAGEN Protocol	Indicates a QProtocol template	Indicates that the loaded run file is a QProtocol template run. For more details, see Section 5.15.1, page 102.
User-Developed Protocol	Indicates a User Developed template	Indicates that the loaded run file is a User Developed template run. For more details, see Section 5.15.1, page 102.
i	Displays protocol information	Opens a browser window to display optional read-only protocol details (when the loaded run is a template). For more details, see see Section 5.15.1, page 102.

# 5.6 Right-hand pane

The right-hand pane is at the right side of the software workspace.

When the software is launched, the right-hand pane is typically gray and empty.

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R1: Rea	gent (Re	agents	block	1 B .	Reactio	on (2000)d di	eep w	ell, QIAGEN)	0 11 12		82: 1	ip (Onk	Cor C 21	Nul tip.	OWCEN	۰	- 10 - 1	- 11												
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Selecting a position in the software workspace displays information about the selected plate in the right-hand pane.

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	: 00000										
	* 00000	000000	0								
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	1 00000	000000	00								
	. 00000										
: Reagent (Reage	nts block (2 B1: Reaction (2.	insi deep well, QIA	GEND	62: Ti	p (200pl OnCo	C Bp, GIAGE	0		1. Edt. Copy E	elete Betarget	2
								Spec	ial Select All	000	0
				:			00000	Reaction	o Data		
	· · •			c	000	0000	00000		d Plate: 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1		
	· • •			:			00000	Plate ID			
							00000	HULL	Import Export D	ear	
							00000			Pipetting Sequence	
									inal Contents		
	C1: Reagent (78	end Disposable Tr	ough, QIAGEN)	C2: 11	p (200pl OnCo	r C tip, QIAGE	0	A1	inal Lontents		Conc.
					1 2 3			81			
				1	000			C1			
				c	000			D1			
				1	000			E1			
				1	000			F1 G1			
				•	000			H1			
								A2			

The right-hand pane can be closed by clicking the cross at the top, right corner.

The contents of the right-hand pane are described for the various workspace items. For more details, see Section 5.7, page 60.

# 5.7 Workspace items

Software workspace items are software definitions that correspond to actual items placed on the QIAcube HT worktable (for more information about the workspace, see Section 5.3, page 50). Actual worktable items must be calibrated for use in protocols. To ensure proper functioning of the QIAcube HT, the correct workspace items matching the actual worktable items must be selected for each layout. For more information about calibration, see Section 5.12.5, page 87.

The following workspace items are described in subsequent sections:

- Plates
- Tips
- Reagent troughs
- Samples

Clicking a workspace item displays information about the item in the right-hand pane.

# 5.8 Plates

A "plate" is a workspace item (Section 5.7, page 60) that corresponds to an object placed on the QIAcube HT worktable in a slot or in the vacuum chamber.

The following types of plates are used on the QIAcube HT:

- 96-well containers (e.g., sample, lysis, capture, and elution plates)
- Tip racks containing tips
- Reagent adapters holding reagent troughs containing reagents
- Accessories such as a cooling block (not normally used on the QIAcube HT)

Every plate has two basic properties, type and function, that define their use on the instrument. A layout defines the plates (type and function) and their positions in the workspace for a protocol.

#### 5.8.1 Plate properties

Information about a selected plate is displayed in the right-hand pane (see Section 5.6, page 59).

All plates have the properties listed in the following table.

Property	Description
Name	Name of the item as it appears in the software workspace.
Description	Description of the item that lists specifications and segments.
Plate ID	User-specified plate identifier or bar code.
Segment Set ID	Internal reference to a software model of the plate in the software plate library.
Manufacturer	Name of the item manufacturer.
Consumable Part Number	Manufacturer's catalog number.
Required Adapter	Name of adapter, if required.
Adapter Part Number	Catalog number of required adapter.
Calibration	Calibration data, including the position and height information used for accurate pipetting. For more details, see Section 5.12.5, page 87.
Plate use	Types of liquids that can be used in the plate (e.g., sample, reagent).
Pipet Order	Description of the sequence in which the instrument uses wells when pipetting.
Segmentation	Arrangement of distinct well groupings defined for the plate.
Labeling and Well Display Order	Description of labels used on plate wells and the sequence in which labels are listed in the grid view shown in the right-hand pane. This selection affects the way in which plate data are imported and exported.
Position restrictions	Depending on the function defined for the plate, it may be restricted to certain positions in the workspace.

Plates with special functions, such as tip racks and reagent troughs, have additional properties, which are described in the following section and in Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols.

### 5.8.2 Choosing the plate type

To accommodate the wide variety of consumables and different types of runs, the type of plates and their locations can be changed within a layout.

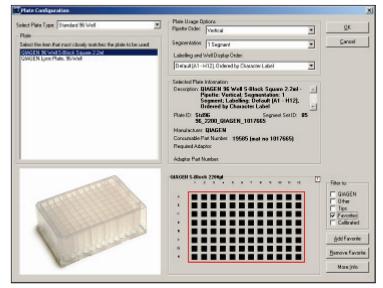
The correct type of plate must be chosen for each specific workspace location to ensure proper pipetting.

Calibration data are information about a type of plate that the software uses to control tip placement during pipetting operations. Calibration data are valid only when the type of plate selected in the software workspace matches the actual item on the worktable. A plate must be calibrated before it can be used in a protocol. For more information about calibration, see Section 5.12.5, page 87.

Choose the plate type as follows:

- 1. Open the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).
- 2. Right-click the position of the plate to be chosen.
- 3. From the menu that appears, select Change plate type.

The "Plate Configuration" window appears.



4. To display plates that are not tip racks, select QIAGEN and Other in the "Filter to" panel.

For more information about tip racks, see Section 5.9, page 64.

- 5. From the "Select Plate Type" drop-down list, select type of plates to be displayed in the "Plate" list. Only the options that are appropriate for the selected position are displayed.
- 6. Select a plate from the "Plate" list.

If you cannot find the plate you want to use, contact QIAGEN Technical Services.

When a plate type is chosen, manufacturer and part number details (if available) are displayed in the center right window to enable plate identification.

When selecting capture plates in the A1 vacuum position, catalog numbers are displayed with graphics for the matching adapters. These catalog numbers are embossed on the actual items for easy identification.

7. When the correct plate has been chosen, click "OK" to apply the changes and close the window.

#### 5.8.3 Defining favorite plate types

Plates that you commonly use can be added to the "favorites" list for quick searching.

Add a plate to the favorites list, as follows:

- 1. Open the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).
- 2. Right-click the plate that is to be specified as a favorite.
- 3. From the menu that appears, select Change plate type.

The "Plate Configuration" window appears.

Plate Configuration			×
lect Plate Type: Standard SE Well	Plate Usage Options Pipetia Onder: Verligid	-	DK
Take elect the item that most closely matches the plate to be used:	Segnentation: 1 Segnent		Gencel
CIACEN 35 Well 5 Black Square 2 2nd DIACEN Long Plate, 35 Well	Labeling and Well Display Order.		1. St
AMERICIE FIRE, SOWIE	Default (41 - H12), Ordered by Character Label	*	
	Selected Plate Information     Decorption: QMJETM 35 Virial 5-Block Segae     Segment Labeling: Default (A)     Selected by Character Label     Plate 10: Stat66     Selected by Character Label     Segment Labeling: Default (A)     Selected by Character Labeling:     Segment Labeling: Default (A)     Selected by Character Labeling:     Selected by	!H12]. ゴ ≪SerID: 85	
	GAGERI S. Houk 2Negl		Files to: GAGEN GAGEN Frank Frankei Calibrated Add Favorite Benove Favorite More Info

- 4. Display previously defined favorites by selecting Favorites in the "Filter to" panel.
- 5. To remove a plate from the favorites list, select a plate from the filtered favorites list and click Remove Favorite.
- 6. To add a new plate to the favorites list, click another "Filter to" option (such as **QIAGEN** or **Other**), choose the desired plate, and click **Add Favorite**.
- 7. After setting the "Filter to" options as desired and selecting a plate for the current position, click **OK** to apply the change and close the window.

### 5.8.4 Changing plate function

Once a plate type has been chosen, the plate function can be changed. This allows the user to define what liquid the plate will contain (e.g., samples, reactions, reagents, or other).

Change a plate function as follows:

- 1. Open the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).
- 2. Right-click the plate for which the function is to be changed.

**Note**: A plate may have multiple segments that are specified with different functions. In this case, select the segment for which the function is to be changed.

3. From the menu that appears, select Change plate function.

The available functions appear as a new menu.

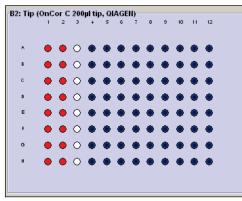
4. Select the appropriate function.

**Note**: Sample plates are source plates only. If a plate containing samples is used for ejection and distribution, it has to be defined as reaction plate.

5. Click **OK** to apply the change and close the window.

# 5.9 Tips

Tips are placed on the instrument worktable in 96-well racks in manner similar to the way conventional 96-well plates are placed. Accordingly, the software treats tips as special tubes that are placed in 96-well tip-rack plates. Tip workspace items are configured in the software using the same mechanisms that apply to conventional plates.



A typical workspace representation of a tip-rack plate.

# 5.9.1 Tip properties

Information about a selected tip-rack plate is displayed in the right-hand pane (Section 5.6, page 59).

right-click menu to left-click-dragging t	alter the status of he mouse over a int tips in the sele	the tip cte	e selected group o region, and shift- o d group. Alternativ	in window and use the f tips. Select tips by r ctrl-left-clicking to ely, alt+left-click a spec n of tips.	ific	
Тір Туре	Available		Required	Enough Tips?		
200 µl	168		144	Yes		
Location		Са	pacity	Tips Remaining		
Plate @ B2				72		
Plate @ C2			Ο μΙ Ο μΙ	96		

Right-hand pane information for a tip-rack plate.

In addition to the properties that all plates have (see Section 5.8.1, page 61), tips have the properties listed in the following table.

Property	Description
Тір Туре	For all tip types in the workspace setup, a description of the nominal volume capacity for a tip.
Available	For all tip types in the workspace setup, the number of tips available.
Required	For all tip types in the workspace setup, the number of tips required for the protocol.
Enough Tips?	For all tip types in the workspace setup, a flag indicating whether the number of tips available is sufficient for the protocol.
Location	For each tip rack, the position on the worktable.
Capacity	For each tip rack, the volume capacity for a tip.
Tips remaining	For each tip rack, the number of available tips.
Position restriction	Tips can be placed in positions B1, B2, C1, and C2 in the workspace. Conventionally, they are used only in positions B2 and C2.

### 5.9.2 Tip availability

Tip availability describes the presence or absence of tips at positions in tip racks on the worktable. If tips are physically removed from or added to the worktable, the tip availability information must be manually updated in the software to match the tips on the worktable.

During the run, the software uses tip availability information to collect and use tips present on the worktable. If the information is incorrect, the instrument may attempt to pick up a tip from a location where no tip is available and the run will not proceed correctly.

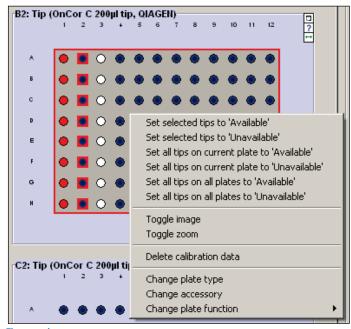
The software tracks tip use and internally updates the tip availability as the run proceeds. This information is recorded at software shutdown and reinstated at software startup.

If the tip supply is exhausted during a run, the system pauses with a notification to the operator that empty tip racks must be replaced with full racks.

In the software workspace, tip availability status in tip rack positions is indicated as follows:

- Available (present) dark blue
- Unavailable (absent) white
- Used (dirty) tips red (considered unavailable for software calculations)

Tip availability options are set with the tip operations menu, which is accessed by right-clicking a tip rack on the software workspace.



Tip operations menu.

#### Setting tip availability for a single column of tips

Liquid-handling tasks are performed with an 8-channel pipettor. Thus, operations performed on a single tip are applied to all 8 tips in the column of the rack.

A convenient shortcut allows the availability of a column of tips to be changed. While pressing the "Alt" key, click a tip location. The tip status toggles between available and unavailable. The color of the tip column position changes to indicate the change in status.

#### Setting tip availability for a selection of tips

Set tip availability for a selection of tips as follows:

1. Select tips in the tip-rack plate in the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).

Selected tips are indicated with red outline. Availability can be set for only one selection at a time.

- 2. Right-click to open the tip operations menu.
- 3. Select Set selected tips to 'Available' or Set selected tips to 'Unavailable'.

The color of the tip positions changes color to indicate the status.

4. Repeat the process until the availability is set for all tips.

The color of the tip positions changes to indicate the change in status.

#### Setting tip availability for plates

Set tip availability for all tips in a plate as follows:

- 1. Select a tip-rack plate in the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).
- 2. Right-click to open the tip operations menu.
- 3. Select one of the following options:
  - O "Set all tips on current plate to 'Available'"
  - O "Set all tips on current plate to 'Unavailable'"
  - O "Set all tips on all plates to 'Available'"
  - O "Set all tips on all plates to 'Unavailable'"

The color of the tip positions changes to indicate the change in status.

# 5.10 Reagents

A reagent is a liquid type located in a "source" container (typically a reagent trough on the worktable) that is combined with a sample in "destination" reaction wells during protocol processing. Each reagent normally performs a specific function in the process of sample purification, such as digestion, binding, or washing.

In typical QIAcube HT protocols, reagents are defined in the following plate types (Section 5.8, page 61):

- Adapter, Reagent Trough SBS Plate
- Adapter, Reagent Trough R1 Position Plate

#### 5.10.1 Reagent properties

Information about a selected reagent trough is displayed in the right-hand pane (Section 5.6, page 59).

Reagent Options				V				
Reagent Configuration       Clear Names       Set All Volumes       Def. Vol. is default       per-reaction volume								
		Name	Def. Vol.(j	Viscous	Mix Cou		Extra Vol.(mL	
	A1	DXB	0	No	0	0	5	

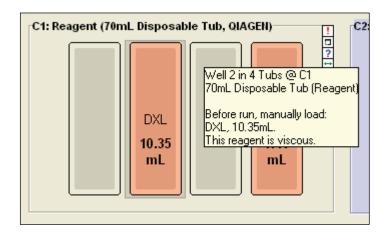
Right-hand pane information for a reagent plate.

In addition to the properties that all plates have (see Section 5.8.1, page 61), reagents have the properties listed in the following table.

Reagent property	Description		
Name	Reagent identifier. Each reagent identifier used in a run must be unique.		
Def. Vol. (µL)	Default volume of reagent to be dispensed by one channel to each reaction well. In typical protocols, this value is set to 0 and reagent volumes required at each processing step are defined using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard. For more details, see Section 5.10.3, page 70.		
Viscous	Indicates that the liquid is viscous. Selecting <b>Yes</b> instructs the software to use the "Reagent speed (viscous)" pipetting speed. Otherwise, software uses the "Reagent speed (normal)" pipetting speed.		
Mix Count	Number of times a reagent is aspirated and dispensed to mix for improving homogeneity before first use.		
Drip Pause (sec)	Duration of a pause which allows reagent adhering to the external surface of the pipet tip to drain when pipet tip is withdraw to liquid level and pauses, defined in increments of 0.25 seconds.		
Extra Vol. (mL)	Volume at the bottom of the tube or trough that cannot be aspirated by tips and must be supplied in addition to the nominal volume required for the run. The value depends on the plate type chosen: Typically 5 µL for 20 µL PCR tubes and 0.35–7 mL for reagent troughs. As volume loss due to pipetting and evaporation can be substantial, this value should be reduced with care.		

Note that a reagent plate may have multiple sections that contain different reagents. For more details about segments, see Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols.

To open a tooltip displaying additional information about a reagent trough and its contents, place the mouse pointer over the position in the software workspace.

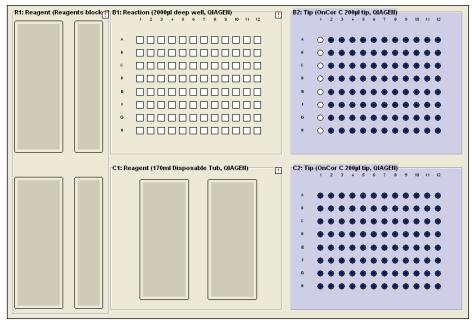


# 5.10.2 Configuring reagents

Reagents can be configured by completing the following steps:

- 1. Open the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).
- 2. Right-click the position of the reagent to be specified.

Initially, the reagent position in the software workspace appears gray.



3. In the "Reagent Options" panel of the right-hand pane, check the Use Reagent box.

4. Enter the corresponding details in the "Reagent Configuration" panel to specify the reagent name, viscosity, and related pipetting parameters.

For more information about reagent properties, see Section 5.10.1, page 68.

When the reagent has been specified with a non-blank name, the background color of the reagent position changes in the workspace to pale orange (by default). When a non-zero default volume is also provided, this color becomes more intense.

### 5.10.3 Required reagent volume

When the addition of reagents is specified in run setup, the software calculates the total volume of the reagent required for the run. The required reagent volume includes the volume of reagent dispensed, as well as any additional volume necessary for accurate liquid transfer (specified as "Extra Vol."; also see Section 5.10.1, page 68).

The required reagent volume is displayed in the reagent position.



Required reagent volume.

# 5.11 Samples and reactions

A "sample" is a liquid type located in a source container which is combined with reagents in destination reaction wells during protocol processing.

A "reaction" is a liquid type located in a destination container (e.g., a lysis plate) to which other liquids such as sample and reagent are added during protocol processing and from which liquid may be removed during processing.

In purification protocols, raw sample materials may be initially placed in either sample or reaction containers, typically multiwell plates or blocks (Section 5.8, page 61). When treated as a sample, raw materials are always aspirated and moved to another plate before further processing. When treated as a reaction, raw materials are configured as "preloaded" (e.g., in a lysis plate) and other reagents may be added before further processing.

Sample and reaction containers, such as lysis plates and reagent troughs, have identifiers to allow a unique description of the raw sample material to be tracked to other reaction wells (e.g., the capture plate) during liquid transfer.

### 5.11.1 Sample properties

Information about a selected sample segment on a plate (Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols) is displayed in the right-hand pane.

Bank	Test, 96	well(s)			
	ete Bank	Bename Bank		dit Bank	
Plate I		Sample	s must be part of a g		
		1. 1.	d. Samples not in gro		
	<u>   im</u>	port <u>Export</u>	<u>C</u> lear	elect sample bank	8
۷	Vell Displ	ay Order 🦳 Label Se	equence 🕞 F	Pipetting Sequence	•
Well	Well	Sample Name	Sample ID	Conc.	-
•	A1	Sample A1 @ B1		0	
•	B1	Sample B1 @ B1		0	
•	C1	Sample C1 @ B1		0	
•	D1	Sample D1 @ B1		0	
•	E1	Sample E1 @ B1		0	
•	F1	Sample F1 @ B1		0	
•	G1	Sample G1 @ B1		0	
•	H1	Sample H1 @ B1		0	
•	A2	Sample A2 @ B1		0	
•	B2	Sample B2 @ B1		0	
-	C2	Sample C2 @ B1		0	
				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	D2	Sample D2 @ B1		0	

Properties of sample segments are described in the following table.

Description		
A sample bank is a selection of wells in a plate segment that is grouped and treated as a single unit for liquid-handling operations. In the QIAcube HT Software, sample banks are always aligned to the 8-channel pipettor.		
Position in the sample plate.		
Name of the sample. When not specified by the user, the software assigns a name based on the sample position.		
Sample identifier. This can be any textual identifier (e.g., an alphanumeric bar code) which may represent a label on the tube or its contents. Software tracks the sample identifier to target reaction wells.		
Sample concentration. This may be specified in a unit specific to the application and usually represents a quantity (e.g., number of copies, mass, etc.) per unit volume. The software assumes the same unit is used for all concentration values in the run.		
See the "Sample ID" entry above.		

To use samples in reactions, they must be organized into sample banks (see Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols). The following sample bank operations are accessible from the samples right-hand pane.

Delete Bank	Deletes the selected sample bank. Deleting a sample bank will not affect sample names, sample identifiers, or concentrations.
Rename Bank	Opens a window in which the sample bank name can be changed. Click <b>OK</b> to continue.
New Bank	Displays the "Update Sample Bank" window, which enables a new sample bank to be created. See Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols.
Edit Bank	Displays the "Update Sample Bank" window, which enables an existing sample bank to be modified. See Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols.
Select sample bank	Select a sample bank from the drop-down menu. Members of the selected bank are indicated in the grid view.

#### 5.11.2 Reaction properties

Information about a selected reaction segment on a plate (Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols) is displayed in the right-hand pane.

	tion List .cad 200 µl lysate from 96 well plate (vertical) @ l	81 into Vacu	ium Plate (1	36
-	rdd <u>E</u> dit <u>C</u> opy <u>D</u> elete ecial Select <u>A</u> ll	<u>R</u> etarg	et ?	
	ID when	Enterelution vacuum pla		
		ipetting Seq	uence	
Well		ripetting Seq	_	1-
Well A1	ell Display Order G Label Sequence @ P		uence Conc.	Ĺ
September 1	ell Display Order C Label Sequence @ P		_	
A1	ell Display Order C Label Sequence P Final Contents 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well A1		_	<b>^</b>
A1 B1	ell Display Order C Label Sequence P Final Contents 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well A1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well B1		_	
A1 B1 C1	ell Display Order C Label Sequence (* P Final Contents 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well A1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well B1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well C1		_	
A1 B1 C1 D1	ell Display Order C Label Sequence P Final Contents 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well A1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well B1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well C1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well D1		_	
A1 B1 C1 D1 E1	ell Display Order C Label Sequence P Final Contents 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well A1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well B1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well C1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well D1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well E1		_	
A1 B1 C1 D1 E1 F1	ell Display Order C Label Sequence P Final Contents 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well A1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well B1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well C1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well E1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well E1 200 µl 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1, Well F1		_	

Properties of reaction segments are described in the following table.

Property	Description
Reaction list	
Operation	A list of all processing operations defined in the protocol.
Reaction data	
Well	Position in the reaction plate.
Final Contents	Description of final contents of the well, indicating the net effect of all liquid additions and removals during run processing. The information shown in the tooltip displayed for the well may be different as only added liquids are listed.
ID	Reaction identifier. This can be any textual identifier (e.g., an alphanumeric bar code) which may represent a label on the tube or its contents. The software tracks the identifier of a reaction container to target reaction wells when contents are transferred. The displayed identifier includes the assigned identifier as well as the identifiers of any sample and reaction contents transferred from other containers.
Conc.	Reaction concentration. This may be specified with a unit specific to the application and usually represents a quantity (e.g., number of copies, mass, etc.) per unit volume. The software assumes the same unit is used for all concentration values in the run. The concentration shown is either the value explicitly assigned for the well, or a value calculated based on the concentration of sample or reaction contents transferred from other plates or reagent troughs.
Bar code	See "ID" entry above.

The "reaction list" panel shows the sequence of instrument instructions to be performed during the protocol run. Functions to manipulate instrument instructions are as follows.

Add	Opens the "Reaction Configuration" window. See Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols.
Edit	Opens the "Reaction Configuration" window. When possible, enables a reaction to be edited. Alternatively, double-click a reaction to open the "Reaction Configuration" window.
Сору	Copies selected reaction. Click on a reaction in the "Reaction List", and click <b>Copy</b> . If there is more than one reaction in the list, a submenu appears. Select <b>Copy in-place?</b> , <b>Copy to end of list?</b> , or <b>Cancel</b> .
Delete	Deletes selected reactions. To delete more than one reaction, hold down the "Shift" or "Ctrl" key, click reactions in the "Reaction List" to select them, and click <b>Delete</b> .
Retarget	Enables a reaction to be retargeted to a different reaction plate. Click on the new reaction plate to select it, click a reaction in the "Reaction List", and click <b>Retarget</b> . Click <b>Yes</b> in the message that appears to continue.
Ś	Displays a summary of the selected instruction.
Up / Dn	Modifies the reaction list order. Click reaction to be changed in the "Reaction List". Hold down the "Shift" key to select multiple reactions. Click <b>Up</b> or <b>Down</b> to move the selected reaction(s) up or down in the list.
Special	Enables a "Special" reaction to be set up and added to the "Reaction List". See Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols.
Select All	Selects all of the reactions in the "Reaction List".
	Highlights reagents that are involved in a selected reaction in green. Click the icon again to remove the highlight.
٩	Highlights sample banks that are involved in a selected reaction in orange. Click the icon again to remove the highlight.
	Highlights destination reaction wells that are involved in a selected reaction in blue. Click the icon again to remove the highlight.

# 5.11.3 Common properties and operations

In addition to identifiers for individual wells and concentration properties, the following properties and operations are common to sample and reaction segments:

Property	Description	
Plate ID	Any textual identifier (e.g., an alphanumeric bar code) that may represent a label on the plate can be associated with the selected segment.	
Bar code Entry (	Interactive entry of individual well identifiers, as described in Section 5.11.4, page 75.	
Well Data Import ("Import" button)	Import of identifier and concentration details from a file, as described in Section 5.11.4, page 75.	
Well Data Export ("Export" button)	Export of well content details to a file, as described in Section 5.11.6, page 77.	
Sample Bank Operations	Configuration and modification of sample banks for use in liquid-handling operations, as described in Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols.	
Clear ("Clear" button)	Deletion of user-assigned names, identifiers, and concentration values from all rows of the grid view.	
Well Display Order (Options 'Pipetting Sequence' and 'Label Sequence')	Sequence in which wells are displayed in the sample or reaction data grid (i.e., "Label Sequence" or "Pipetting Sequence"). Each plate type has a specific pipetting order and specific label order. Where these are different (e.g., vertical pipetting order and horizontal label order), the sequence in which wells are listed in the grid changes according to the well display order selection. This function is useful, for example, when it is convenient to distribute liquids by column (vertical pipet order), but to export the data by row (horizontal label order).	
Plate ID	Any textual identifier (e.g., an alphanumeric bar code) that may represent a label on the plate can be associated with the selected segment.	

The following options are accessed by right-clicking the cells of the sample or reaction right-hand pane grid view.

Copy all	Copy all the grid data to the system clipboard. The data can be pasted into a Microsoft Excel® or text file.
Paste to current cell	Paste a list of values from the system clipboard (e.g., previously copied from an Excel sheet or text file) into the selected column.
Row height	Adjust row height. Select Grow to increase the row height or select Shrink to decrease the row height.
Export	Export the grid data directly to another file. Select either <b>Export to CSV</b> or <b>Export to Excel</b> (only available when Excel is installed).

# 5.11.4 Entering sample bar codes

Sample bar code identifiers can be imported using bar code readers that are connected to a laptop via a USB or keyboard wedge. A keyboard wedge is an input device that is inserted between the keyboard plug and the laptop keyboard socket. For the best results, the bar code reader system should be able to simulate user tabs or carriage returns appended to the bar code. These simulated tabs or carriage returns automatically move the data input point (cursor) on the data table to the next input cell each time a bar code is read.

- 1. Click a "Sample" or "Reaction" plate to view the sample or reaction right-hand pane.
- 2. Click the icon.

The "Bar code Entry" window opens.

3	🔠 Barcode Entry			×
Г	Barcode Data		Sample Bank Name	
	Well	Barcode	Add to sample bank, named:	
	A1	Ok	New Bank	
	B1			
	C1		C Existing Bank	
	D1		Samples Col. 1 (8 wells)	
	E1		Samples Placeholder @ C1 Col. 2 (0	
	F1		Samples Placeholder @ C1 Col. 3 (0 Samples Placeholder @ C1 Col. 4 (0	
	G1		Samples Placeholder @ C1 Col. 5 (0 Samples Placeholder @ C1 Col. 6 (0	
	H1			
	A2			
	B2		<u>Cancel</u>	
	C2			
	D2			
	E2			
	F2			
	G2			
	H2	•		
	•			

3. Scan the sample or reaction identifiers.

Identifiers are automatically added to the "Bar code Entry" table.

4. To add samples or reactions directly to a sample bank, select Add to sample bank, named, in the "Sample Bank Name" panel. Alternatively, select either New Bank or Existing Bank. If "New Bank" is selected, enter a sample bank name. If "Existing Bank" is selected, click a sample bank to select it.

**Note**: Sample bank operations are disabled if the run has been set up using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard (Section 6.3.1, page 136).

5. Click **OK** to return to the main software window.

# 5.11.5 Data transfer formats

Some sample and reaction data can be exported and imported (see Sections 5.11.6 and 5.11.7, pages 77 and 80, respectively).

In the export mode where the data can be defined by the user, the user must specify the data content by writing an export string.

The following table lists the data designators for export strings.

String	Sample export	Reaction export
%0	Separator (comma, tab)	Separator (comma, tab)
%1	Well number in selected display order (label or pipetting sequence; e.g., "10")	Destination well number in selected display order (label or pipetting sequence; e.g., "10")
%2	Well location (address label; e.g., "G3")	Destination well location (address label; e.g., "G3")
%3	Sample type (none, unknown, standard)	Sample type (none, unknown, standard)
%4	Sample concentration (if known)	Source concentration (if known)
%5	Sample name	Final contents, including full names and volumes
%7	_	Target volume
%8	-	Sample name, including volume
%9	_	Reagent name, including volume
%A	-	Final contents, including full names and excluding volumes
%S	_	Sample name, excluding volume
%R	-	Reagent name, excluding volume
%V	_	Sample volume
%F	-	Final concentration (if known)
%P	Plate identifier	Destination plate identifier
%р	-	Source plate identifier
%I	Sample identifier	Total identifier, including tube or reaction identifier and constituent identifiers of contained samples.
%C		Constituent identifiers of contained samples.
%Т		Tube or reaction identifier.

For example, to generate a \*.csv file from a sample plate that contains the sample number, the sample location, and the sample identifier, the valid format string is:

# %1 %0 %2 %0 %l

# 5.11.6 Importing sample and reaction data

In addition to a quick, manual function for importing sample names, files containing sample and reaction data can be imported.

# Manual import of sample names

Sample names can be easily copied from a spreadsheet by copying the column that contains the sample name information. The copied entries are pasted to the QIAcube HT Software by right-clicking a cell and selecting the "Paste to current cell" item from the menu that appears. Sample names are copied to the target cells.

# File import of sample and reaction data

- 1. Click the 🖾 button.
- 2. Select the file type to import (i.e., \*.csv, \*.txt, or \*.\*), select the file, and click Open.
- 3. Select a column separator.

"Comma" is the default when selecting a \*.csv file. Other separators (e.g., tab) can be used. If needed, the ASCII code for any character can be specified, making the import function universal.

Tab	Tab character.
Comma	Comma character.
ASCII Char	Character specified by an ASCII value (e.g., "9" (tab), "44" (comma), "32" (space), "58"
	(colon).

- 4. Some text-based spreadsheets contain strings of special characters (e.g., \$, ", or #). If these are not required as part of the sample names, select **Remove from fields, separate with**. Enter the symbol to be removed. Multiple character sequences can be removed by separating them with ";".
- 5. In the "Import Options" panel, select the starting import row and well in the **Start importing FROM row** and S**tart importing TO well** fields.

Start importing FROM	Defines the first row in the file from which the data will be imported.
row	
Start importing TO well	Defines the first well in the "Sample" or "Reaction" plate to which the data will be
	imported.

6. Select the remaining options in the "Import Options" panel as desired, and select the column from which this information will be imported.

**Note**: The software will automatically limit the number of rows imported to prevent overrunning the end of the import file and to prevent exceeding the available wells on the plate.

Limit sample count to	Defines the maximum number of rows of data that can be imported from the file.
Sample name from column	Instructs the software to import the sample name from a specific column in the file.
Load ID from column	Instructs the software to import an identifier from a specific column in the file.
Load Conc. from column	Instructs the software to import a concentration value from a specific column in the file.

7. The "Sample Bank Options" panel of the form describes how data are to be imported to one or more sample banks in the run. To activate these options, select Add filtered rows to sample bank(s). Only one option may be activated at a time. The options are:

New Bank	Defines the name of a new sample bank.
	During import, the new sample bank is created and the wells to which data are imported are used to populate the new sample bank.
Existing Bank	Displays a drop-down list of existing sample banks already configured in the target plate or segment of the run.
	During the import, the wells to which data are imported are added to the selected sample bank. Existing members of the sample bank prior to import are retained unchanged.

Bank from column	Defines a column that indicates for each row the name of a sample bank containing the well. At most one sample name per well (row) is permitted (and a blank name indicates the well is not a member of any bank).
	During import, the software ensures that for the data set imported each sample bank name in the column is created or updated to include the corresponding member well.
Banks named from membership columns	Defines a list of column indices where each referenced column represents the name and contents of a sample bank. For each such column, the name of the sample bank is in the first (header) row of the file and any non-blank value in subsequent rows of the column represents membership of the well in the sample bank.
	During the import, the software ensures that for each column in the list the corresponding sample bank is created or updated to include the member wells of that column in the data set imported.

**Note**: Sample bank operations are disabled if the run has been set up using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard (See Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols).

8. The "Row Filter" function allows the user to filter the imported data, limiting the selection of rows prior to import. During import, only filtered rows displayed in the "Import Preview" pane are included in the imported data set. Two filters may be used. When used together, only rows matching both filtering criteria are included in the selected data set.

The first filter is based on a concentration range. If desired, select the **Specify concentration range [Min, Max]** function and then define the options as required. Filtering is based on the concentration values present in the column selected in the **Load Conc. from column** configuration option. When active, the "Import Preview" pane shows only those rows where the concentration filter criteria are met.

Min Concentration	Defines the minimum concentration of the concentration range.
Max Concentration	Defines the maximum concentration of the concentration range.
Use selected wells INSIDE	Instructs the software to select rows where the concentration value is within the defined
range	concentration range.
Use selected wells OUTSIDE range	Instructs the software to select rows where the concentration value is outside the defined concentration range.

The second filter is based on membership in at least one sample bank selected from the file. This function, **Members of** selected bank columns only, is available when **Bank from column** or **Banks named from membership columns** is selected. When the filter is activated, the "Import Preview" pane shows only rows with a non-blank value in the selected **Bank from** column or with a non-blank value in any one of the columns listed at **Banks named from membership columns**.

**Note**: Sample bank operations are disabled if the run has been set up using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard (see Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols).

9. The "Import Preview" panel displays the samples to be imported. Click **Import** to import the data. The imported data will be displayed in the right-hand pane.

Note: No data are imported from a row in which all fields are empty.

Note: Existing data will be overwritten by any imported data that are located in the same well.

**Note**: Multiple sample banks are simultaneously imported using the **Banks named from membership columns** function. Alternate strategies allow multiple sample banks to be successively populated from the same import file. For example, the **Bank from column** function can be used, where several columns, one per sample bank, are present in the file and each row includes the bank name in the corresponding column to indicate its membership in that bank. Set the **Bank from column** and activate the **Members of selected bank columns only** filter. Click **Import**. Repeat for each sample bank column in the file. This can also be accomplished using the concentration filter function. Arrange the import file so that it has a column representing each sample bank. Populate the rows in each column with a concentration value (e.g., 0) to indicate membership of that sample in that bank. Set the **Row Filter** to include rows with concentrations in the range (0, 0). Set the **Load Conc. from column** and choose the sample bank name as a **New Bank** or **Existing Bank**. Click **Import**. Repeat for each sample bank column in the file.

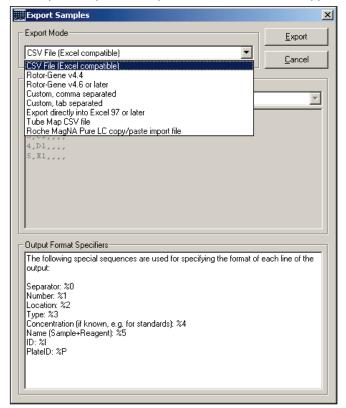
# 5.11.7 Exporting sample and reaction data

Sample and reaction data, which is listed in the sample and reaction right-hand pane, can be exported in a number of formats. This can be used to transfer data to the QIAGEN QIAgility or Rotor-Gene® Q instruments, or other data storage systems (e.g., laboratory information management system [LIMS] environments).

To export sample or reaction data:

- 1. Click a sample or reaction plate to view the right-hand pane.
- 2. Click Export.

The "Export Samples" or "Export Reaction Info" window appears.



xport Reaction Info	
xport Mode	<u>E</u> xport
Custom, comma separated	
	<u>C</u> ancel
Jutput Format	
x1%0%2%0%8%0%9%0%3%0%4%0%7%0%1%0%P	
review:	
1,Al,,28.57 µl Preloaded liquid; 14.29 µl DXL; 57.14 µl DXB,Nor	
2,81,,28.57 µl Preloaded liquid; 14.29 µl DXL; 57.14 µl DXB,Nor 3,C1,,28.57 µl Preloaded liquid; 14.29 µl DXL; 57.14 µl DXB,Nor	
4,D1,,28.57 µl Preloaded liquid; 14.29 µl DXL; 57.14 µl DXB,Nor	
5,81,,28.57 µl Preloaded liquid; 14.29 µl DXL; 57.14 µl DXB,Nor	
Jutput Format Specifiers	
The following special sequences are used for specifying the format of each line of the output:	_
Separator %0	
Destination Well Number: %1	
Destination Well Location (Label): %2	
Sample Type: %3	
Source Concentration (if known, e.g. for standards): %4 Name (Sample+Reagent): %5	
vame (Sample+Heagent): %S Farget Volume: %7	
Vame (Sample): %8	
Vame (Reagents): %9	
Name (Sample+Reagent), no vol: %A	

3. Select an export mode from the drop-down list.

CSV File (Excel compatible)	A *.csv text file with comma separators between columns. The data are fixed and contains the number, location, sample name, reagent name, sample type, concentration, and target volume.
RotorGene v4.4	A *.sam sample file which is compatible with the Rotor-Gene 2000/3000 software version 4.6–5.x. The data are fixed and contains location, sample name, and sample type.
RotorGene v4.6 or later	A *.smp sample file which is compatible with the Rotor-Gene software version 4.6 or later. The data contains the sample concentration and a user selectable sample identifier which can be either sample name or sample identifier.
Custom, comma separated	A *.csv text file with comma separators between columns. The data can be user- defined.
Custom, tab separated	A *.txt file with tab separation between columns. The data can be user-defined.
Export directly into Excel 97 or later	Creates an *.xls spreadsheet file, and if Excel is installed on the laptop, automatically launches Excel with the imported data. The data can be user-defined.
Tube Map CSV file	A *.csv file with format fixed as "well-location, plate identifier, sample identifier" (using the substitution pattern %2%0%P%0%l, as described in Section 5.11.5, page 76). This describes the mapping of a tube or well location (plate and well label) to its contents (sample identification).

Roche® MagNA Pure® LC copy/paste import file	A *.csv file with format fixed as the single column "sample identifier" (using the substitution pattern %I as described in Section 5.11.5, page 76). This describes the contents of each well to facilitate export to the Roche MagNA Pure LC instrument.
Rotor-Gene Q v1.x, 6000 v1.x & 3000 v6.x	A *.smp sample file which is compatible with the Rotor-Gene Q, Rotor-Gene 6000, and late revisions of the Rotor-Gene 3000 software. The data for each reaction contains a user selectable sample identifier and a user selectable concentration. Data can be grouped into "pages" according to the reaction identification.
QIAxcel® Sample Info Text File (8x12 well grid)	A *.csv "Sample Info Text" file which can be imported into the QIAxcel software. The data are organized in an 8 x 12 grid that contains a user-selectable identifier for each well of the 96-well plate.
QIAxcel ScreenGel® (XML)	A *.xml file in rack file format which can be imported into the QIAxcel ScreenGel software. This export format is only available for 96-well plates.
Generic XML Export	A *.xml file in generic format described in Appendix. A XSL file can be selected that is used as transformation.

# 4. Choose an output format.

The output formats available depend on the export mode that was selected.

Sample Label	Determines how the sample is to be named when the data are imported into the Rotor- Gene Q or QIAxcel software.
Concentration Option	Determines the concentration value to be associated with the reaction for import into the Rotor-Gene Q software.
Page Option	Determines how the reaction data are to be grouped for analysis purposes after import into the Rotor-Gene Q software.
Empty Label	Determines how unpopulated reaction wells are named during export to the QIAxcel Sample Import Text file format.
Sample Label	
Full ID	Comprises the identifier of the reaction well ("Reaction ID") and all identifiers of contained samples ("Sample ID").
Sample ID	A list of sample identifiers present in the reaction well.
Reaction ID	The user-assigned label associated with the reaction well.
Sample Name	A list of sample names present in the reaction well.
Concentration Option	
Sample/Source	Uses the initial concentration value. This is associated with the source sample or standard well.
Final Reaction	Uses the final concentration value of the sample or standard after dilution with other liquids. This is associated with the reaction well.
Page Option	

Reaction ID	Reactions are segregated according to the reaction identifier (user-assigned label) associated with the well. For each reaction identifier, a page is created and named according to the identifier.	
None	All reactions are placed into a single page named "Page 1".	
Empty Label		
None	No identification is used (blank).	
Label	The well label is used as the identifier.	
Label Number	The index of the well in the pipetting sequence is used as the identifier.	
Well Number	The index of the well in the (horizontal) sequenced grid export is used as the identifier.	

#### 5. Click Export.

6. Enter a file name and select the location to which the data will be exported.

7. Click **Save** to continue.

# 5.12 User management

User management allows the definition of different access rights to various data and functions within the QIAcube HT Software.

User management functions are accessed from the menu bar (Options > User Management).

# 5.12.1 User identification

Unlike software that requires separate login authentication, the QIAcube HT Software user is defined as the current Windows user logged on the laptop on which the software is installed.

The user identification function is always active and the user's identification is reported in all pre and post run reports as well as diagnostic logs produced by the software during normal operation.

Note that access privileges are included only to support a particular use policy for the software and are not intended to prevent accidental or intentional circumvention of the policy or misuse of the software.

All users are able to edit and save modified run files (Section 5.14, page 102). If the run file is not saved with a new name, the previous run file data will be lost. If required, standard Windows file system write-protection mechanisms may be used to protect run-file data.

# 5.12.2 User classes

The QIAcube HT Software supports the following user groups:

- QIAcube HT Operator
- QIAcube HT Designer
- QIAcube HT Manager
- Windows Administrator

In the following we will speak of Operator, Designer, Manager, and Administrator.

#### Operator

An "Operator" user can navigate and view table layouts, run settings, and reaction list data with "view/read only" access.

Operators have "edit" access to perform the following:

- Update "lab notebook" text information for a run file
- Set tip availability
- Assign identifiers and bar codes to plates, identifiers to wells, and bar codes to samples or reaction wells for a protocol run
- Modify the set of wells associated with sample banks used in the protocol run

An Operator cannot modify reaction properties.

## Designer

A "Designer" user has all access rights as an Operator and, in addition, has "read/write" access to all functions of the software including the ability to:

- Design table layouts
- Calibrate the instrument
- Define run settings
- Setup the reaction list
- Import and export data

Designers are expected to define template run files (Section 5.14, page 102) and specify calibration data (Section 5.13, page 87) to be used by Operators.

#### Manager

A "Manager" has all access rights as a Designer. In addition, Managers can:

- Enable and disable the access control function in the software (Enable User Access option, see Section 5.12.3, page 85)
- Update group membership for each of the QIAcube HT groups if they are able to elevate to an Administrator

## Administrator

An Administrator has all access rights as a Manager.

An Administrator user is a member of the standard local Windows administrator group and has full administrative access on the computer. This is necessary to update the QIAcube HT group membership.

A Manager enables the user access control, a Manager/Administrator assigns users to groups (see the following sections).

Upon restarting the software, only Administrators and users assigned to the "Manager", "Designer" and "Operator" groups can operate the software. When attempting to start the QIAcube HT Software, users that are not assigned to a user groups are denied access to the software.

When user access control is disabled, all users are given "Manager" access.

Upgrading the software does not affect user access control.

# 5.12.3 Enabling access control

Upon installation, the QIAcube HT Software user access control features are disabled and all users have "Manager" access (see the previous section for user group descriptions).

A Manager enables the user access control with Options > User management > Enable access control.

You can toggle between enabled and disabled states. A tick appears next to "Enable access control" when this option is enabled.

If the access control is enabled it is directly active. Be careful to enable the access control only if you are a Manager.

#### 5.12.4 Managing user groups

The user groups will always be managed on the local laptop where the software is installed even if you are connected to a domain.

If you are a Manager you can use the management functions on the menu bar **Options** > **User Management** > **Users & Groups** to change the group's membership. You need the right to elevate to an Administrator to really save your changes.

To set the group's membership of users on the laptop computer:

- 1. Open the **Options** menu, and select **User management** > **Users & Groups**.
- 2. The "Users & Groups" window appears.
- 3. Select the user from the "Users" panel.

🗊 Users & Groups		×
Current User: Admin		
Users :		
Admin		
Administrator		
HelpAssistant		
SUPPORT_388945a0		
Groups :		
Windows Groups :	Guest's Groups:	
Administrators		
QIAcube HT Manager	>	
QIAcube HT Designer		
Close		Save
Liose		<u>p</u> ave

- 4. Select the group to which the selected user should be assigned (i.e., Administrators, QIAcube HT Manager, QIAcube HT Designer, or QIAcube HT Operator) in the "Possible Groups" panel.
- 5. Click the button to move the selected group into the "Guest's Groups:" panel.

💷 Users & Groups	×
Current User: Admin	
Users : Admin Administrator ASPNET Guest HelpAssistant SUPPORT_388945a0	
Groups : Windows Groups :	Guest's Groups:
S Administrators S QIAcube HT Manager S QIAcube HT Operator	QIAcube HT Designer
Cancel	( <u>S</u> ave)

- 6. To assign the user to more than one group, repeat steps 4 and 5.
- 7. Click **Save** to really save your changes. This needs elevation to an Administrator. If you are not elevated at this moment, a pop-up of the operating system will appear to ask for elevation.

# 5.12.5 Change current user

To change users, the current user must shut down the software and log out of Windows. The new user must subsequently log in to Windows and restart the software.

Alternatively, select **Options** > **User management** > **Change Current User**. The "Change User" window appears. The new user must enter their username and password, and click **OK** to log on.

Change User		
You can use this window to log on as a different user; for example, to log on temporarily as an administrative user to repair a run.		
Username Technician		
Password *******		
OK Cancel		

If the login was successful the new rights will take effect immediately.

# 5.12.6 Revert to first user

If you want to become again the user who started the software, select Options > User Management > Revert to First User.

# 5.13 Calibration

Before an item can be used on the instrument for a protocol run, the locations of the items on the worktable and the heights of the items in the position must be configured with a process that is referred to as "calibration". Volumes can also be calibrated to ensure the QIAcube HT distributes liquids accurately.

The following calibrations are available:

- Plate position
- Plate height
- Volume

The QIAcube HT employs several locating mechanisms to ensure that items placed on the worktable are positioned correctly. For example, the reagent trough adapter is located by pins which serve to orientate the adapter correctly and ensure that the supported troughs are positioned correctly. Similarly, plates are secured by a positioning mechanism and clamps on the table rails. Care must be taken with some plates to ensure that correct orientation is maintained.

Once the QIAcube HT has been correctly installed and calibrated, there is generally no need for recalibration. However, if the instrument is moved or serviced, we recommend that calibrations be checked and re-calibration performed if needed.

All calibration data are unique to a particular instrument and are stored locally as part of the software installation. The calibration data are not saved with the run files. This allows run files to be transferred between instruments at different sites without modification. During a run, the software always uses the local calibration data specific to the instrument on which it is run.

When an instrument is connected to a new laptop, calibration data obtained on the previous laptop can be moved to the new laptop. Because calibration data are associated with the instrument's unique electronic serial number, calibration data from several instruments can be used correctly on a single laptop.

#### Joy pad

The use of a joy pad (a game controller that has only buttons and no stick) can make position calibration significantly easier. A USB joy pad can be connected to the laptop that controls the QIAcube HT. During calibration, the user controls the robotic arm movement with the joy pad. This can significantly speed up the process, especially for position calibration.

Note: The joy pad must be connected before the calibration wizard is opened.

**Note**: Plate height and position calibration data are used to position tips within the wells or tubes of the plate. Accurate plate calibration is essential for proper functioning of the QIAcube HT.

## 5.13.1 Calibrating plate positions

Plate position calibration defines the positions of wells or tubes in a plate to be used on the QIAcube HT worktable. Calibration ensures that the robotic arm moves to the correct location for every well on the plate.

For each QIAcube HT worktable location, position calibration is required for each plate type used in that location: Each plate must be independently position calibrated in all worktable locations in which it is used.

Plate positions are calibrated with the **Options > Robot setup > Calibrate plate positions...** option.

WARNING	Risk of personal injury
	The robotic arm moves during position calibration while the instrument lid is raised. Never click any buttons while parts of your body are within the instrument workspace.

As tips are used during position calibration, ensure that the workspace configuration correctly describes the worktable setup of tip types and tip rack positions before calibrating.

The position calibration function requires tip racks to be calibrated before any other plate type. The procedure for calibrating tip rack positions is the same as for other plate types.

#### **Plate position warning**

Clicking the warning icon () at the top, right corner of a plate that requires position calibration opens the "Set Alignment" wizard and the following warning.

QIAGEN	×		
⚠	This plate's position has not been aligned in this location. Would you like to open the plate position calibration screen?		
	Warning: the process for calibrating plate positions temporarily disables the instrument lid interlock. This allows the robot arm and pipettor to move when the lid is open. Exercise caution to ensure your personal safety and avoid injury.		
	Are you sure you want to continue?		

## Performing plate position calibration

To perform a position calibration, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the instrument lid.
- 2. Place the plates to be calibrated on the instrument worktable.

If possible, do not place consumables in the plates. Position calibration should be performed on the "true" position of a well, not a position of a consumable that may not fit well.

3. If calibrating a tip rack position, use an empty tip rack. Otherwise, ensure that 200 µL tips in an appropriate, calibrated tip rack are placed properly on the worktable and that the tips availability is set properly.

For more details, see Section 5.9.2, page 66.

- 4. Select Options > Robot Setup > Calibrate plate positions.
- 5. Read the warning about modifying calibration data (shown in previous section), and select Yes.

The "Position Calibration" window appears.

💹 Set Alignment		×
Plate Selection	Centrally align the pipette hub to the RED tip(s):	Close
Vacuum Plate (16 well (2 A1 (not calibrated) 35 well plate (vertical) @ 81 (not calibrated) <u>\$6 (NAGEN 00-50 C 2000 I Tos (3 B2 (not calibrated)</u> 3 Tube (equal size) @ C1 (not calibrated) 95 (I/AGEN 0nCor C 2000) I Tos (3 C2 (not calibrated) Reagents block (2x170, 2x70) @ R1 (not calibrated)	B2:         Tip (OnCor C 200µl tip, OlACEI)         I	
	Plate Origin         Tip Control           X-position:         890         1           Y-position:         1057	Home Z Axis Chec <u>k</u> Pos.
	Save Revert to saved	Get <u>N</u> ew Tip

- 6. If not calibrating a tip rack position, click **Get New Tip** to load tips onto the pipettor. If calibrating a tip rack position, use the pipettor hubs only without tips attached.
- 7. From the "Plate Selection" list, select the type of plate to be calibrated.

If any tip rack position is not calibrated, the software will prevent calibration of other plate types.

Multiple plates can be calibrated in a single run.

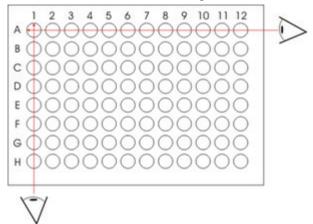
Plates that have not been previously calibrated are listed as "(not calibrated)". After calibration, this status changes to "(updated)" to indicate that the changes have been made (but not saved).

- 8. Use the **X-position** and **Y-position** arrow button controls to position the pipetting head over the column to be calibrated. The column to be calibrated is indicated in red in the software workspace.
- 9. Lower the pipetting head by clicking Lower Tip several times until the tip (or pipettor hub if no tips are attached) is just above (approximately 2–5 mm), but not touching, the plate. Make sure the tip (or hub) is not touching the plate or consumable loaded in the plate before proceeding.

This step ensures greater accuracy.

10. Using the **X-position** and **Y-position** arrow buttons, move the robotic arm to a location directly above the center of the well (or contained consumable) indicated by the red well.

Look at the robotic arm directly from both the front and the side to ensure correct alignment. The pipetting head may be lowered further to facilitate easier alignment.



11. When the tip is positioned correctly in the center of the well, click **Save**.

The status adjacent to the plate description changes to "updated".

The position is not stored until **Save** has been clicked.

- 12. If desired, click Check Position to validate that the correct position has been specified.
- 13. If calibrating additional plates, click the next plate in the list and repeat the position calibration process.
- 14. Once all plates have been calibrated, click **Close** to exit the wizard.

# 5.13.2 Calibrating plate heights

Plate height calibration defines the base position of the wells of a plate to be used on the QIAcube HT worktable. Calibration allows software to correctly calculate the height at which tips must be placed for optimal aspirate and eject pipetting operations.

Plate heights are calibrated with Options > Robot setup > Calibrate plate heights ....



# Risk of personal injury

The robotic arm moves during position calibration while the instrument lid is raised. Never click any buttons while parts of your body are within the instrument workspace.

If the plate height is calibrated incorrectly and the tip is positioned too high during liquid transfer, a droplet may form at the end of the tip. If the surface tension of the droplet is sufficient, it will not fall into the tube, resulting in incorrect pipetting.

If the tip is positioned too low, the tip may form a seal at the base of the plate, preventing the liquid from being dispensed, resulting in incorrect pipetting. In extreme cases, consumables may be damaged.

When positioned correctly, the tip is approximately 1 mm from the internal base of the plate, ensuring that the surface of distributed liquid is higher than the end of the tip.



As tips are used during height calibration, ensure that the workspace configuration correctly describes the worktable setup of tip types and tip rack positions before calibrating.

## Plate height warning

Clicking the warning icon () at the top, right corner of a plate that requires height calibration opens the "Configure Plate Heights" wizard, and the following warning.

QIAGEN	X
1	This plate has wells with uncalibrated base height location. Would you like to open the height calibration screen?
	Warning: the process for calibrating plate heights temporarily disables the instrument lid interlock. This allows the robot arm and pipettor to move when the lid is open. Exercise caution to ensure your personal safety and avoid injury.
	Are you sure you want to continue?

## Performing plate height calibration

Manual and automatic procedures are available for calibrating plate height.

During automatic plate height calibration, the robotic arm advances the pipetting head very slowly until the base of the plate is sensed. The calibrated height is calculated as the sensed height of the plate base less a small predetermined offset. The sensing of the tube base can be automatically repeated to take an average of several values.

During manual height calibration, the user sets the distance between the tip and the base of the plate.

We generally recommend using automatic height calibration for reagent trough and sample or lysis plate positions. Where "supernatant" sample or lysis plates are used, manual height calibration is necessary and the height must be set such that tips touch the surface of a 200 µL liquid volume preloaded into the plate (i.e., approximately 5 mm above the true base of the plate).

**Note**: Height calibration data for QIAGEN capture plates are available within the QIAcube HT Software and normally do not require adjustment by the user. However, if height calibration is required, only the manual calibration method can be used as the silica membrane located at the base of each well cannot tolerate contact (which would occur using automatic height calibration). Accordingly, automatic plate height calibration is not available for capture plates.

# Automatic height calibration

- 1. Ensure that the plate to be calibrated for height has already been calibrated for position (see Section 5.13.1, page 88).
- 2. Open the instrument lid.
- 3. Place the plates to be calibrated on the instrument worktable.
- 4. Ensure that 200 μL tips in an appropriate, calibrated tip rack are placed properly on the worktable and that the tip availability is set correctly.

For more details, see Section 5.9.2, page 66.

- 5. Select Options > Robot Setup > Calibrate plate height.
- Read the warning about using the height calibration function (shown in the previous section), and click Yes. The "Height Calibration" window appears.

Plates To Calibrate           Calibrate           Cacuum Plate (So well)           Decuum Plate (So well)           Decuum Plate (So well)	
Reagents block (2x170, 2x70) 70.0ml Disposable Trough @ R1 (not aligned) Reagents block (2x170, 2x70) 70.0ml Disposable Trough @ R1 (not aligned)	
Select All	
Settings	
Require confirmation from user? Take average of how many columns?	
Control	
Autogetect (checked items)	
Autodetect applies to plates with ticked checkboxes. Manual setup applies to the current highlighted plate.	ly
ngningrico pialo.	

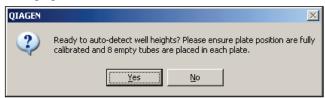
7. From the "Plate Selection" list, select the type of plate to be calibrated by checking the corresponding boxes. Alternatively, you can select all plates by clicking **Select All**.

Plates that have multiple segments (see Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols) appear in the list several times (once for every defined segment).

8. Enter the number of columns (8 wells per column) to be measured for calculating the average in the "Take average of how many columns?" field.

We recommend a minimum of 2columns.

- 9. Click Autodetect (checked items) at the bottom of the window.
- 10. Read the warning about the number of empty wells or tubes required to take the required number of measurements for averaging, and click **Yes**.



A final notification appears regarding the plate type and position that is to be automatically height calibrated. Acknowledge by clicking **OK** to proceed.



The instrument collects required tips and proceeds with automatic detection of heights in the wells or tubes to be measured. On completion, a notification about the height values determined is displayed.

2	Bottom of well detected at 4590, based off the average of 2 samples. Values read: 4594 4586. After compensation for this plate type, the height will be set to 4455. Save these settings?
	<u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o

11. Accept or reject the reported average.

If the averages for a plate are within 135 units of one another, the numbers can be accepted.

If the numbers are not within 135 units of one another, check that the plate is sitting correctly and that the tip is not bent. If a calibration is rejected, it must be repeated.

12. Steps 8 to 12 are repeated for each plate selected at step 7. When calibration is completed, click Close to exit the wizard.

#### Manual plate height calibration

- 1. Ensure that the plate to be calibrated for height has already been calibrated for position (see Section 5.12.5, page 87).
- 2. Open the instrument lid.
- 3. Place the plates to be calibrated on the instrument worktable.
- 4. Ensure that 200 µL tips in an appropriate, calibrated tip rack are placed properly on the worktable and that the tip availability is properly set.

For more details, see Section 5.9.2, page 66.

- 5. Select Options > Robot Setup > Calibrate plate height.
- 6. Read the warning about using the height calibration function, and select Yes.

The "Height Calibration" window appears (see figure in the previous section).

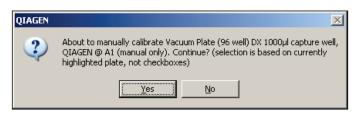
7. From the "Plate Selection" list, select the type of plate to be calibrated manually by highlighting the corresponding text.



Plates that have multiple segments (see Appendix A – Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols) appear in the list several times (once for every defined segment).

## 8. Click Manual Setup.

A notification appears indicating which plate is to be manually calibrated. Click **Yes** to confirm. The instrument automatically collects tips and places the pipetting head above the plate to be calibrated.



9. Read the warning about plate position calibration, and click Yes.

QIAGEN	×
2	The Z-axis height for this plate is currently set to 3030. Set to safe value of 2272.5?
	Yes No

If the current setting is retained and the plate in the position is too high, the tip may jam into the plate and bend.

10. Lower the pipetting head by clicking **Lower tip to current setpoint** and use the **Adjust Height** and **Level at bottom of well** up/down control several times until the tip is just above (approximately 1 mm), but not touching, the plate. Make sure the tip is not touching the plate or consumable loaded in the plate before proceeding.

This step ensures greater accuracy.

As it is not possible to see the distance between the tip and the base in most cases, the distance must be "felt" by manually lifting the well from its support.

🎆 Adjust Height		×
Tip Control Baise tip to '0' ower tip to current setpoint Home <u>∠</u> -axis	Tip Location	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel
Adjust Height Level at bottom 2272 • of well: 2373 • Default height: 3030 Do not send tip to exact bottom of w bottom of the well during ejection, th		

- 11. If the (the pipetting head) is accidentally moved too far downwards in the Z direction (i.e., touches the base), ensure that the pipetting head is returned to the proper position by clicking **Home Z-axis**.
- 12. When the selected "Level at bottom of well" position is suitable, click OK to set the correct height calibration.
- 13. Once all plates have been height calibrated, click **Close** to exit the wizard.

# 5.13.3 Calibrating volumes

A direct relationship exists between the rotation of the motor shaft (P-axis) and the vertical movement of the pipet piston (i.e., volume aspirated or dispensed). Volume calibration defines the number of units that the P-axis motor must move to accurately deliver a given volume of liquid.

Volume calibration is performed using the "Volume calibration" wizard. During installation, the preinstalled settings can be set up using "Option 1" from the "Volume calibration" wizard.

Before starting the first run on a newly installed QIAcube HT volume calibration has to be done. If no volume calibration has been done an error is shown at start of a run.

## Opening the "Volume calibration" wizard

1. Start the QIAcube HT Software.

For more details, see Section 5.2, page 48.

- 2. From the options that appear, select Empty Project (last used layout) or Empty Project (default layout).
- 3. From the Options menu in the menu bar, select Robot Setup/Calibrate Volumes.

The "Volume Calibration Wizard" dialog box appears.

🐺 Volume Calit	pration Wizard X
Introduction	
	ion establishes the accuracy of the robot pipetting mechanism. Specifically, it defines the number of motor must move to accurately deliver a given volume of liquid.
Please choose	one of the following options.
- Options	
1	Calibrate manually. Robot performs no pipetting. User enters P axis units directly for each calibration volume.
2	View current calibration settings and review calibration history.
3	Reset to default calibration settings.
Cancel	

# **Option 1**

Option 1 allows manual adjustment of the P-axis unit value for specific volumes. This method is used to enter the values supplied in the volume calibration report provided by QIAGEN.

1. Select **Option 1** from the "Volume calibration" wizard.

The "Volume Calibration Wizard – Manual Calibration" window appears.

Nominal Volume (μl)	Value (P axis units) [nominally 8.67/µl]	
1 µl	14.251	
2 µl	28.502	
5 µl	52.35	
10 µl	96.189	
20 µl	185.148	
50 µl	453.301	
100 µl	890.876	
150 µl	1325.865	
200 µl	1762.289	

- 2. Click in the appropriate cells in the "Value (P axis units)" column and enter new values for the P-axis units.
- 3. Click Next.
- 4. In the window that appears, click **Yes** to confirm the changes.
- 5. In the window that appears, click **OK** to continue.

The "Volume Calibration Wizard — History of Calibration Data" dialog box appears.

lominal Volume (μl)	Measured Volume (µl)	Value (P axis units)	
	1	14.25	
2	2	28.5	
i	5	52.35	
0	10	96.19	
20	20	185.15	
50	50	453.3	
00	100	890.88	
50	150	1325.86	
200	200	1762.29	

6. Select calibration data to display in the table from the "History of calibration data" drop-down list.

Current Settings is displayed by default.

Up to 9 sets of saved calibration settings can be viewed.

- 7. To update the default volume calibration with the displayed calibration settings, click **Use displayed settings as new calibration**.
- 8. If desired, click Generate Report to display the current calibration settings in table format.

review		
Print Save	Email	Close
Calibration Data	a - QIAcube HT Series	QIAGEN
Calibration Setting	is: Current settings	
-	gs: Current settings	
-	s: Current settings Calibration Value	
-	, <u> </u>	
Target Vol (μl )	Calibration Value	
- Target Vol (μI ) <sup>1μ</sup>	Calibration Value	
- Target Vol (µl) 1µ 2µl	Calibration Value           14.251           28.502	
- Target Vol (µl) 1 µl 2 µl 5 µl	Calibration Value           14.251           28.502           52.35	
- Target Vol (μl) 1 μί 2 μί 5 μί 10 μί	Calibration Value           14.251           28.502           52.35           96.189	

9. Click **Close** to close the report and return to the wizard.

For more information about the report options, see Section 6.3.2, page 138.

10. Click Finish to close the wizard and return to the main software window.

#### **Option 2**

Option 2 allows current calibration settings to be viewed and the current default calibration settings to be replaced with previously saved calibration settings.

1. Select "Option 2" from the "Volume calibration" wizard.

The "Volume Calibration Wizard — History of Calibration Data" window appears.

2. Proceed with step 6 of "Option 1" (page 96).

## **Option 3**

Option 3 allows the volume calibration to be reset to the preinstalled default calibration settings. Current calibrations are automatically saved in the volume calibration history.

- 1. Select **Option 3** from the "Volume calibration" wizard.
- 2. In the window that appears, click Yes to reset the volume calibration, close the window, and return to the wizard.
- 3. Click **Cancel** in the wizard to update volume calibration with preinstalled default settings.

# 5.13.4 Calibration management

Calibration management provides access to functions for saving, reinstating, and deleting calibration data and other instrument and software settings. In particular, calibration management functions allow data to be exchanged between laptops connected to the same instrument. Calibration management functions are accessed from the menu bar (Options > Calibration Management).

# 5.13.5 Saving calibration data

Calibration and a variety of other data can be saved to a removable drive, network share location, or other media. The data file is referred to as the "setup disk" and is specific for the instrument for which the data were obtained.

Note: A setup disk should be used only for the instrument for which the data were created.

The setup disk is used to transfer instrument-specific data when the instrument is connected to a new laptop. It is not necessary to use a setup disk when the software is updated to a new version.

**Note**: QIAcube HT run files (e.g., "runfile.QSP") are not instrument specific and can be transferred between laptops connected to different instruments.

Create a setup disk as follows:

1. From the Options menu in the menu bar, select Calibration Management/Save calibration on setup disk....



The "Calibration Settings" dialog box appears. Ensure that the displayed serial number matches the serial number of the connected instrument.

2. Click **Save** to continue.

Save Calibration	Settings As	?×
Save jn:	🔁 Data 💌 🗲 🖻 📸 📰 -	
My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents My Computer	i⊂ Logs i⊂ Premade i⊂ Reports i⊂ SupportPackages	
My Network Places		ncel

3. Specify the file name and location for the setup disk.

A default file name and location is supplied.

It is possible to browse to the folder where the setup disk should be stored.

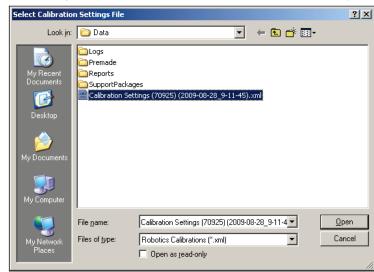
4. Click **Save** to create the setup disk as specified.

# 5.13.6 Reinstating calibration data

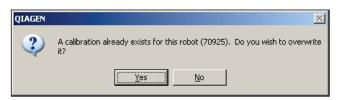
After a setup disk has been created (see the previous section), it can be used to reinstate the data.

Reinstate calibration data from the setup disk as follows:

1. From the **Options** menu in the menu bar, select **Calibration Management** > Load calibrations from setup disk....



- 2. Specify the file name and location for the setup disk to be reinstated.
- 3. Click **OK** to reinstate the specified setup disk.
- 4. If calibration settings are found, the following window appears. Click Yes to overwrite the existing calibration settings.



5. If the identifier in the setup disk matches the connected instrument, a dialog box appears prompting to restart the software. Click **Yes** (recommended).

QIAGEN	×
2	Imported calibration file's Robot ID matches that of the currently attached robot (70925). Software must be restarted for the imported robot calibration settings to take effect.
	Shutdown software now?
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o

6. If necessary, indicate whether the current run file should be saved.

The calibration data will be reinstated when the QIAcube HT Software is restarted.

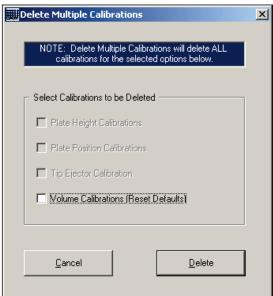
# 5.13.7 Deleting calibration data

Calibration data associated with the connected instrument can be deleted. This is required, for example, to simplify recalibration of plate heights after servicing the manifold (8-channel pipetting head).

Delete calibration data as follows:

1. From the **Options** menu in the menu bar, select **Calibration Management > Delete multiple calibrations ...** 

The "Delete Multiple Calibrations" dialog box appears.



- 2. Select the type of data to be deleted.
- 3. Delete the data by clicking **Delete**.

# 5.14 Run files

QIAcube HT run files (file extension \*.QSP) contain all the information required to perform a protocol on the QIAcube HT instrument. The run file specifies protocol settings and instrument-control parameters, including:

- Liquid transfer
  - O Air volumes
  - Pipetting speeds
  - O Amount of liquid initially present in target plates
  - O Sample groupings (banks)
- Vacuum processing
- Plates (corresponding to items on the worktable)
  - O Sample and reagent names
  - O Required number of tips
  - O Required reagent volumes
- Layout (positions and types of plates in the workspace)

Run files do not contain instrument-specific information (e.g., they do not contain instrument calibration data). This enables run files to be transferred between different instrument installations so that a specific protocol configuration can be reproduced at different sites.

All users are able to edit and save modified run files. If the run file is not saved with a new name, the previous run file data will be overwritten. If required, standard Windows file system write-protection mechanisms may be used to protect run-file data.

# 5.15 Working with run files

# 5.15.1 Template protocol run files

Template protocols are standardized run files that have been developed to directly support common extraction protocol applications.

Template protocol run files are "locked". Edit access is only permitted to update the lab notebook, set tip availability and modify sample selections and well IDs/barcodes. The fundamental processing structure of a template protocol run cannot be changed.

Two types of template protocol run files are supported:

- "QProtocol" template run files (QIAGEN Protocol)

QProtocol run files are validated by QIAGEN, and optionally include read-only protocol information which is displayed when the run is loaded. The protocol information typically describes the processing of the run, kit details, and references to other material relevant for the protocol. It can be displayed at any time by clicking **i** in the toolbar.

User Developed run files are derived from QProtocols, and differ from their original QProtocol only in the details of selected samples and identifications used in the run.

In practice, a QProtocol run is treated as a User Developed template as soon as it is loaded into the software. It is not possible to save a QProtocol run file as a QProtocol template. Instead, a loaded template run (either a QProtocol or a User Developed template) may be saved as a locked User Developed template, or the operator may explicitly unlock the template by clicking in the toolbar and save it as a conventional non-template run file.

When a template run is explicitly unlocked, any optional read-only protocol information initially provided by QIAGEN in the original template is removed from the run, because the structure of the protocol can be changed and may diverge from the original.

# 5.15.2 Obtaining run files

Run files (Section 5.14, page 102, for commonly used purification protocols are available from **www.qiagen.com/QIAcubeHT**. These may be distributed as conventional run files or as template run files.

Template run files are installed by default into the "QProtocols" folder of the software installation (typically C:\Program Files\QIAcubeHT\QProtocols). The presence of any valid template run files in this folder activates the appearance of the Protocols tab in the "New File..." dialog box.

Conventional run files can be stored in any convenient location, such as on the computer desktop or in the folder defined by the default path (usually C:\Program Files\QIAcubeHT\Data).

# 5.15.3 Opening new or existing run files

Create a new run file or open an existing run file as follows:

Select the **File > New** menu item or click the **New File...** toolbar icon to open a window for choosing options.

QIAcube HT		QIAGEN
New. Becent OProtocols		
Empty project. (last used layout)		<u>O</u> pen
Empty project. (default layout)		Cancel
Vacuum Extraction Protocol		
1	Sample & Assay T	1.1.1

The following options are available.

- To start a new project, select the **New** tab and choose **Empty Project (last used layout)** to create a run based on the most recently used workspace layout. Alternatively, choose **Empty Project (default layout)** to create a run based on the default layout as displayed after initial software installation.
- To create a new run file using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard, select the **New** tab and choose **Vacuum Extraction Protocol** (see Section 5.16, page 105).
- To open a previously saved run file, open the **Recent** tab, and select a file from the list of most recently used files, or click **Browse** to browse to the desired file. Double-click or choose **Open** to open the chosen run file.
- When template protocols are installed, the form offers a **QProtocols** tab. To open a template run file, open the **QProtocols** tab and select a file from the list of template run files.

QIAcube HT	QIAGEN
New Recent OProtocols	
mRNeasy 96 QLAcube HT V1_signed	Qpen Cancel
Sample & Assay Technologies	

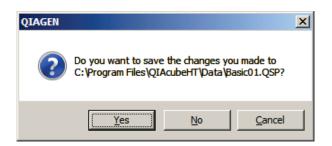
- Alternatively, click Cancel to exit the form. This creates an empty project with the last layout used.
- Use the File/Open... menu item or Open file... toolbar item to open an existing run file. Browse to the desired file. Doubleclick or choose Open to open the chosen run file.
- Use the **File/<number>** menu item for to select one of the eight most recently used run file; <number> is the indicated number of the used run file.

# 5.15.4 Saving run files

When a run file has been modified, it should be saved to preserve the changes.

Open the **File** > **Save As...** menu item or click the **Save file...** toolbar icon to save the run file. Both options allow the location and name of the file to be specified. The file can be saved in the same location with the same name (overwriting the existing file) or with a new name.

When attempting to create a new run file or open an existing run file while working on a modified run, a notification appears requesting the user to save the current modifications. This notification also appears when an attempt is made to exit the software (e.g., using the **File > Exit** menu item or clicking the cross in the title bar) while working with a modified run file.



Click **Yes** to save the changes and proceed with the requested operation. This action is the same as using the **File** > **Save As...** menu item or clicking the **Save file...** toolbar icon.

Click No to discard the changes and proceed with the requested operation.

Click Cancel to cancel the requested operation and return to working with the current modified run file.

# 5.16 Creating a run file with the "Vacuum extraction" wizard

Users with "Designer" rights can modify existing run files or create new run files using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard. For more information about user rights, see Section 5.12.5, page 87.

Before starting the wizard, we recommend that all worktable items to be used in the protocol (including reagent troughs, sample, lysis and capture plates, and tip racks) are specified in the workspace (Section 5.7, page 60) and calibrated (Section 5.12.5, page 87).

The wizard progresses through a sequence of steps to guide the protocol configuration process. Several of the steps appearing in the sequence are determined by parameters set in the first few steps within the wizard. The description in the following sections illustrates the typical sequence of steps displayed when using the wizard.

Once one or more steps have been completed, it is possible to navigate backward to modify earlier steps if necessary by clicking **Back**.

The wizard can be exited at any time by clicking **Close** in the wizard title bar. Exiting discards all changes made in the wizard and restores the configuration of the run file to the state prior to opening the wizard. A warning is presented.



On successful completion of the wizard using the **Finish** button of the wizard summary page, the software compiles the protocol configuration and updates the list of operations displayed in the reaction list in the right-hand pane. All reaction steps existing prior to opening the wizard are discarded.

# 5.16.1 Starting the "Vacuum extraction" wizard

The following options are available to open the "Vacuum extraction" wizard:

- Using the File > New menu item. This displays the option to create a new run. In the New tab, select Vacuum Extraction Protocol.
- Using the Wizards > Vacuum extraction wizard... menu item.
- Using the **Open wizard...** toolbar item.

The first step of the "Vacuum extraction" wizard appears.

# 5.16.2 "Vacuum extractor configuration wizard" step

The "Vacuum extractor configuration wizard" window allows configuration of parameters used in subsequent wizard steps and selections.

Vacuum extractor configuration wizard		
his wizard configures the robot to perform a vacuum extraction.   How are the samples to be introduced into the extraction procedure?	Vacuum extractor configuration wizard	
How many reagents are you eluting with (pro capture)?         If we many reagents are you eluting with (pro capture)?	troduction	
My samples are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             My samples are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             My angles are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             My angles are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             My angles are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             More actioned angles block loading into lysis plate (non a sample plate.             More manually load samples directly into the lysis plate loaded with lysis buffer during the nu.             Promy many reagents are you lysing with (pre capture)?             2             Mow many reagents are you eluting with (pre capture)?             2             Mow many reagents are you eluting with?	his wizard configures the robot to perform a vacuum extraction.	
My samples are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             My samples are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             My angles are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             My angles are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             My angles are preloaded into an empty lysis block.             More actioned angles block loading into lysis plate (non a sample plate.             More manually load samples directly into the lysis plate loaded with lysis buffer during the nu.             Promy many reagents are you lysing with (pre capture)?             2             Mow many reagents are you eluting with (pre capture)?             2             Mow many reagents are you eluting with?		
C I'd like the samples to be automatically pipetted into the jusis plate from a sample plate.     If Premix exitological sample before loading into Jusis plate?     Premix iterations:         4	ow are the samples to be introduced into the extraction procedure?	
If Premix autobaded samples before loading into lysis plate?       Premix Astations:       4       1<	My samples are preloaded into an empty lysis block.	
Prompt me to manually load samples directly into the lysis plate loaded with lysis buffer during the run.      Prompt me to manually load samples directly into the lysis plate loaded with lysis buffer during the run.      Prompt me to manually load samples directly into the lysis plate loaded with lysis buffer during the run.      How many reagents are you lysing with (pre capture)?     2 **      How many reagents are you eluting with (pre capture)?     2 **      How many reagents are you eluting with (pre capture)?     2 **      How many reagents are you eluting with ?     2 **	C I'd like the samples to be automatically pipetted into the lysis plate from a sample plate.	
Prompt me to manually load samples directly into the lysis plate loaded with lysis buffer during the run.      Plons     How many reagents are you waihing with (pre capture)?     2 *     How many reagents are you eluling with?     2 *	Premix autoloaded sample before loading into lusis plate? Premix Relations: 4 times	
Diplons How many reagents are you lysing with (pre capture)? 2 + How many reagents are you exiting with (post capture)? 3 + How many reagents are you eluting with? 2 +		
How many reagents are you lysing with (pre capture)? 2 * * How many reagents are you washing with (post capture)? 3 * * How many reagents are you eluting with? 2 * *	C Prompt me to manually load samples directly into the lysis plate loaded with lysis buffer during the run.	
How many reagents are you washing with (post capture)? 3 *	ptions	
How many reagents are you eluting with? 2 to	How many reagents are you lysing with (pre capture)? 2	
How many reagents are you eluting with? 2 to		
	How many reagents are you washing with (post capture)? 3	
	How many reagents are you eluting with?	
Wet capture plate before loading lysed samples?		
	Wet capture plate before loading lysed samples?	

1. Specify how the samples will be loaded.

The following options are available:

• My samples are preloaded into an empty lysis block

Samples are transferred to a lysis block that is manually loaded onto the worktable. Lysis buffer will be automatically added to the samples.

## O I'd like the samples to be automatically pipetted into the lysis plate from a sample plate

This option is used to aspirate the supernatant from digested and pelleted tissue samples into the lysis plate or, alternatively, to transfer an aliquot from a library plate to the lysis block for extraction. The sample plate is manually placed on the worktable and the supernatants or samples are subsequently transferred automatically to the lysis plate.

To mix the samples before transfer to the lysis plate, select **Premix autoloaded samples before loading into lysis plate?** and specify the number of times the samples should be mixed.

## O Prompt me to manually load samples directly into the lysis plate loaded with lysis buffer during the run

Lysis buffer is automatically transferred to the lysis plate and samples are subsequently loaded manually into the lysis plate during a pause in the protocol. For example, infectious material can be loaded directly into the lysis buffer in a safety cabinet, allowing the infectious material to be inactivated by the lysis buffer before transferring the lysis block to the instrument.

## 2. Enter a value for the How many reagents are you lysing with (pre-capture)? option.

This option specifies the number of lysis reagents to be dispensed onto the sample by the instrument, prior to the loading the lysate onto the capture plate.

The entered value determines the number of "Load Pre-Capture Reagent Steps" windows (Section 5.16.6, page 111) displayed subsequently by the "Vacuum extraction" wizard.

For example, when lysis involves processing with an enzymatic reagent followed by the addition of a binding reagent, the "Vacuum extraction" wizard displays 2 windows: One for specifying the addition of each reagent.

#### 3. Enter a value for the How many reagents are you washing with (post capture)? option.

This option specifies the number of wash reagents to be distributed to the capture plate after lysis and binding.

The entered value determines the number of "Wash Step1 to Wash Step n" windows (Section 5.16.8, page 113) displayed subsequently by the "Vacuum extraction" wizard.

The number of sequential washes for each reagent is specified in the corresponding "Wash Step1 to Wash Step n" window.

#### 4. Enter a value for the How many reagents are you eluting with? option.

This option specifies the number of elution reagents to be distributed to the capture plate after lysis, binding, washing, and drying.

The entered value determines the number of "Elution Step1 to Elution Step n" windows (see Section 5.16.10, page 115) displayed subsequently by the "Vacuum extraction" wizard.

The number of sequential elutions for each reagent is specified in the corresponding "Elution Step1 to Elution Step n" window. There are up to 6 elution steps possible.

# 5. Select **Wet capture plate before loading sample?** to include a step that wets the capture plate before the lysed samples are loaded.

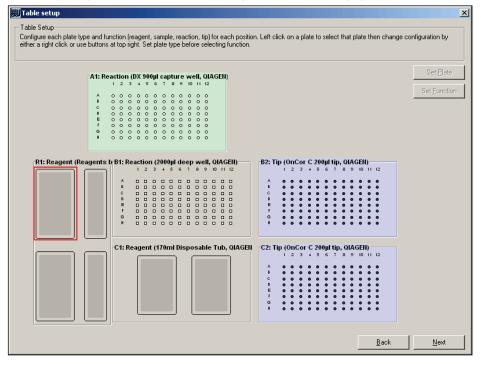
This step is not usually required for standard nucleic acid purification.

6. Click **Next** to continue.

# 5.16.3 "Table setup" step: Configuring the layout

The "Table setup" window specifies the workspace layout (Section 5.3, page 50), including the items (reagent troughs, sample and lysis plates, capture plate, and tips) and their position on the instrument worktable.

1. After completing the "Vacuum extractor configuration wizard" step (previous section), the "Table setup" window appears.



2. For each position to be used, select the position and click **Set Plate**. Alternatively, right-click the position and select **Change plate type** from the menu that appears.

For more details about restrictions for each position, see Section 5.3, page 50.

**Note**: Before configuring the size and position of reagent troughs for a new run file, calculate the volume of each reagent required to process 96 samples, and select an appropriate reagent trough configuration for the calculated volume. When reagent troughs are configured for processing fewer samples, the run file may need to be reconfigured for larger reagent troughs if more samples are processed in subsequent runs.

- 3. Specify the plate type by completing the information in the window that appears as described in Section 5.8.2, page 62.
- For each specified plate, select the plate and click Set Function. Alternatively, right-click the position and select Change plate function from the menu that appears.

Note: Plate type must be correctly specified before its function can be determined.

- 5. Specify the plate function by completing the window that appears as described in Section 5.8.4, page 63.
- 6. Click **Next** to continue.

# 5.16.4 "Configuration [1]" step

"Configuration [1]" specifies the primary run parameters that differ from run to run when using the same protocol processing configuration. In particular, this step permits configuration of the specific samples to be processed and the lot numbers of the plasticware and reagents to be entered (where necessary).

1. After completing the "Table Setup" step (previous section), the "Configuration [1]" step appears.

Wacuum Extraction Wizard - Configuration (1)	×
_ Introduction	
Please configure the following run options as well as which sample columns to perform extractions on.	
Configure run options:	
Consumables lot number	
Turn HEPA filter on automatically	
Reagent pack lot number	
Tracking required for conumables and reagent pack lot numbers?	
Please select which well columns to perform extractions on:	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	
<u>C</u> lear All <u>S</u> elect All	
Back Next	

- 2. Select **Turn HEPA filter on automatically** to automatically switch the HEPA filter on when the run starts and switch it off when the run is completed.
- 3. To track the plasticware pack, enter a value in the Consumable lot number field.

**Note**: This is only necessary when **Tracking required for consumables and reagent pack lot numbers?** is activated (e.g., from an existing protocol template).

4. To track the reagent pack, enter a value in the Consumable lot number field.

**Note**: This is only necessary when **Tracking required for consumables and reagent pack lot numbers?** is activated (e.g., from an existing protocol template).

- Select columns to be used for processing by clicking. Alternatively, click the Select All to select all columns. Selection can be cleared by clicking Clear All.
- 6. Click **Next** to continue.

# 5.16.5 "Configuration [2]" step

"Configuration [2]" specifies reagent trough parameters.

1. After completing the "Configuration [1]" step (previous section), the "Configuration [2]" step appears.

🔢 Yacuum Extraction Wizard - Configuration (2)	
┌ Reagent Entry-	
Setup reagents that are going to be used in the vacuum extraction. To setup your reagents click on the plate holding the reagents. Click Next to continue.	
A1: Reaction (DX 1000µl capture well, QIAGEN)	
R1: Reagent (Reagents bloch B1: Reaction (2000µl deep well, QIAGEII)	
C1: Reagent (170ml Disposable Tub, QIAGEII)	
Back Ne	ext

2. For each specified reagent trough, select a size that is appropriate for processing 96 samples, and click the position to open a window for specifying reagent details.

**Note**: Before configuring the size and position of reagent troughs for a new run file, calculate the volume of each reagent required to process 96 samples, and select an appropriate reagent trough configuration for the calculated volume. When reagent troughs are configured for processing fewer samples, the run file may need to be reconfigured for larger reagent troughs if more samples are processed in subsequent runs.

🛄 Pleas	e enter reagent details				×
Well	Reagent	Viscous?	Drip Pause(sec)	Extra Vol.(m	<u>o</u> k
A1	DXB	Ok	0	0	
					Clear <u>a</u> ll

3. Enter reagent details.

For more details, see Section 5.10.1, page 68.

**Important**: The extra volume prevents pipetting error due to volume loss from pipetting and evaporation and is affected by a number of variables, including the number of samples processed, the alcohol content of the reagent, the amount of time between starting the run and the use of the reagent, ambient temperature, airflow, reagent viscosity, and reagent trough size. The default value is 0.75 mL. Actual extra volumes must be empirically determined, and are commonly up to 7 mL.

The extra volume can be reduced to 0.35 mL when using expensive reagents that are not volatile, are used early in a run, and are placed on the worktable in a 70 mL reagent trough (cat. no. 990554) with the improved design. (The improved design has individual wells on the bottom of the trough to reduce the dead-volume).

We recommend the following extra volumes for most other reagents, particularly those containing alcohol.

- O 3 mL for the 70 mL reagent trough
- $\odot$  5 mL for the 170 mL reagent trough
- 4. Click **OK** to apply the changes and close the window.
- 5. Click **Next** to continue.

#### 5.16.6 "Load Pre-Capture Reagent 1" step

The "Load Pre-Capture Reagent 1" step specifies how the first lysis reagent and samples will be combined. Similar windows appear for each reagent to be used before capture.

1. After completing the "Configuration [2]" step (previous section), the "Load Pre-Capture Reagent 1" window appears.

Wacuum Extraction Wizard - Load Pre Capture Reagent 1		×
Load lysis     This step is for combining lysis buffer and samples in preparation for loading into the capture plate.		
Preloaded sample mode has been selected. The lysis plate is already prepared with samples.		
Select the reagent (lysis or equivalent) and volume		
Reagent:		
Reagent volume:		
Volume of sample to be used?		
Sample volume: 200 🔺 μl		
How often should the wells be mixed after ejection of this reagent?		
Number of times to mix: 6 times		
Wait period after combining lysis/sample before continuing?		
Incubation: Timed pause 00:10:00		
Mix samples during incubation		
Number of iterations: 1 Number of times to mix during each iteration: 1		
	Back	Next

Information in the "Load lysis" panel reflects the selections made in the "Vacuum Extractor Configuration Wizard" window (Section 5.16.2, page 106).

- 2. Select the first lysis reagent and volume to be processed.
- 3. Select the sample volume to be transferred.

Depending on previous selections, this sample volume is automatically aspirated from the sample plate into the empty lysis block or the sample volume (e.g., sample including any previously or manually added reagents) that is in the lysis block when placed on the instrument.

- 4. Specify the number of times the lysis reagent-sample mixture should be aspirated and distributed to ensure mixing.
- 5. If the lysis reagent-sample mixture requires incubation before continuing, select the type of incubation.

#### **Timed pause**

• Allows a time to be specified for incubation at room temperature (15–25°C).

#### Pause until user confirmation

- Pauses the protocol to allow incubation until a user action continues the protocol, allowing, for example, the lysis block to be removed from the instrument for incubation at elevated temperatures. This option provides a text field in which instructions can be entered.
- 6. If incubation time can include the time required for mixing, check the **Mix samples during incubation** checkbox. Specify the number of iterations (number of times the mixing routine is performed) and the number of times to mix during each iteration.
- 7. Click "Next" to continue.

**Note**: The total volume (i.e., lysis reagent and sample) must not exceed the working volume for the wells of the lysis plate. The working volume of a given plate is determined dynamically and not known until the wizard is completed. If the working volume is exceeded, a notification appears requiring the volumes to be adjusted accordingly before the protocol configuration can be finalized.



#### 5.16.7 "Load capture plate" step

The "Load capture plate" step specifies the amount of sample lysate that is transferred from the lysis plate to the capture plate. This step also allows vacuum processing to be specified.

1. After completing the "Load Pre-Capture Reagent" steps (previous section), the "Load capture plate" window appears.

🗱 Vacuum Extraction Wizard - Load Capture Plate	×
Coad capture plate	
This step loads lysed sample onto the capture plate. Depending on total volume to be loaded more than one vacuum cycle may be required.	
Total amount of lysed sample to be loaded into capture plate	_
Load volume: 600 🔺 μl	
The vacuum will be required 1 time(s).	
Vacuum	
Use vacuum at the end of each step? 🔽 2 Step vacuum? 🔽 3 Step vacuum?	
Vacuum run-time: 00:00:15 + 00:00:00 +	
Vacuum pressure: 25kPa V 0kPa V	
Wait for user confirmation before turning vacuum off?  Confirmation? Ignore Feedback?	
└─ Mix Options	
Premix lysed samples (in lysis plate) before loading into capture plate? Premix iterations:	
Back	

2. Specify the amount of lysate to be transferred from the lysis plate to the capture plate.

If the entered volume exceeds the working maximum capacity of the capture plate, the total volume to be transferred will be divided into multiple aliquots of equal volume. Each transfer cycle requires application of vacuum. The number of cycles required is displayed.

3. Specify vacuum processing.

For details, see Section 5.16.12, page 118.

- 4. Select the **Premix lysed samples [in lysis plate] before loading into capture plate?** to mix the sample and reagent before transferring the lysate to the capture plate. Enter the number of times the mixing routine should be performed in the **Premix iterations** field.
- 5. Click Next to continue.

# 5.16.8 "Wash step 1 to wash step n" step

The "Wash Step 1 to Wash Step n" step specifies washing steps. A window is provided for each wash step defined in the "How many reagents are you washing with (post capture)?" field of the "Vacuum extractor configuration wizard" step (Section 5.16.2, page 106). A similar window is shown for each wash reagent. Consecutive applications of the same wash reagent (iterations) are configured in the step for the wash.

1. After completing the "Load capture plate" step (previous section), the "Wash Step 1 to Wash Step n" window appears.

Wacuum Extraction Wizard - Wash Step 1		
r Wash step		
This step loads a reagent into the capture plate to 'wash' the sample.		
Select the reagent and volume		
Reagent Ta1		
Reagent volume: 200 * µl		
Wait period after loading reagent before proceeding?		
Incubation time: 00:00:00		
_ Vacuum?		
Use vacuum at the end of this step?		
Vacuum run-time: 00:00:15 * 00:00:00 *		
Vacuum pressure: 25kPa V 0kPa V		
Wait for user confirmation before turning vacuum off?		
_ Iterations?		
Perform this process 1 times.		
	Back	Next

- 2. Select the wash reagent and volume to be transferred at this step.
- 3. If the wash should be incubated at room temperature (15–25°C) on the capture plate before continuing, enter the incubation time.
- 4. Specify vacuum processing.

For details, see Section 5.16.12, page 118.

- 5. Select the number of times the wash reagent should be applied (iterations).
- 6. Click **Next** to continue.

## 5.16.9 "Dry sample" step

The "Dry Sample" step specifies conditions for drying samples on the membrane prior to elution.

1. After completing a "Wash Step 1 to Wash Step n" step for each wash reagent (previous section), the "Dry Sample" window appears.

Vacuum Extraction Wizard - Dry Samp	le					x
Dry Sample						
This step applies the vacuum or a pause to dr	y the sample prior to	elution. For a pause set	the Vacu	ium pressure to zero kP	э.	
Vacuum Use <u>v</u> acuum / pause?	<b>v</b>	2 Step vacuum 7	_	3 Step vacuum /	_	
Ose vacuum / pause /	I <b>v</b>	pause?		pause?		
Vacuum run-time / 00:00:15		00:00:00				
Vacuum pressure: 25kPa	T	0kPa	•			
Wait for user confirmation before proceeding Ignore Feedback?	]? □ ▼	Confirmation? Ignore Feedback?				
					<u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext

2. Specify vacuum processing.

For details, see Section 5.16.12, page 118.

The default is set at approximately 25 kPa for 5 minutes. The settings shown are for the DNA and virus protocols and are adequate for the DNA and virus capture plates.

3. Click **Next** to continue.

# 5.16.10 "Elution steps" step

Before the elution steps are processed, the QIAcube HT moves the transfer carriage with the capture plate from the waste side of the vacuum chamber to the elution side of the vacuum chamber.

The "Elution Steps" step specifies the conditions for eluting samples from the capture plate into the elution plate. A window is provided for each elution step defined in the **How many reagents are you eluting with?** field of the "Vacuum extractor configuration wizard" step (Section 5.16.2, page 106). A similar window is shown for each elution reagent. Consecutive applications of the same elution reagent (iterations) are configured in the step for the elution.

1. After completing the "Dry Sample" step (previous section), the "Elution Step 1 to Elution Step n" window appears.

Vacuum Extraction Wizard - Elution Step 1		
Elution Step		
This step moves the capture plate and elutes the final nucleic acid extraction products.		
Select the reagent and volume		
Reagent: AVE		
Reagent volume: 120 + ul		
User Pause before loading Reagent?		
Incubation		
Wait period after loading buffer before proceeding?		
Vacuum		
Use vacuum at the end of this step?		
Vacuum run-time: 00:07:00		
Vacuum pressure: 70kPa		
Wait for user confirmation before continuing?		
Postrun		
Perform this step		
	Back	Next

- 2. Select the elution reagent and volume to be transferred.
- 3. If a user interaction is required before transfer of the elution reagent, check the **User Pause before loading Reagent?** checkbox.

This pause allows the user to load a heated elution reagent and to check that the capture plate membrane has been properly dried before the elution reagent is applied.

4. If the elution reagent should be incubated at room temperature (15–25°C) on the capture plate before continuing, enter the incubation time.

Incubation allows the elution reagent to dissolve nucleic acids from the capture plate membrane.

5. Specify vacuum processing.

For details, see Section 5.16.12, page 118.

- 6. Select the number of times the elution reagent should be applied (iterations) in the Perform this step n times. field.
- 7. Use of TopElute fluid is made possible by specifying two elution steps. In the first elution step, an elution buffer is added but no vacuum is applied. In the second elution step, TopElute fluid is added to the elution buffer then vacuum is applied. TopElute fluid only partially passes the membrane thereby preventing the flow of air through empty wells.
- 8. Click **Next** to continue.

# 5.16.11 Wizard summary

At the completion of the "Vacuum extraction" wizard, the user is presented with a summary describing the specified run file.

Wizard Summary for : Untitled.QSP		2
QIAcube HT  Wizard Summary		
Processing		
Sample Introduction     Samples are preloaded into an empty lysis block		
Columns in Use		
1 Table Setup     Capture Plate - Reaction DX 900µl capture well, QIAGEN     Incubation Plate - Reaction 2000µl deep well, QIAGEN     The HEPA filter will not be automatically controlled     Consumables lot number: [not entered]     Reagent pack lot number: [not entered]		
• Reagent pack for number. Intrentered	Back	Einish

The report should be carefully checked. To return to completed steps and modify settings, click **Back**.

If the run file is correctly specified, click Finish.

Note: It is essential to complete the wizard using the Finish button to save all wizard configuration details for protocol processing.

The following options are available for the report.

- Print: Print the report
- Save: Save the report in HTML format
- Email: Save the report as an e-mail attachment
- MSWord: Save the report as a Microsoft Word® document

## 5.16.12 Specifying vacuum processing

The "Vacuum" panel appears in steps in which vacuum can be applied. Generally, vacuum is applied to draw liquids through the capture plate after each aliquot transfer. In addition, vacuum can be applied to dry the membrane.

Г	vacuum						
	Use <u>v</u> acuum at the end of	this step?	◄	2 Step Vacuum		3 Step Vacuum	
	Vacuum run-time:	00:00:15		00:00:00			
	Vacuum pressure:	35kPa	•	0kPa	•		
	Wait for user confirmation	before continuing?		Confirmation?			
				Ignore Feedback?			

#### Applying a vacuum

. .

To apply vacuum, check the Use vacuum at the end of this step? box.

Up to 3 separate and successive vacuum operations can be specified with the options that appear (e.g., "2-step Vacuum" for 2 separate vacuum operations).

For example, these steps can be configured to use a long duration of low-pressure vacuum followed by a short duration of high-pressure vacuum. Such a strategy allows liquids in all wells to be drawn through the membrane simultaneously.

#### Vacuum duration

Vacuum duration is specified in seconds in the Vacuum run-time field.

#### Vacuum pressure

Target vacuum pressure is specified in kilopascal (kPa) in the Vacuum pressure field.

The optimal vacuum pressure depends on a number of factors. The viscosity and nucleic acid concentration of the sample as well as the amount of protein and other non-particulate clogging material in the sample affects the optimal vacuum duration.

Set the duration for the slowest clearing sample.

Excessive vacuum may cause aerosol from the capture plate membrane, collapse of the capture plate membrane, drying of salts and detergents onto the membrane, and foaming.

Insufficient vacuum may cause reduced performance and, when drying membranes, require longer drying times.

#### Not applying vacuum

When not using the **Use vacuum at the end of this step?** option, the vacuum will not be applied. The reagent from the previous step is not drawn through the membrane, and remains in the well so that the reagent of the specified step is added to it.

An additional incubation can be specified by setting the vacuum to 0 kPa. In this case, the vacuum run-time is the incubation time.

#### Optional pause after vacuum application

The **Wait for user confirmation before turning vacuum off?** checkbox pauses the protocol after the specified vacuum run-time has elapsed by releasing the vacuum. The user can now decide either to switch on the vacuum again or to continue. This option allows the user to experiment with vacuum times for each sample type.

#### Optional vacuum setpoint ignoring feedback

The **Ignore feedback?** option requests the software to set the target vacuum pressure and ignore the actual pressure achieved, enabling the vacuum to be applied for the specified duration without actually achieving the intended target. This is useful only during drying operations, and is only displayed for contexts where drying is appropriate.

# 5.17 Setting run parameters

**Run Settings** functions specify run parameters that define specific characteristics of pipetting operations, including pipetting speeds, air volumes, and tip use. Run settings are stored with the run file and allow the protocol to be reproduced on another instrument.

New program settings can be set as default or original defaults can be restored.

Run Settings functions are accessed from the menu bar (Options > Run Settings).

#### 5.17.1 Configuring tip air intake

The **Configure tip air intake...** option allows the user to set the volume of air the pipetting head takes up before aspirating liquid. The air is subsequently blown out after liquid ejection to clear the tip. Higher air volumes may assist when pipetting viscous liquids.

Air volumes are set separately for different classes of liquids (e.g., samples and reagents).

We recommend O µL as the air intake volume for QIAcube HT applications.

Configure air intake volumes as follows:

1. From the **Options** menu in the menu bar, select **Run Settings** > **Configure tip air intake...**.

The "Configure tip air intake" dialog box appears.

Configure Tip Air Intake								
Air Volume		<u>o</u> k						
These values control the a is taken up by the pipetting taking liquid from the plate	t	<u>C</u> ancel						
Samples:	0	·μ						
Reagent:		- μl						
Standards:		· μl						
Diluent and master mix:	0	· μl						
Intermediate reactions:	0	• μΙ •	Restore <u>D</u> efaults					

2. Specify air intake volumes.

Values can be reset to defaults by clicking **Restore Defaults**.

3. Click **OK** to apply the settings and close the dialog box.

# 5.17.2 Configuring pipet speed

The Configure pipet speed... option allows the pipetting speed of liquid aspiration and dispensing to be controlled.

Pipetting speeds are set separately for different classes of liquids (e.g., samples and reagents). In addition, the pipetting speed for mixing operations can also be set.

We recommend using the default speed (450 µL/s) for liquid pipetting and the fastest speed for mixing to ensure efficient mixing.

Slower speeds can be chosen for pipetting viscous liquids. When specifying reagent troughs for a layout, the reagent can be defined as "normal" or "viscous" (see Section 5.9, page 64).

Settings can be returned to default values with the Options > Run Settings > Reset settings to factory defaults option.

Configure pipetting speeds as follows:

1. From the **Options** menu in the menu bar, select **Run Settings** > **Configure pipet speed...**.

The "Configure Pipetting Options" window appears.

🛄 Configure Pip	petting Options		<u>×</u>
Sample speed 60 µl/sec	Current speed: 450 µl/sec	450 μl/sec	Diluent and master mix speed 60 μl/sec Current speed: 450 μl/sec 450 μl/sec Cancel
Reagent speed 60 µl/sec	(normal) Current speed: 450 μl/sec	450 µl/sec	Intermediate reaction speed           60 μl/sec         Current speed: 450 μl/sec
Reagent speed 60 μl/sec 	l (viscous) Current speed: 210 µl/sec	450 μl/sec	
- Standards spee 60 μl/sec	:d Current speed: 450 μl/sec	450 μl/sec	Mixing speed *         * To ensure best           60 μl/sec         Current speed: 450 μl/sec         450 μl/sec

- 2. Specify pipetting speeds.
- 3. Click **OK** to apply the settings and close the window.

# 5.17.3 Using liquid-level tracking

The **Use liquid level when pipetting?** option sets the liquid-level tracking mode, which determines how tips are placed in liquids for pipetting operations.

Configure liquid-level tracking as follows:

- 1. From the **Options** menu in the menu bar, select **Run Settings** > **Use liquid level when pipetting?**.
- 2. Select an option from the menu that appears:
  - O Do not use liquid level.

Tip is placed at the bottom of the plate or reagent trough for aspirating and dispensing tasks.

O Detect liquid level using sensor.

Function is not available on the QIAcube HT and selection is inactive.

O Use liquid level estimate.

Default. Software tracks liquid transfer and calculates volumes present in plates or reagent troughs, allowing tips to be placed near the estimated liquid surface to minimize contact during aspirating and dispensing tasks.

Note: Use default "Use liquid level estimate" setting unless advised by QIAGEN Technical Services.

## 5.17.4 Configuring error reporting

The **Ignore errors during run?** option allows the error reporting during a run to be configured.

All errors are reported in the post-run report, regardless of the setting chosen for this parameter. This feature cannot be disabled.

Configure error reporting as follows:

- 1. From the Options menu in the menu bar, select Run Settings > Ignore errors during run?.
- 2. In the window that appears, select an option:
  - O Interrupt run on all errors.

Default. All warnings and errors that occur during the run are reported. User intervention is required every time an error occurs.

O Interrupt run on serious errors.

Only serious or fatal errors that occur during the run are reported and require user intervention.

O Ignore all errors.

All errors occurring during the run are ignored. No user intervention is required.

3. Click **OK** to apply the settings and close the window.

### 5.17.5 Setting tip use options

The **Set tip usage options...** option allows the user to manage tip use. The number of tips required to complete a protocol can be reduced drastically by using this option.

Configure tip use as follows:

- 1. From the **Options** menu in the menu bar, select **Run Settings** > **Set tip usage options...**.
- 2. In the dialog box that appears, select an option from the drop-down list.

For runs compiled using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard:

Programmed tip usage (for NA Extraction)

This option ensures no cross-contamination can occur during reagent addition and sample transfer, but reduces costs by re-using tips during intra-sample mixing operations.

🧱 Tip Usage	×
Settings	<u>о</u> к
Programmed tip usage (for NA extraction).	Cancel
Will re-use tips where possible and will replace tips (without washing them). These replaced tips will be used further in the run if the contaminants on the tip match the contents of the source and destination wells.	
Maximum number of times to re-use tips?	
Discard replaced tips at end of run?	

For runs not compiled using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard:

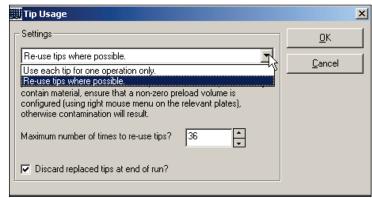
#### • Use Each Tip for one Operation Only.

One tip is used for each aspirate-eject cycle. This option uses a large number of tips.

#### $\circ$ Re-use tips where possible.

This option uses a simple optimization strategy to reuse tips where possible.

**Important**: When using this option, ensure that plates containing liquid are assigned a non-zero preload volume (rightclick the plate to select and set this value, see Section 5.10.2, page 69), otherwise contamination may result.



3. Click **OK** to apply the settings and close the dialog box.

# 5.17.6 Setting the default file location

The **Set default file location...** option sets the location for all saved files to the default path, **C:\Program Files\QlAcubeHT\Data**. This directory contains run files as well as sub-directories for log files, reports, and support packages. When the default file location is changed, the location of the subdirectories is also changed correspondingly.

Set file location to the default as follows:

- 1. From the **Options** menu in the menu bar, select **Run Settings** > **Set default file location...?**.
  - A dialog box for browsing to the folder appears. Browse for Folder × Please select a default folder location for storage of runfiles, reports, logs and other user data. 🖃 퉲 QIAcubeHT \* AccDefs Ξ 📗 Data Logs Premade Reports SupportPackages + Help HTML Integration + Þ OK Cancel
- 2. Select the new folder to be used as the default for file location.
- 3. Click **OK** to apply the settings and close the dialog box. If required, subdirectories will be generated automatically in the new file location. No changes are made to the original default file location and all files are retained.

## 5.17.7 Resetting to default values

The Reset settings to factory defaults option allows all options in the Options menu to reset to the original preinstalled default.

Reset to original defaults as follows:

1. From the Options menu in the menu bar, select Run Settings/Reset settings to factory defaults?.

The following table lists the original default settings.

Option	Original default
Error Mode	Do not ignore errors.
Pipetting Speeds	450 μL/s for all liquid classes except viscous reagent, which is set to 210 μL/s.
Air Volumes	Ο μL for all liquid classes.
Tip Re-use	For runs compiled using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard: Programmed tip usage (for NA purification) For runs not compiled using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard: Use each tip for one operation only.
Use liquid level when pipetting?	Estimate.

Use liquid level when pipetting?

2. Click Yes to apply the settings and close the dialog box.

#### 5.17.8 Saving current settings as new defaults

The Save current settings as new defaults? option allows the current settings available from the Options menu to be set as the default. These settings are subsequently used as default options for new runs created from the Empty project (last used layout) or Empty project (default layout) selections made from the New runs or Recent runs window (see Section 5.2, page 48).

Note: Calibration settings are saved separately and cannot be reset with this option.

To save current settings as new defaults, ensure that run settings in the "Options" menu are set as desired, and select the "Run Settings > Save current settings as new defaults?" option.

To restore original preinstalled defaults for all settings, see Section 5.17.7, page 125.

#### 5.17.9 Setting system color configuration

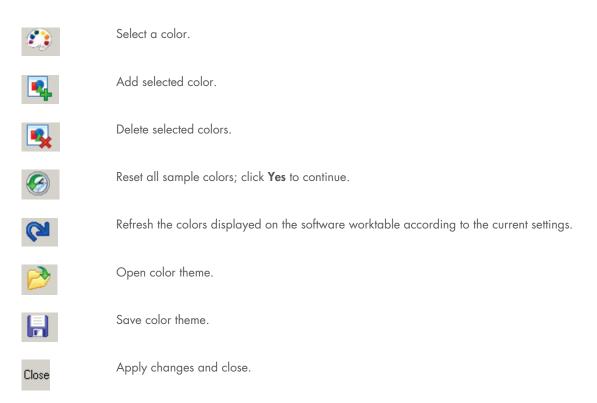
The "System color configuration" option allows system color configuration to be modified according to preference.

From the **Options** menu in the menu bar, select **Run Settings** > **System color configuration**.

The "Sample Color Configuration" dialog box appears.

Color	Selection	
•	Selection	
•	Hovering	
•	Indicate Target	
•	Indicate Source	
•	Reaction Liquid	
•	Reaction Sample Bank	
•	Reaction Target	2
		<del>2</del>

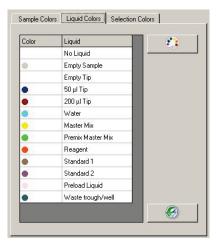
In each tab, select the color to be modified. Use the following tools to configure new colors:



Open the **Sample Colors** tab, and select colors used for samples.

Color	No.	
•	1	
•	2	
•	3	
•	4	

Open the Liquid Colors tab, and select colors used for reagents and other liquids.



Open the **Selection Colors** tab and select colors used for liquid functions and for representation of members of a sample bank, as well as for selection and highlighting.

Color	Selection	<b>1</b>
•	Selection	
•	Hovering	
• 7	Indicate Target	
•	Indicate Source	
•	Reaction Liquid	
•	Reaction Sample Bank	
	Reaction Target	

#### 5.17.10 Setting shutdown beep

By default, the software issues a beep when shutdown is completed after exiting the software. The beep may sound up to 3 seconds after the workspace displayed by the software closes.

From the Options menu in the menu bar, select Run Settings > Shutdown beep? to enable and disable this feature.

#### 5.17.11 Setting the screen saver operation

By default, the software inhibits the operation of screensavers to ensure that the user interface is always available while the QIAcube HT Software is running.

From the Options menu in the menu bar, select Run Settings > Allow screensaver? to enable and disable the screen saver.

Note: The screensaver is configured separately using Windows display or power management functions.

#### 5.17.12 Generating filenames for reaction data export

By default, when using the reaction data export function, the user must provide a file name for exported data. From the **Options** menu in the menu bar, select **Run Settings** > **Generate filenames for reaction exports?** option to enable or disable the software to automatically generate a unique file name for reaction exports.

The generated file name is based on the run file name, time, and date for export.

# 5.18 Controlling communication and accessories

The software provides functions to configure the communications interface with the instrument, to operate UV lamp and HEPA filter accessory functions, and to monitor the status of the service schedule for the instrument.

#### 5.18.1 Selecting a COM port

The COM port is configured at installation (see Section 4.8, page 44) and will normally be determined automatically. If necessary, the selection can be changed manually using the "Virtual" mode (see Section 5.1.2, page 47).

Change the COM port manually as follows:

- 1. Run the QIAcube HT Software in the "Virtual" mode.
- 2. From the Options menu in the menu bar, select "Robot Setup/COM port".
- 3. Select the appropriate port from the dialog box that appears.
- 4. Exit and restart the software.

If the port is set properly, the software can communicate with the instrument and opens in the "Normal" mode by default.

#### 5.18.2 Using the service register

The service register describes the current status of maintenance alert notification records that are associated with the instrument. The software maintains a schedule of required service activities in this service register.

When a scheduled maintenance activity is due, a service alert notification is generated.

If the system has any unacknowledged service alert notifications, 😤 in the toolbar is marked with a red exclamation mark.

Acknowledge service alert notifications as follows:

1. From the "Options" menu in the menu bar, select "Robot Setup > Service register".

The "Service Register" dialog box appears.

💹 Service Register			×
Item	Due Date	Acknowledged By	Acknowledge Date
Pipettor	18 Jun 2010 04:38:51 PM		
Hepa Filter	18 Dec 2009 04:38:51 PM	/	
Vacuum Filter	18 Dec 2009 04:38:51 PM		
Pinch Valve	18 Sep 2009 04:38:51 PM		
l Component	Hepa Filter	Due Date	18 Dec 2009 04:38:51 PM
Reason	Period between services: 6M Last service date: 18 Jun 2005	) 04:38:51 PM (from In	stallation)
Acknowledge Date	18 Aug 2009 09:11:31 AM	Acknowledged By	۶ Admin
Comment			
			×
		Acknowledge Servio	ce Exit

The component that requires service most urgently is selected (i.e., "HEPA Filter" in the figure above).

Maintenance activities that are scheduled for future dates are displayed as green records. When a scheduled maintenance activity is due, the record is displayed in red.

The table provides information about previous acknowledgments:

ltem	Component to be serviced.
Due Date	Date service is required.
Acknowledged By	Name of the user completing the last service acknowledgement.
Acknowledge Date	Date and time the user completing the last service acknowledgement.

The following fields are available for acknowledging service:

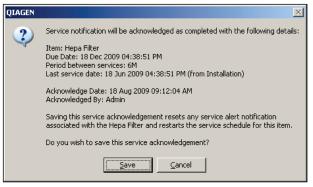
Component	Component to be serviced.
Due Date	Date service is required.
Reason	Information about servicing frequency and requirements.
Acknowledgment Date	Current date and time.
Acknowledged By	Name of the current user.
Comment	Service comments entered by the user.

Clicking **Acknowledge Service** confirms that the selected service has been completed and applies the information in the fields.

Clicking **Exit** closes the dialog box.

- 2. To acknowledge a service, select the component that has been serviced.
- 3. Enter your user name in the Acknowledged By field.
- 4. If desired, enter additional details about the service in the **Comment** field.
- 5. Click Acknowledge Service.

A message appears, summarizing the service acknowledgment.



6. Click **Save** to save the service acknowledgment.

The acknowledged service is listed black in the "Service Register" dialog box. In addition, the component is indicated in green, as a reminder of a future service.

Note: Once a service has been acknowledged and saved, it cannot be edited.

**Note**: A component can be serviced at any time – regardless of whether it is indicated in red in the "Service Register" dialog box.

**Note**: Volume calibration must be done before starting the first run after acknowledging a pipettor service. If no volume calibration has been done, an error is shown at the start of a run.

### 5.18.3 Using the UV lamp

UV lamp options are set with options in the menu bar and toolbar. For more information about the UV lamp, including prerequisites for use, see Section 4.4.1, page 34.

Enable the UV lamp as follows:

1. Ensure the UV lamp is enabled.

The UV lamp hardware is automatically detected by the software. When the UV lamp is operational, "Options/Robot setup/Enable UV light (robot has lamp)" is automatically checked and the UV lamp icon is active in the toolbar – as shown in step 3.

- 2. Ensure that the instrument lid is tightly closed.
- 3. Click 🞐 in the toolbar. The "UV Lamp Control" dialog box appears.

U¥ Lamp Control	
Status	Close
Lid status: Closed or not installed	
Lamp status: Inactive (OFF)	
Timed Control	
Activate UV lamp for: 00:15:00	
Start	
<u></u>	
Close software when UV finishes?	
Manual Control	
Enable Lamp Disable Lamp	

- 4. Specify the irradiation.
  - For manual control: Click Enable Lamp to start irradiation. To end irradiation, click Disable Lamp.
     Note: Under manual control, the robotic arm does not move and shadowing results.
  - For timed operation: Set the exposure time (1 second to 30 minutes) in the Activate UV lamp for: field, and click Start. After the elapsed time, the robotic arm returns to the rear, right resting position and the UV lamp turns off automatically. The software can be set to shut down after the duration has elapsed and the UV lamp is switched off by selecting "Close software when UV finishes?".

**Note**: If the UV lamp icon is grayed out in the toolbar, the UV lamp is not available. In this case check whether the UV tubular lamp is installed and if it is working correctly.

# 5.18.4 Using the HEPA filter

The HEPA filter is turned on and off with options in toolbar. For more information about the HEPA filter see Section 4.4.2, page 34.

Turn the HEPA filter on or off as follows:

- 1. Ensure the HEPA filter is connected to the QIAcube HT with the accessory cable before switching on the instrument and initializing the software.
- Click in the toolbar to toggle the HEPA fan on and off.
   The color of the symbol indicates whether the fan is on (green) or off (red).

# 6 Operating Procedures

# 6.1 Switching on the QIAcube HT

Before attempting to use the QIAcube HT, ensure that the instrument has been properly installed and all tubing and cable connections are in order. In addition, the QIAcube HT Software must be installed properly and the connection to the laptop must be configured correctly. For more details, see Section 4, page 32.

Switch on the QIAcube HT follows:

1. Switch on the QIAcube HT using the power switch located at the rear of the instrument on the lower left panel. Wait until the instrument is initialized before proceeding.

The instrument is initialized and ready to communicate when the pipetting head is raised to the top position.

- 2. Ensure that the vacuum station unit is attached to mains power (either directly or through an IEC connection to the QIAcube HT) and is switched on.
- 3. Switch on the connected laptop and wait for the operating system to complete startup.
- 4. Start the QIAcube HT Software (see Section 5.2, page 48).
- 5. If the software opens in the "Normal" mode (see Section 5.1, page 47), the QIAcube HT can be used.

For information about running protocols, see Section 6.2, page 133.

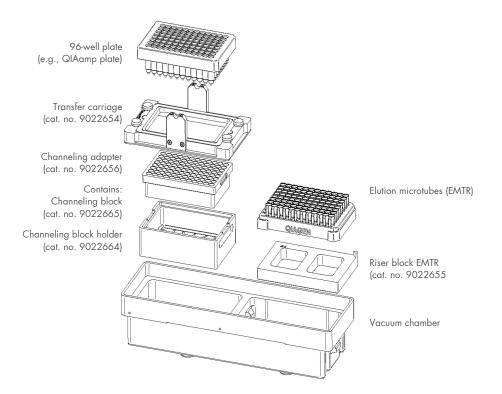
If the software opens in the "Virtual" mode (see Section 5.1.2, page 47), it may be necessary to properly configure the COM port before the instrument can be used. For more details, see Section 5.18.1, page 128.

# 6.2 Assembling the vacuum chamber

# 6.2.1 For plates from QIAcube HT kits

All QIAcube HT instruments are delivered with the vacuum chamber components for dedicated QIAcube HT kits. To upgrade your QIAxtractor instrument to process the dedicated QIAcube HT kits, QIAcube HT Software version 4.17.1 or higher and the Accessories Pack, QXT are required (see Appendix C – Ordering Information).

The following figure illustrates the assembly of the vacuum chamber.



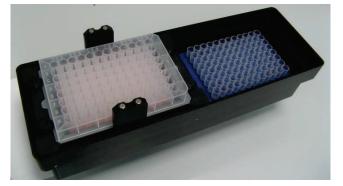
For more information about available kits and protocols for the QIAcube HT, please visit **www.qiagen.com/QIAcubeHT**, or contact QIAGEN Technical Services.

- 1. Insert the channeling block holder into the left (waste) chamber of the vacuum chamber.
- 2. Press firmly on the sides of the channeling block holder to seat it in the chamber, sealing the O-ring on the spigot into the drain.
- 3. Afterwards place the channeling block into the channeling block holder.



- 4. Place the capture plate in the transfer carriage.
- 5. Load the carriage with capture plate into the left (waste) compartment of the vacuum chamber.

6. Ensure that the carriage is positioned to the left inside the vacuum chamber.



- 7. Place the riser block EMTR in the right (elution) side of the vacuum chamber with the pin of the riser block EMTR in the right top position.
- 8. Load an elution microtubes rack (EMTR) into the elution chamber.

# 6.3 QIAcube HT protocols

Protocols are a complete set of processing instructions defined in a run file. For more information about run files, see Section 5.14, page 102.

To process dedicated QIAcube HT kits on the QIAxtractor instrument, QIAcube HT Software version 4.8 or higher is needed together with the Accessories Pack, QXT (see Appendix C – Ordering Information).

For more information about available kits and protocols for the QIAcube HT, please visit **www.qiagen.com/QIAcubeHT**, or contact QIAGEN Technical Services.

Standard protocols require standard sample volumes (e.g., 200 µL), see kit handbook accompanying the product for details and ordering information. Processing larger sample volumes requires that reagent volumes are increased accordingly.

The "Vacuum extraction" wizard allows users to modify standard run files for their individual requirements. Advanced users can use the "Vacuum extraction" wizard to create new run files. For more details about the "Vacuum extraction" wizard, see Section 5.16, page 105.

Before attempting to run a protocol, ensure:

- The appropriate run file is available and you are familiar with it.
- You are familiar with all documentation provided with the run file or product.
- All required reagents and plasticware are available.
- Samples are prepared correctly.
- You are familiar with the assembly of the vacuum chamber (Section 6.2, page 133).

Before attempting to run a standard protocol, be sure to read the handbook and any documents accompanying the run file. These documents contain important information about samples and sample preparation as well as protocol-specific instructions.

### 6.3.1 Performing a protocol

Perform a protocol as follows:

1. Place the tip chute on the worktable and ensure that it is over the tip disposal box.

Ensure that the tip discard chute is open and clear.

Ensure that the tip disposal box is empty and aligned to the tip disposal box holder fitting with the tip discard chute unobstructed (e.g., ensure that the UV cover has been removed).

2. Switch on the QIAcube HT instrument and the connected laptop.

We recommend leaving the vacuum station switched on at all times.

For more information, see Section 5.1, page 47.

3. Ensure the UV lamp is switched off.

For more information, see Section 5.18, page 128.

- Launch the QIAcube HT Software. Ensure that the QIAcube HT software launches in "Normal" mode. For more information, see Section 6.1, page 133.
- 5. Open the appropriate QIAcube HT run file corresponding to the desired protocol.

For more information about run files, see Section 5.14, page 102.

6. Ensure all plates to be used in the protocol are correctly calibrated (position and height).

For more information calibration, see Section 5.12.5, page 87.

- 7. Click in the toolbar and configure the sample columns to be processed on the "Configuration [1]" screen of the "Vacuum extraction" wizard. For more information, see Section 5.16.4, page 109. Complete the wizard and allow the software to update the workspace display.
- 8. As instructed by the protocol, prepare the following and place in the specified positions on the worktable:
  - O Reagent troughs containing reagents
  - Tip racks and tips
  - O Sample plate containing samples
  - O Additional processing plates (e.g., lysis, capture)
  - O Accessories

**Note**: If fewer than 12 columns (96 wells) are to be processed, cover the unused columns of the capture plate with adhesive tape (supplied). Unused columns must be covered to ensure proper vacuum operation.

Trim any excess tape to avoid protocol errors.

**Note**: Do not reuse the capture, lysis, or elution plates, even if some wells were not used, as handling plasticware between runs is a potential source of cross-contamination.

Note: Discard used silicone mats.

**Note**: In the sample plate or preloaded lysis plate, unused wells in any column containing samples to process must contain water or buffer. To avoid foaming, the volume added to unused wells should be the same as the sample volume.

9. Ensure that lids have been removed from all plates.

10. Check the tip availability and correct if necessary.

For more information, see Section 5.9.2, page 66.

- If vacuum processing is required, prepare the vacuum chamber.
   For more information, see Section 6.2, page 133.
- 12. If required, turn on the HEPA filter.

For more information, see Section 5.18.4, page 132.

- 13. Ensure that reagents are correctly prepared and loaded in correct volumes into the corresponding troughs on the worktable as displayed on the workspace display.
- 14. Ensure that the vacuum station liquid waste bottle is no more than half full to prevent the risk of filter blockage during the run. For more information, see Section 7.2.1, page 146.
- 15. To start a run, click 🝳 in the toolbar. The pre-run checklist appears.
- 16. Perform the pre-run check.

After ensuring that each item in the checklist has been implemented correctly, check the box to the left of the item. **Note**: Because the instrument does not sense the state of all items on the worktable, it is necessary that the user confirm that the worktable is set up correctly.

For more information about pre-run check warnings, see Section 6.3.3, page 139.

- If desired, generate a pre-run report by clicking Pre-Run Report.
   For more details, see Section 6.3.2, page 138.
- 18. After completing the pre-run checklist, click **OK** to start the run.

The **OK** button is disabled until all pre-run check conditions have been met.

The protocol starts.

Progress of the run is displayed in the right-hand pane. The status of tasks is listed as "ACTIVE" or "COMPLETE".

- 19. When the protocol has been completed, cover the elution plate with the lid and remove from the elution chamber.
- 20. Discard any silicone mats, other used plasticware, and liquid waste.
- 21. Clean the instrument and accessories.

For more details, see Section 7.2, page 146.

## 6.3.2 Pre-run report

When performing a protocol, a pre-run report can be prepared from the pre-run check (see Section 6.3.1, page 136) from the **Wizards/Generate Report...** menu item, or by using the **Generate pre-run report...** toolbar item.

Acube <u>H</u>	T   Pre-Run Report QIAGE
Runfile	Filename : C\\Program Files\QIAcubeHT\Data\Basic01.QSP Username (Role): <b>QIAGEN-PC/QIAcube User (QIAcube</b> <b>HT Operator)</b>
Software Version	QIAGEN QIAcube HT Version 4.17.0 (Build 08)
Instrument Details	Running in virtual mode
Run Time	Duration : 42 minutes (Estimated)

Image: Save	and part of the	Intitled.QSP			
Description Manufacturer Part No     2 x 170ml, 2 x 70ml Disposable Reagent Tubs OLAGEN     At       Well     Tube     Contents     User supplied initial volume       A1     170ml Disposable Tub     Reagent 1     8.6 ml       A2     70ml Disposable Tub     Reagent 2     8.2 ml       Position A1 - Vacuum Plate (96 well)     Description Manufacturer     DX 900µl capture well, OLAGEN OLAGEN       Description Manufacturer     DX 900µl capture well, OLAGEN OLAGEN     User supplied initial volume       Well     Tube     Contents     User supplied initial volume					Close
Description Manufacturer Part No     2 x 170ml, 2 x 70ml Disposable Reagent Tubs OLAGEN 990656 / 990554 (Corbett: 2136 / 2137)     A1       Well     Tube     Contents     User supplied initial volume       A1     170ml Disposable Tub     Reagent 1     8.6 ml       A2     70ml Disposable Tub     Reagent 2     8.2 ml       Position A1 - Vacuum Plate (96 well)     Description Diagent 2     No     90091 (Corbett: 2273)       Well     Tube     Contents     User supplied initial volume					
A1         170ml Disposable Tub         Reagent 1         8.6 ml           A2         70ml Disposable Tub         R 3         12.6 ml           B1         170ml Disposable Tub         Reagent 2         8.2 ml           Position A1 - Vacuum Plate (96 well)           Description         DX 900µl capture well, QIAGEN         Image: Colspan="2">Mail B1           Mandacturer         QIAGEN         Image: Colspan="2">Mail B1           Part No         950011 (Corbett: 2273)         Vacuum Block         Image: Contents         User supplied initial volume           Well         Tube         Contents         User supplied initial volume	Position	Description Manufacturer	2 x 170ml, 2 x 70ml Disposable Reagent Tubs QIAGEN	B1 B2	
A1         170ml Disposable Tub         Regent 1         8.6 ml           A2         720ml Disposable Tub         R 3         12.6 ml           B1         170ml Disposable Tub         R agent 2         8.2 ml           Position A1 - Vacuum Plate (96 well)           Description         DX 900µl capture well, QIAGEN         Image: Colspan="2">Mandacture: QIAGEN           Part No         950011 (Conbett: 2273)         Vacuum Block         Image: Contents         User supplied initial volume           Well         Tube         Contents         User supplied initial volume         Image: Contents	Well	Tube	Contents	User supplied initial volume	
A2     70ml Disposable Tub     R 3     12.6 ml       B1     170ml Disposable Tub     Reagent 2     8.2 ml         Position A1 - Vacuum Plate (96 well)       Description     DX 900µl capture well, OIAGEN       Manufacturer     OIAGEN       Pan No     960₽11 (Corbett: 2273)       Accessory     Vacuum Block         Well     Tube     Contents     User supplied initial volume		170ml Disposable Tub			
B1     170ml Disposable Tub     Reagent 2     8.2 ml       Position A1 - Vacuum Plate (96 well)       Description     DX 900µl capture well, OIAGEN       Manufacturer     QIAGEN       Part No     950911 (Corbett: 2273)       Accessory     Vacuum Block					
Position A1 - Vacuum Plate (96 well)       Description       DX 900µl capture well, QIAGEN       Manufacturer     QIAGEN       Part No     950911 (Corbett: 2273)       Accessory     Vacuum Block       Well     Tube     Contents       User supplied initial volume	B1		Reagent 2	8.2 ml	
		Manufacturer Part No	QIAGEN 950911 (Corbett: 2273)	R1	
	Well	Tube	Contents	User supplied initial volume	
Position B1 - 96 well plate (vertical) Description Manufacturer Part No 04AGEN Lysis 96 Well Square 2000µl Clear Deep Well ClAGEN Part No 090000 (Corbett: 2271) ClageN	Position	Description Manufacturer	QIAGEN Lysis 96 Well Square 2000µl Clear Deep Well QIAGEN	B1 B2	
Well Tube Contents User supplied initial volume					

The pre-run report contains the following information:

- Name of the run file
- Name of the user performing the protocol
- Version of QIAcube HT Software
- Mode ("Normal" or "Virtual") in which the instrument is running
- The instrument type and serial number, when operating in "Normal" mode
- Workspace layout and volumes of reagents
- Estimated run duration
- Selected run settings, including air volumes and pipetting speeds

The following options are available for the report.

- Print: Print
- Save: Save in HTML format
- Email: Save as an e-mail attachment
- MSWord: Save as a Microsoft Word document

Close the pre-run report by clicking **Close**.

# 6.3.3 Pre-run check errors and warnings

When errors or warnings are detected in the run configuration, 🚨 is displayed in the toolbar.

Clicking 📥 displays the pre-run checklist, which enables details of the configuration issues to be displayed.

Items indicated in blue in the pre-run checklist are warnings. These can be acknowledged. Items indicated in red are errors and cannot be acknowledged. All items must be acknowledged to activate the **OK** button in order to start the run.

Click 📥 to display a description of the error in the lower panel.

Pre-run error messages are logged and saved in diagnostic support packages.

Examples of errors are listed below.

- "Insufficient tips" tip availability calculations indicate that the number of available tips is not sufficient for the run
- "Well Too Full" reagent volume calculations indicate that the reagent parameters are set to add a volume that is greater than the well capacity
- "Well Too Small" reagent volume calculations indicate that the reagent parameters are set to pipet a volume that is smaller than the minimum required for accurate pipetting
- "Volume Too Small" reagent volume calculations indicate that the reagent parameters are set to pipet a larger volume than is available in a well
- "Not Enough Output Wells" specified processing instructions require more wells in a plate than are available

- "Operation Impossible" a task (or combination of tasks) in the reaction list cannot be performed
- "Bad Plate Config" plate configuration cannot be used

For system error messages and codes, see Section 8.2, page 157.

#### 6.3.4 In-run open system/open circuit test

For every protocol run which uses the vacuum pump, an "Open System" or "Open Circuit" test is performed as the first step of the run. This step is implicit in the run and cannot be removed or skipped. The intention of this step is to verify correct setup of the vacuum subsystem, ensuring that the bottle and tubing are correctly connected.

During this test, the software applies a specific vacuum pressure and monitors the achieved value. If the achieved pressure is too high, this implies a blockage in the filter, a kinked hose, an incorrect connection with the bottle, or some other constriction of the air flow. If the achieved pressure is too low, this implies a leak, perhaps due to poor connections or incorrect fitting of the bottle cap.

When the Open Circuit test fails, a warning dialog box appears. This provides more hints about how to fix the problem.

QIAGEN: Alert - 3:49:57 PM
Open Circuit test failed. Check that: * All vacuum lines are free of loose connections and kinked hoses. * The waste bottle lid is tight. If these are ok, then the PolyCap filter on the Vacuum Station may need replacing. Press Ignore to continue, Retry to attempt test again or Cancel to abandon.
Cancel Retry Ignore Mute

#### 6.3.5 In-run plate detection test

For every protocol run that uses the vacuum pump, a "Plate Detection" test is performed as the second step of the run. It follows immediately after the "Open Circuit" test. This step is implicit in the run and cannot be removed or skipped. The intention of this step is to verify correct setup of adapters and the vacuum chamber.

During this test, the software applies a specific vacuum pressure and monitors the achieved value. If the achieved pressure is too low, this implies incorrect alignment of the carriage assembly.

late Detection test	on Waste Chamber fa	iled.	
o resolve, please o			
	sitioned all the way to is positioned correctly		
i ne capitire plate	is positioned conectly	in the callage.	
hen gently twist ca	pture plate to correctly	position nozzles and retry.	
ress lanore to con	inue, Retry to attempt	test again or Cancel to abandon	
			_

**Note**: The lid sensor is disabled during the Plate Detection test, allowing the lid to be raised and the capture plate alignment to be manually adjusted while the vacuum pump is operating during this phase of processing.

### 6.3.6 In-run interactive vacuum steps

During performance of the vacuum steps, a dialog box appears showing the remaining time for the operation and an indication of achieved vacuum pressure and pump effort (where possible). Buttons in the dialog box allow the run to be canceled (**Cancel run**) or the operation to be prematurely completed and the run advanced directly to the next step (**Advance**).

acuum Step Control								
Vacuum								
Time rema	aining							
00:00:51								
Vacuum pressure target: 20kPa	Actual: 9.5kPa @ 98%							
Wait for user confirmation?								
<u>C</u> ancel Run	Advance							

When the time remaining falls below 3 seconds, the dialog provides a visible alert.

Vacuum Time remai	ning
00:00	):01
Vacuum pressure target: 20kPa	Actual: 9kPa @ 100%
Wait for user confirmation?	Г

If no user confirmation is required to complete the step, the dialog box closes when the remaining time falls to 00:00:00. The vacuum operation terminates automatically, and the run proceeds without user intervention.

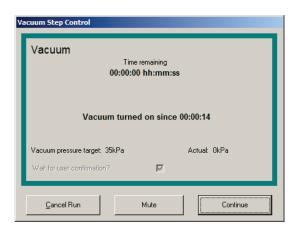
Where user confirmation is required for the step to complete, the dialog box changes its presentation.

A **Continue** button is shown instead of an **Advance** button, and a different visual alert appears. An audible alert is also generated, although this may be disabled using the **Mute** button. The total elapsed time is shown next to the text "Vacuum turned off since".

If **Continue** is selected, a new window appears with the choice either to resume the vacuum or advance to proceed with the protocol.

Vacuum Step Control							
Vacuum Time remaining 00:00:00 hh:mm:ss							
Vacuum turned off since 00:00:32							
Vacuum pressure target:     35kPa     Actual:     0kPa       Wait for user confirmation?     Image: Confirmation in the second sec							
Cancel Run Mute Continue							
QIAGEN							
Resume to turn on vacuum again. Advance to finish vacuum step and continue.							
Resume Advance							

If **Resume** is selected, the vacuum turns on until the **Continue** button is clicked.



If **Continue** is selected, the following dialog box opens.

QIAGEN		X
?	Proceed with vacuum. Advance to finish vacuum step and continue.	
	Proceed Advance	

Click Proceed to proceed with the vacuum, or click Advance to finish the vacuum step and continue with the protocol.

### 6.3.7 Modifying a protocol reaction list

Advanced users can modify a protocol using the edit functions of the reaction list that appears in the right-hand pane when a reaction plate (e.g., capture plate) is selected.

This can be useful to assist in recovering an interrupted run that has not fully completed because of an error.

Changing the reaction list directly to modify a protocol previously set up using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard is not recommended or supported in other cases because of the following:

- Several instructions entered into the reaction list using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard cannot be edited and cannot be otherwise set up or configured.
- All changes made to the reaction list are lost when the "Vacuum extraction" wizard is subsequently opened and run successfully to completion.

Where it is both necessary and feasible to modify the reaction list of a protocol run generated by the "Vacuum extraction" wizard to achieve a specific protocol behavior, it is possible to immediately save the run file to preserve the change. When the run is later opened, the restored reaction list can be run as intended, unless the "Vacuum extraction" wizard is first invoked.

Note: In a run previously set up using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard, the wizard is started explicitly using either the **Wizards/Vacuum extraction wizard...** menu item or **Open wizard...** toolbar item, and is started implicitly when a plate is changed using the **Plate Configuration** function (see Section 5.8.2, page 62).

The implicit execution of the "Vacuum extraction" wizard usually makes post-edit of the protocol reaction list impractical to support for general use. It is recommended to use post-edit of the protocol only for run recovery after run interruption.

# 6.4 Canceling a protocol

A protocol run can be paused and canceled at any time. Pauses are logged in the post-run report.

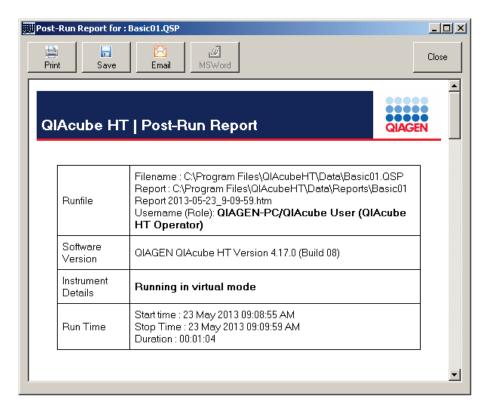
To pause a run, click 🔯 in the toolbar. The instrument will complete its current operation (e.g., it will never pause when the pipetting head is at a position below the resting position and pause.

The user is presented with options to continue or cancel the run. Selecting "**Cancel run**" causes the robot to stop all movements and terminate the run. Selecting "**Continue**" allows the run to proceed.

Note: Once canceled, a run cannot be restarted from the canceled step.

# 6.5 Post-run report

At the completion of a run, a post-run report is generated by the software.



The report is similar in presentation to the pre-run report (Section 6.3.2, page 138).

The post-run report contains the following information:

- Name of the completed run file
- Name of the user who performed the protocol
- Name of the report generated
- Version of QIAcube HT Software
- Mode ("Normal" or "Virtual") in which the instrument was running
- The instrument type and serial number, when operating in "Normal" mode
- Exceptions generated in the course of the run (e.g., "User paused the run")
- Actual run duration (start and finish times)
- Details of sample identifiers eluted into the elution plate (if available)
- Summary of processing steps in the protocol
- Selected run settings, including air volumes and pipetting speeds

The following options are available for the report.

- Print: Print
- Save: Save in HTML format
- Email: Save as an e-mail attachment
- MSWord: Save as a Microsoft Word document

Close the pre-run report by clicking **Close**.

The post-run report is automatically saved in the **Reports** subdirectory of the **Data** directory (default location is **C:\Program** Files\QIAcubeHT\Data).

## 7 Maintenance Procedures

The following procedures must be carried out to ensure reliable operation of the QIAcube HT:

- Regular maintenance
- Cleaning of the instrument

Following these procedures ensures that the QIAcube HT is free of dust and liquid spills.

Before undertaking maintenance procedures, it is recommended that you familiarize yourself with the safety information by referring to Section 2.

Important: Disconnect the QIAcube HT and vacuum station from mains power before cleaning.

#### 7.1.1 Servicing

QIAGEN offers comprehensive Service Support Agreements, including Warranty Extensions, Full Cover Support Agreements, and system/application training, including on-site installation and annual preventive maintenance. Service Support Agreements maximize productivity and ensure high performance from your system. In addition, service histories are fully documented and all parts are certified and guaranteed.

Contact your local QIAGEN Field Service Specialist or your local distributor for more information about flexible Service Support Agreements from QIAGEN.

#### 7.1.2 Annual preventive maintenance

QIAGEN recommends that an annual preventive maintenance service is carried out on the QIAcube HT. The service should be performed by a trained QIAGEN Field Service Specialist. Contact your local QIAGEN Field Service Specialist or your local distributor for more information.

## 7.2 Regular maintenance procedures

#### 7.2.1 Emptying the waste bottle of the vacuum station

The vacuum chamber is connected to a waste bottle. The waste bottle volume indicator icon (

Probes on the waste bottle and cap assembly detect when the bottle becomes too full. If this occurs, the user is notified and the run will be interrupted. The run cannot proceed until the alert is acknowledged.

IAGEN: Alert - 1:39:49 PM Waste bottle liquid limit reached.	Please empty the waste bottle		_
waste bottle liquid limit reached.	Please emply the waste bottle.		
Cancel	Ignore	Bottle Emptied Mu	

The prompt includes an audible alarm. If required, use the Mute button to silence this alarm.

To ignore the warning and proceed without emptying the bottle, use the **Ignore** button. This is not recommended, and, in general, the system will soon generate another "bottle full" alert.

It is possible to empty the waste bottle at other times without waiting for a warning. To reset the indicator, click **s** in the toolbar, and click **Yes** in the window that appears.



When the bottle fills with 3 liters of waste, the liquid comes into contact simultaneously with 2 Teflon<sup>®</sup> coated sensor electrodes within the waste bottle. When this occurs, the software pauses the run until the waste bottle is emptied and the waste indicator is reset.

Empty the waste bottle as follows:

- 1. Disconnect the waste bottle and discard the waste according to local safety regulations.
- 2. Replace and reconnect the waste bottle.
- 3. Click **Bottle Emptied** in the window that appears. This allows the run to proceed. Alternatively, use the **Cancel** button to terminate the run.

## 7.2.2 Cleaning the QIAcube HT

CAUTION	<b>Damage to the instrument</b> Do not use solvents, or reagents containing acids, alkalis, or abrasives to clean the QIAcube HT.
CAUTION	Damage to the QIAcube HT lid
	Do not use alcohol, solvents, reagents containing acids, alkalis, or abrasives to clean the instrument lid. Alcohol will damage the lid. To clean the lid, use distilled water only.
CAUTION	Damage to the QIAcube HT side panels
$\wedge$	Never clean the instrument side panels with alcohol or alcohol-based solutions.
CAUTION	Damage to transfer carriage
	Under no circumstances should the transfer carriage for use with Capture Plate VX or Capture Plate DX be autoclaved.
WARNING/	Risk of personal injury and material damage
CAUTION	Only perform maintenance that is specifically described in this user manual.
WARNING	Risk of electric shock
	Do not open any panels on the QIAcube HT.
<u> </u>	Risk of personal injury and material damage
	Only perform maintenance that is specifically described in this user manual.

#### **Cleaning agents**

The following disinfectants and detergents are recommended for cleaning the QIAcube HT.

Note: If using disinfectants different from those recommended, ensure that their compositions are similar to those described below.

General cleaning of the QIAcube HT:

- Mild detergents
- 70% ethanol (except for the QIAcube HT lid)
- Mikrozid® Liquid (Schülke & Mayr GmbH, cat. no. 109160)

#### Disinfection

- Ethanol-based disinfectants can be used for disinfection of surfaces, such as the worktable: e.g., 25 g ethanol and 35 g 1propanol per 100 g liquid, Mikrozid Liquid, Mikrozid Wipes, or 70g ethanol per 100g liquid. Do not use ethanol-based disinfectants to clean the lid.
- Disinfectants based on glyoxal and quaternary ammonium salt can be used for submerging worktable items, such as the plate adapter and tip ejector: e.g., 10 g glyoxal, 12 g lauryldimethylbenzylammonium chloride, 12 g myristyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride, and 5–15% nonionic detergent per 100 g liquid, Lysetol® AF (Gigasept® Instru AF in Europe, Schülke & Mayr GmbH, cat. no. 107410; or DECON-QUAT® 100, Veltek Associates, Inc., in the USA, cat. no. DQ100-06-167-01)

#### Removal of RNase contamination

• 5 PRIME RNaseKiller (5 PRIME, cat. no 2500080) — for cleaning surfaces and submerging worktable items

#### Removal of nucleic acid contamination

• DNA-ExitusPlus™ (AppliChem, cat. no. A7089,0100) can be used for cleaning surfaces and to submerge worktable items.

#### **General instructions**

- Do not use spray bottles to spray cleaning or disinfectant liquids onto surfaces of the QIAcube HT workstation. Spray bottles
  should be used only for items that have been removed from the instrument.
- If solvents or saline, acidic, or alkaline solutions are spilt on the QIAcube HT or if QIAGEN buffers splash the instrument lid, wipe the spilt liquid away immediately.
- Follow manufacturer's safety instruction for handling cleaning agents.
- Follow manufacturer's instruction for soaking time and concentration of the cleaning agents. Immersing for longer than the
  recommended soak time can harm the instrument.
- Do not use alcohol or alcohol-based disinfectants to clean the QIAcube HT lid. Exposing the QIAcube HT lid to alcohol or alcohol-based disinfectants will cause surface cracking. Clean the QIAcube HT lid with distilled water only.

Wipe the instrument with a damp cloth only.

The worktable inside the instrument should be cleaned using a moist, soft cloth.

**Note**: Do not wipe the linear guides for the mobile axes (X, Y, Z). These guides support movement of the pipetting head and allow it to slide backwards and forwards easily. Wiping the guides will remove the grease and make them more susceptible to rust. See the "Cleaning the guide rails" section, page 152, for information about when and how to clean the linear guides.

#### 7.2.3 Cleaning the instrument after completing a run

- 1. When the protocol has been completed, cover the elution plate with the lid and remove from the elution chamber.
- 2. Discard racks containing only used tips. Cover used fractions of partly used tip racks with an adhesive tape.
- 3. Discard unused reagent.

Fresh reagent should be prepared for each run.

- 4. Discard the lysis block.
- 5. Remove the tip chute. Clean the tip chute according to instructions in Section 7.2.5, page 151.

- 6. Remove the carriage and discard the capture plate. Rinse the carriage with clean, deionized water and dry.
- 7. If using plates from dedicated QIAcube HT kits, remove the channeling adapter, rinse it with clean, deionized water, and dry.
- 8. Clean any reagent spilt on the instrument worktable or vacuum chamber with a damp cloth.

#### 7.2.4 Cleaning the instrument after shutting down

Upon instrument shut down, the instrument cleaning procedure is automatically opened to guide the user through the instrument cleaning process.

Additionally, the instrument cleaning procedure can be manually initiated without shutting down the instrument by clicking 🗐 in the toolbar.

Perform the cleaning procedure as follows:

- 1. If desired, select "Run UV cleaning operation before closing?".
- 2. Replace lids on any tip racks containing unused tips. Discard racks containing only used tips.
- 3. Discard unused reagent and reagent troughs. Clean the reagent trough adapters and reagent trough lids.
- 4. Discard the lysis block.
- 5. Remove the tip chute. Clean the tip chute according to instructions in Section 7.2.5, page 151.
- 6. Remove the carriage and discard the capture plate. Clean carriage according to instructions in Section 7.2.5, page 151.
- 7. If using plates from dedicated QIAcube HT kits, leave the channeling adapter in position until the waste chamber has been flushed.
- 8. Flush the vacuum chamber by pouring 20 mL water in the left (waste) side and clicking **Next** in the instrument cleaning procedure to cycle the pump and flush the lines.

Note: The "Instrument cleaning procedure" window must be open before the water is poured into the sink.

Opening of the window automatically instructs the instrument to close the vacuum line to the elution chamber to prevent wash water from flowing into the elution chamber and draining out through the air bleed hole onto the laboratory bench.

9. Remove and clean the waste sink/mat support or channeling adapter assembly according to instructions in Section 7.2.5, page 151.

For information about cleaning air bleed holes, see page 151.

- Spray the vacuum chamber and worktable with Tri-Gene from MEDI-CHEM (www.medi-chem.com) and leave for 15– 30 minutes. Wipe excess liquid with clean paper towels.
- Discard liquid waste according to local safety regulations.
   For more details, see Section 7.2, page 146.
- 12. Switch on the UV lamp for 30 minutes.

#### 7.2.5 Cleaning instrument worktable accessories

#### Transfer carriage and vacuum chamber adapters

After first rinsing with room temperature (15–25°C) tap water, soak for 15–30 minutes in a quaternary ammonium based solution. Rinse with room temperature, deionized water and allow to drain and dry.

#### **Reagent trough adapters**

Rinse reagent trough adapters with clean tap water. If more rigorous cleaning is required, reagent trough adapters can be washed in a laboratory dishwasher and, if necessary, autoclaved.

#### Instrument lid

The instrument lid is manufactured acrylic, which is 100% UV absorbent.

Do not use alcohol solvents, reagents containing acids, alkalis, or abrasives to clean the instrument lid.

The instrument lid should be cleaned only with water and a clean, soft cloth. Alternatively, a cleaning product specifically designed to clean acrylics can be used. Any cleaning product should be tested on a small inconspicuous section of the instrument lid first.

#### Greasing the O-ring

If using plates from dedicated QIAcube HT kits, apply a thin film of vacuum grease to the O-ring, as required, on the channeling block holder indicated with a red arrow in the following figure).



Channeling block holder O-ring.

A tube containing silicone grease is provided with the instrument for this purpose. Greasing facilitates the placement and removal of the adapters from the vacuum chamber.

#### Cleaning air bleed holes

The QIAcube HT has air bleed holes positioned at strategic points on the vacuum chamber and the waste sink/mat support, as shown in the following figures.



Each of these air bleeds has a small stainless steel aperture inserted in the hole to specifically control the rate of air flow.

The air bleed holes serve two purposes:

- Provide a positive air flow towards the waste chamber
- Allow chamber to equilibrate to atmospheric pressure after the application of a vacuum

Important: Air bleed holes should be kept clean and clear of blockages.

To clean air bleed holes, flush with a squirt bottle containing deionized water.

#### Greasing the pipettor

The pipetting head occasionally requires servicing. The software has a built-in maintenance counter that reminds the user after 300,000 pipetting operations that the pipetting head requires service. Contact your QIAGEN Field Service Specialist for servicing requirements.

#### Cleaning the guide rails

The X, Y, and Z guide rails are the coated hardened steel rails that support the linear bearings that allow the robotic arm to slide back and forth easily. Do not wipe these guide rails with a cloth as doing so removes the grease.

Check for spilt reagents daily. Wipe only the areas which have spilt reagent on them and then move the robotic arm back and forth over the axis to redistribute the grease.

The linear bearings incorporate seals to keep the bearings free of dust or grit. The rails and bearings have been tested on the QIAcube HT in excess of 2,000,000 operations without any sign of degradation.

## 7.3 Weekly maintenance procedure

It is fundamental to most applications that the instrument remains free of contaminants, especially DNA, RNA, DNases, and RNases. The instrument must be routinely decontaminated to ensure validity of results and to eliminate the possibility of cross-contamination.

Before starting, be sure the following are readily available:

- Quaternary ammonium based solution
- Sterile water free from nucleic acids and nucleases
- Detergent
- Deionized water free from nucleic acids and nucleases
- 100% ethanol
- Soft, clean paper towels
- Sterile spray bottle containing deionized water free from nucleic acids and nucleases
- Sterile spray bottle containing 70% ethanol free from nucleic acids and nucleases

Note: Do not allow alcohol, solvents, reagents containing acids, alkalis, or abrasives to come into contact with the instrument lid.

**Note**: Do not allow household bleach to come in contact with anodized parts, such as the tip chute and components of the Accessories pack, QXT.

- 1. Remove reagent plates and blocks, waste sink/mat support or channeling adapter, riser block, and tip chute from the instrument worktable.
- 2. Wash the removed items with detergent and rinse with clean water.
- 3. Place the clean items into the quaternary ammonium based solution and soak for 15-30 minutes.
- 4. Rinse the items completely with deionized water.
- 5. Briefly rinse items with 100% ethanol, and dry with soft paper towels.

Make sure all components are free from detergent and quaternary ammonium based solution.

- Spray the worktable with one of the recommended cleaning agents and leave for 15–30 minutes to ensure DNA decontamination.
- 7. Wipe surfaces with clean paper towels.
- 8. Spray the work space with sterile water and dry with clean paper towels. Repeat this process three times.
- 9. Rinse the workspace with 70% ethanol, and allow to air dry.
- 10. Replace all components on the worktable.
- 11. Close instrument lid.
- 12. Switch on the UV lamp for 15 min.

For more details, see Section 5.18, page 128.

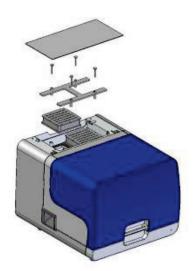
## 7.4 Pipetting head service kit

All pipetting instruments require regular servicing to maintain precision and accuracy. The frequency at which the QIAcube HT pipetting head requires regular servicing depends on the use (approximately once every 300,000 operations). This is typically once per year when processing one plate per day; every 6 months when processing 2–3 plates per day; and every 3 months for 3 or more plates per day.

## 7.5 Replacing HEPA filters

HEPA filters should be replaced on a regular basis. The QIAcube HT Software reminds you to replace the HEPA filters at 6 monthly intervals; replacement should take place then.

Replace the HEPA filters as follows:



- 1. Remove the access hatch by pulling it.
- 2. Unscrew the 4 thumb screws.
- 3. Remove the "H" frame.
- 4. Remove both HEPA filters.
- 5. Insert the new HEPA filters and reassemble.

Note: For ordering information for the QIAcube HT HEPA filter, see Appendix C – Ordering Information.

For waste disposal of the used HEPA filters follow instructions of your local regulations.

## 7.6 Replacing filters on the vacuum station

Vacuum filters should be replaced on a regular basis. The QIAcube HT Software reminds you to replace these filters at 6 monthly intervals; replacement should take place then.

Replace vacuum filters as follows:

- 1. Remove all hoses from the Polycap™ filter.
- 2. Unplug the Polycap and Carbon-Cap™ filters from the vacuum station.



#### Vacuum station with Polycap and carbon filter.

- Plug the new Polycap filter into the correct opening on the vacuum station. Connect the hoses between the Polycap filter and waste bottle cap.
- 4. Plug the new carbon filter into the correct opening on the vacuum station. Be sure to position the filter with the labeling upside down.

Note: For ordering information for the QIAcube HT vacuum filters, see Appendix C - Ordering Information.

For waste disposal of the used filters of the vacuum station follow instructions of your local regulations.

## 7.7 Shutting down the QIAcube HT

The QIAcube HT Software can be shut down by clicking 🗵 in the top right hand corner of the QIAcube HT window or by selecting "Exit" in the "File" menu.

During shut down, the user is prompted to clean the instrument. For more details, see Section 7.2, page 146.

The user is prompted to turn on the UV lamp after cleaning. For more details, see Section 5.18, page 128.

During shut down, the robotic arm returns the pipetting head the resting position at the back, right of the instrument.

When it is safe to do so, the user is prompted to switch the instrument off.

Power to the vacuum station is automatically disconnected when the power to the main instrument is turned off. Therefore, we recommend leaving the vacuum station switched on to avoid errors upon initialization.

When the instrument is switched off, all robotic axes are disengaged and can be moved freely.

## 8 Troubleshooting Guide

If you need to contact QIAGEN Technical Services about an error, note down the steps leading to the error, save or choose the applicable support package from the problem run, and then send this to QIAGEN Technical Services. If the support package cannot be saved because of a communication problem, start the software with the instrument powered down, save the support package immediately, and then contact QIAGEN Technical Services. This will help the QIAGEN Field Service Specialist in solving the problem.

A warning is issued when an error, such as insufficient tips, is encountered during the run, and the error is listed in the post-run report (Section 6.5, page 144).

### 8.1 Run setup errors

- A warning alarm initially sounds for 30 seconds, and subsequently at 30 second intervals.
- The warning icon appears in the toolbar.
- The warning is listed in the status bar (Section 5.3.6, page 53).

The following actions can be taken by the user:

- Cancel protocol run is canceled (Section 6.4, page 144)
- Ignore instrument continues operation according to the protocol without modification
- **Retry Operation** instrument disposes attached tips and moves the pipetting head to the resting position at the rear right of the instrument. This allows the user access to the entire workspace so that the error may be resolved. A message appears prompting the user to click **OK** to continue the run.

### 8.2 Important error messages

This section describes software and instrument errors.

#### 8.2.1 Software errors

The following table lists selected software errors.

Error	Description
No tips	Calculations indicate that insufficient tips are available for the specified processing.
User canceled job	The run was interrupted by a user action.
User opened instrument lid	The instrument lid was opened during processing.
User paused job	The run was paused by a user action.
User resumed job	A paused run was resumed by a user action.
Software or configuration error	Indicates a possible problem with the installation. Try reinstalling the software.
Tip ejection failed	Tip was not ejected from the pipetting head during processing. Try performing the tip ejector calibration.
Tip pickup failed	Tip was not correctly picked up during processing. Try performing the position calibration of the tip plate position.
Volume calibration must be done before run	Volume calibration must be done before a run can be started: a newly setup robot, or after pipettor service.

## 8.2.2 Instrument errors

Instrument error numbers begin with 40000. Specific error codes from the instrument are reported as the sum of this base value (40000) and the code listed in the following table. The following table lists selected instrument errors.

### 8.2.3 Error errors

Code	Error
1	Command FIFO overrun error. Turn the power off/on and restart. If the problem persists, contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
2	Bad checksum error for command message. Turn the power off/on and restart. If the problem persists, contact QIAGEN Technical Services
3	Bad axis number used in command. Turn the power off/on and restart. If the problem persists, contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
4	Instrument received an unknown command. Turn the power off/on and restart. If the problem persists, contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
5	Vacuum sensor cannot sense vacuum. Contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
6	Attempt to operate axis when it is not enabled. Turn the power off/on and restart. If the problem persists, contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
9	Home switch could not be found within limit. Contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
10	82C55 I/O pins are unstable. Contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
11	An error has occurred in SPI communications. Remove the USB to serial connector, if used. Or try changing the USB cable.
18	Error reading accessory EEPROM. Contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
129	An invalid axis was specified. Turn the power off/on and restart. If the problem persists, contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
130	The instrument did not respond with the first reply. Contact QIAGEN Technical Services
131	The instrument did not respond with a second reply. Contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
132	COM port fault Check software version
133	The micro firmware is mismatched. Contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
134	An invalid COM port was chosen Choose the correct COM port
135	An attempt was made to move an axis beyond its limit Send the robot to its home position and retry. Contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
136	Too many replies were specified in transmitted try power off/on and restart. If continues, then contact TS packet.
137	Incorrect checksum found in a received packet.
138	The first reply was corrupt.
139	The second reply was corrupt.
140	The local receive FIFO overflowed.
141	An incorrect number of replies were received.
145	An unknown accessory was detected. Unplug any accessories and identify which accessory has caused the problem; then contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
147	A bad packet length was received. Turn the power off/on and restart. If the problem persists, contact QIAGEN Technical Services.
148	More data was received while processing. Turn the power off/on and restart. If the problem persists, contact QIAGEN Technical Services.

If any of these errors are encountered, contact QIAGEN Technical Services with a support package that contains the event where the error occurred.

# 9 Technical Specifications

## 9.1 Environmental conditions

## 9.1.1 Operating conditions

Power	100–240 V, 250 VA, 50–60 Hz Mains supply voltage fluctuations are not to exceed 10% of the nominal supply voltages.
Fuse	F5A 250 V fuse
Overvoltage category	II
Air temperature	1 <i>5</i> –30°C (59–86°F)
Relative humidity*	40–70%
Altitude*	Up to 2000 m (6500 ft.)
Place of operation	For indoor use only
Pollution degree	2

## 9.1.2 Transportation conditions

Air temperature	-25°C to 60°C (-13°F to 140°F) in manufacturer's packaging
Relative humidity	Max. 75% (noncondensing)

## 9.1.3 Storage conditions

Air temperature	15°C to 30°C (59°F to 86°F) in manufacturer's packaging
Relative humidity	Max. 75% (noncondensing)

\* Conditions under which equipment is electrically safe to operate.

## 9.2 Mechanical data and hardware features

## 9.2.1 Instrument dimensions and weight

Dimensions (excluding laptop)	<b>Instrument lid, closed</b> Width: 540 mm (21 in.)
	Height: 450 mm (18 in.)
	Depth: 630 mm (25 in.)
	Instrument lid, open
	Width: 540 mm (21 in.)
	Height: 860 mm (34 in.)
	Depth: 630 mm (25 in.)
	Clearance for connection of cables (at instrument rear)
	Depth: 90 mm (3 in.)
	QIAcube HT vacuum station
	Width: 495 mm (19 in.)
	Height: 520 mm (20 in.)
	Depth: 400 mm (16 in.)
Weight	QIAcube HT instrument: 44 kg (97 lb)
	QIAcube HT vacuum control station: 17 kg (38 lb.)

## 9.2.2 Worktable capacity

The worktable provides the following positions:

- 4 SBS-standard plates (footprint 128 x 86 mm), compatible to accept 96-well plates or tip racks
- 1 custom adapter for a reagent trough plate compatible to accept reagent troughs
- Vacuum chamber with chambers for waste and elution

## 9.2.3 Liquid handling

Channels	8 pipetting channels
Pipetting volumes	20–200 µL
Precision	20–200 $\mu\text{L};$ less than 4% coefficient of variation
Capacity	Up to 96 samples in increments of 8 samples

#### 9.2.4 Instrument lid

Material	Acrylic (SMMA)/Polyester (UP)
Work surface	UV lamp attachment
sterilization	The UV light is connected by the QIAGEN Field Service Engineer when the instrument is installed (see Section 4.4.1 for details)

#### 9.2.5 HEPA filter unit

Positive pressure Preinstalled HEPA filter unit

## 9.3 Hardware and software features

Laptop and software Interface	The QIAcube HT is operated with a connected laptop. A laptop appropriate for the correct operation of the QIAcube HT Software is supplied as part of the QIAcube HT system. Under Windows 10, only the connection via USB is possible.
	Note: The laptop must be connected to the instrument with only one option at a time.
Uninstalling the QIAcube HT Software	The QIAcube HT Software can be uninstalled from the <b>Settings</b> or the <b>Programs</b> menu. To uninstall the software from the <b>Settings</b> menu:
	<ul> <li>From the Windows Start menu, select Settings &gt; Control Panel.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The "Control Panel" opens.</li> <li>Double-click the Add or Remove Programs icon, and wait for the screen to be populated.</li> <li>Select QIAcube HT from the list of installed programs, and click Remove.</li> <li>The version number of the software appears with the name in the list.</li> </ul>
	To uninstall the software from the <b>Programs</b> menu:
	<ul> <li>From the Windows Start menu, select Programs &gt; QIAcube HT &gt; Uninstall.</li> <li>Click Yes to continue.</li> </ul>
	To uninstall the associated USB driver:
	<ul> <li>From the Windows Start menu, select Settings &gt; Control Panel.</li> <li>The "Control Panel" opens.</li> <li>Double-click the Add or Remove Programs icon, and wait for the screen to be populated.</li> <li>Select QIAcube HT (Driver Removal), and click Remove to remove the USB driver.</li> </ul>

**Note**: Uninstallation does not delete the installation folder (typically **C:\Program Files\QlAcubeHT**), allowing calibration settings, run settings, and run files to be retained. If necessary, the folder can be manually deleted. Note that deleting this folder will delete all calibration data and run files that have been saved in the **C:\Program Files\QlAcubeHT\Data** directory.

## Appendix A

## Advanced settings

Advanced run settings are available to adjust specific functions on the QIAcube HT. These functions should be modified only under direct instruction from QIAGEN.

#### Tip pickup mode

This defines the strategy used for collecting tips from the Tip Rack Holder. Normal (single stage) or Three Stage can be selected.

Normal (single stage)	Instructs the instrument to collect tips using a single downward movement.
	<b>Note</b> : This setting provides relatively fast tip pick-up, but may cause mechanical damage to the Z axis of the pipetting head. It is not recommended.
Three Stage	Instructs the instrument to collect tips in 3 separate downward movements:
	1. The pipetting head is brought into the tip collar.
	2. The pipetting head is gently pressed against the tip collar.
	3. The pipetting head is forced against the tip collar.
	This is the default setting.

#### Detect tip absence

A tick is displayed when this function is activated. This function is automatically detected when the instrument has failed to pick up a tip. This is caused when a tip is absent from the pick-up position. A dialog box is displayed with options to ignore (and proceed as if the pickup succeeded), retry (attempt to pick up at the same location), cancel (terminate the run), or skip (to the next available tip position and retry).

This function is activated by default.

## Automatically skip to next if detect tip absence

This function is disabled until "Detect tip absence" is enabled. A tick is visible when this function is activated. This function automatically skips to the next available tip position and retries the tip pickup if a tip pickup fails due to tip absence.

This function is not activated by default.

## Compensate for liquid loss (reagents)

This function sets a depth in millimeters by which the tip should be further lowered into the wells below the calculated liquid surface position for **reagent** pipetting operations.

This function is intended to allow for reagent liquid losses due to evaporation, tip retention, or other processes that lower the actual volumes present relative to their expected (calculated) values. In addition, this function can be used to address a variety of situations where the tip would otherwise be placed too high in reagent wells for pipetting operations.

The recommended range is 0 to 3 mm.

The default value is 3.

Note: Losses for reagent liquids are typically greater than those for non-reagents.

**Note**: Reducing this value below the default (3) can cause tips to be placed too high in the wells, resulting in transfer of insufficient reagent volumes.

#### Allow volumes >tip capacity (special operations)

A tick is displayed when this function is activated. By default, all of the liquid handling functions available via the **Special** button, presented in the "Reaction" right-hand pane, work only with volumes up to the largest capacity tip supported on the QIAcube HT (i.e., 200 µL). Activating this option allows those functions to work with volumes larger than 200 µL.

This function is activated by default.

#### Reactions are mixed by default

A tick is displayed when this function is activated. This function sets the default setting of the **Mix on ejection?** option displayed in the Mix Settings section of the "Reaction Configuration" dialog box (displayed using the **Add** button of the **Reaction** right-hand pane). When activated, the **Mix on ejection?** option is checked by default; when deactivated, this option is unchecked by default.

This function is activated by default.

#### Allow use of multiple reagent volumes

A tick is visible when this function is activated.

If activated, the user sees the advanced reagents table in the "Reaction Configuration" dialog box. This allows the user to configure the volume of a reagent for each reaction separately (instead of using the default volumes).

If deactivated, the user sees the simple reagents table in the "Reaction Configuration" window.

If multiple volumes for at least one reagent are used, and the user tries to deactivate the option, a message box appears:

QIAGEN	×
2	At least one reagent is used with non default volume. Do you want to reset all reagents to their default volume?
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o

Click Yes to reset all used volumes of all used reagents in the current protocol to the reagent's default.

Click **No** to keep the option activated. No volumes will be changed.

#### Allow preserved well indices

A tick is displayed when this function is activated. This function affects the options listed in the "Target Wells" section of the "Reaction Configuration" dialog box shown when editing conventional liquid handling operations (displayed using the **Add** button of the "Reaction" right-hand pane). When activated, the **Preserve source well indices** option is presented; when deactivated, this option is not displayed.

The "**Preserve source well indices**" function changes the reaction well allocation strategy used by the software for the corresponding liquid handling operation. Normally, this function is disabled and the software allocates reaction wells sequentially from the first available well in the target plate not used by previous reaction setup operations in the run. When activated, the software attempts to use the well index in the reaction plate corresponding to the well index of the sample in the source plate for the reaction made using that sample.

The software applies special rules to allow reactions which "Preserve source well indices" and those which do not to coexist in the same run. In short, for each reaction plate the software determines the highest index reaction well required by a "Preserve source well indices" liquid handling operation and treats the next well as the first available for all other reaction construction operations which do not "Preserve source well indices" in that plate.

This function is activated by default.

#### Set anti-drip inhale tip position

This function sets the position in the tube at which tips are placed before inhaling drips. At this position a small amount of air is inhaled after liquid ejection to prevent dripping of liquid droplets during tip transport.

This position is expressed as a percentage of the distance from the top of the tube to the surface of the liquid.

The allowable range is 0 to 100 (%).

The default value is 50.

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#### Set anti-drip exhale tip position

This function sets the position in the tube at which tips are placed before exhaling drips. At this position a small amount of air is exhaled prior to liquid aspiration to place any drips retained in the tip during transport in contact with the liquid to be aspirated.

This position is expressed as a percentage of the distance from the top of the tube to the surface of the liquid.

The allowable range is 0 to 100 (%).

The default value is 90.

#### Aspirate reagent with minimum tip insertion (else at base)

A tick is displayed when this function is activated. This function controls the placement of tips for reagent aspirate operations.

When activated, tips are placed in the reagent wells at an optimal height below the estimated liquid surface to reduce contact between liquid and the exterior of the tip. This reduces the likelihood of droplet formation on the outer walls of the tips during transport and helps to manage drips.

When inactive, tips are placed at the base of the reagents wells for aspirate, increasing the probability of drips during transport.

This function is not activated by default.

#### Use slow (viscous) pre-wet speeds for reagent

A tick is displayed when this function is activated. This function modifies the reagent aspirate pre-wet operation performed when reusing tips for reagent transfers.

When activated, the reagent aspirate pre-wet is performed at the "viscous reagent" pipetting speed instead of the "reagent" pipetting speed. The pre-wet operation coats the interior surfaces of the tips with liquid that is to be retained in the tips for subsequent air-dispensing of reagents to target wells using the same tips. When performed at the slower "viscous" speed, experience has shown that reagent dispensing performance is improved.

This function is activated by default.

#### Set reagent post air dispense pause (msec)

After air dispense of reagent to target wells, reagent liquids on the exterior surfaces of the tips may drain and form a droplet at the tip base. To assist with reagent drip control, these droplets are inhaled into the tips prior to the next movement of the robot arm.

This function defines the time (in milliseconds) allowed for this droplet formation pause.

The recommended range of values is 0 to 3000 msec.

The default setting is 0.

#### Use slow move speeds for reagent (post eject)

A tick is displayed when this function is activated. This function reduces the speed at which the instrument arm moves whenever tips carrying reagent liquid are reused after the initial dispense. The slower, smoother movement reduces the likelihood of drips from the tips. Although there is no cross-contamination risk when transporting reagent, this function can reduce workspace cleaning requirements.

This function is not activated by default.

#### Aspirate sample with minimum tip insertion (else at base)

A tick is displayed when this function is activated. This function controls the placement of tips for sample aspirate operations.

When activated, tips are placed in the sample wells at an optimal height below the estimated liquid surface to reduce contact between liquid and the exterior of the tip. This reduces the likelihood of droplet formation on the outer walls of the tips during transport and helps to manage drips.

When inactive, tips are placed at the base of the sample wells for aspirate, increasing the probability of drips during transport.

This function is not activated by default.

#### Set sample post aspirate tip raise speed (%)

After sample liquid is aspirated, tips are raised to the liquid surface to allow liquids on the outside walls of the tips to drain. This function defines the time allowed (expressed as a percentage of the nominal tip retraction speed) to draw the tips through the liquid to the surface. Surface tension effects can assist to pull liquids into the remaining body of liquid when this movement is performed at a suitable speed. This aids with sample drip control to reduce cross contamination.

The recommended range of values is 10 to 100 (%). For viscous liquids a value in the range 30 to 60 is suggested.

The default value is 100.

#### Set sample post aspirate pause (msec)

After sample liquid is aspirated, tips are raised to the liquid surface to allow liquids on the outside walls of the tips to drain. This function defines the time allowed (expressed in milliseconds) for liquids retained on the outside of the tips to drain to the tip base at the liquid surface and into the remaining liquid prior to transfer to the destination wells. This aids with sample drip control to reduce cross-contamination.

The recommended range of values is 0 to 3000 msec.

The default value is 1000.

#### Set sample post mix/eject speed (msec)

After sample liquid is ejected (or after the final ejection of a sample mix operation), tips are raised to the liquid surface to allow liquids on the inside and outside walls of the tips to drain. This function defines the time allowed (expressed in milliseconds) for liquids retained on the tips to drain to the tip base at the liquid surface and into the remaining liquid prior to any final air blowout and subsequent anti-drip inhale. This aids with sample drip control to reduce cross-contamination.

The recommended range of values is 0 to 3000 msec.

The default value is 1000.

#### Use special pipetting parameters for lysate transfer

Select this option to enable configuration of pipetting conditions for lysates (see below).

#### Set special pipetting parameters for lysate transfer

This function can be used to specify lysate transfer from lysis block to filter plate. The transfer usually uses default pipetting speed, air intake, and blowout. Select this function to set the pipetting speed for lysates in a range from 60 to 450 µL/s. In addition, the air intake after a lysate ejection can be configured at a range from 0 to 50 µL. Adjustments can be defined for the first two steps and the last step, each depending on the volumes of the lysate. The blowout can also be set for the last step of lysate transfer.

#### Compensate for liquid loss (non-reagent)

This function sets a depth in millimeters by which the tip should be further lowered into the wells below the calculated liquid surface position for **non-reagent** pipetting operations.

This function is intended to allow for liquid losses due to evaporation, tip retention, or other processes that lower the actual volumes present relative to their expected (calculated) values. In addition, this function can be used to address a variety of situations where the tip would otherwise be placed too high in non-reagent wells for pipetting operations.

The recommended range is 0 to 3 mm.

The default value is 0.

Note: Losses for non-reagent liquids are typically less than those for reagents.

Note: Increasing this value above the default (0) can place tips too low in the wells, reducing the quality of mixing operations.

#### Use slow move speeds for sample

When activated a tick is visible. This function reduces the speed at which the instrument arm moves whenever tips carrying sample liquid are transported. The slower, smoother movement reduces the likelihood of drips from the tips and avoids risks of cross contamination.

This function is activated by default.

#### Break seal using 2-step carriage lift

A tick is displayed when this function is activated. This function affects the way in which the capture plate transfer carriage is raised prior to transfer of the capture plate from one side of the vacuum chamber to the other.

When activated, the carriage lift operation is performed in two steps, lifting the carriage initially by 2 mm to break any seal between the lower gasket of the carriage and the upper surface of the vacuum chamber, then finally raising the carriage to the transport height. This 2-step operation is more robust than using a single movement to raise the carriage to the transfer height.

This function is activated by default.

## Sample and reaction functions for non-wizard protocols

#### Choosing an accessory

In some cases, a plate may be used with one or more optional "accessory" devices (such as a cooling block) on the instrument worktable. Using an accessory may change the height calibration required for the plate.

To support the use of accessories, the software allows multiple height calibrations to be recorded for a plate: For example, for using the plate with and without the accessory. When using the plate with an accessory on the worktable, the correct accessory configuration must be specified in the software workspace to ensure the correct height calibration data are used during pipetting operations.

Specify an accessory plate configuration as follows:

- 1. Open the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).
- 2. Right-click the plate that is to be changed.
- 3. From the menu that appears, select Change accessory.

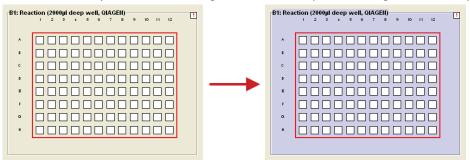
The "Select Accessory" window appears.

4. Select an accessory.

The default is "No accessory".

5. When the correct accessory has been selected, click **OK** to apply the selection and close the window.

When an accessory is chosen, the background color of the position changes in the workspace.



If required, perform calibration for the plate-accessory combination. For more information about calibration, see Section 5.12.5, page 87.

#### Choosing the tip type

To accommodate the wide variety of consumables and different types of runs, the type of pipet tips and their locations can be changed within the software.

Specify the default tip rack configuration as follows:

- 1. Open the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).
- 2. Right-click the plate that is to be changed.
- 3. From the menu that appears, select Change plate type.

The "Plate Configuration" window appears.

ect Plate Type: Standard 95 Well -	Plate Usage Dations	
Late	Pipete Order: Vertical	<u>ac</u>
elect the item that recet closely reatches the plate to be used:	Segmentation 1 Segment	Concel
(ASEN Filter Tips, BriCor C, 200 pl	Labeling and Well Display Order.	
	Default (A1 - H12), Ordered by Character Label	
	Selected Place Information Descriptor: BIASEN Filters Type, OnCor C, 200 pl Pipetter Vertical Segmentations 1 Segment Labelling Default (A1 - H12), Driverol to Education Labell	
	Plate D: Set25 Segurate Set2D: Di Segurate Set2D: Di Mondachert OLAGEN Conservable Park Mindes: 1936510 [Cashad: 2295] Respired Adaptiv Adaptiar Port Number:	
	OnCer C 246p10p.544.0201	Fibels
		Favoritor Ealbrated
le serie		Favoritos
		Favorites Calibrated

- 4. Ensure that only Tips is selected in Filter to panel.
- 5. From the **Select Plate Type** drop-down list, select "**Standard 96 Well**" to display the available 96-well tip rack options in the "Plate" list.

Only the options that are appropriate for the selected position are displayed.

- 6. From the "Plate" list, select 96 QIAGEN OnCor C 200 µL Tips.
- 7. Select the following Plate Usage Options:
  - Pipet Order: "Vertical"
  - O Segmentation: "1 Segment"
  - O Labeling and Well Display Order: "Default [A1-H12], Ordered by Character Label"
- 8. When the correct tips have been chosen, click **OK** to apply the changes and close the window.

The selected pipet tips appear in the workspace.

Note: Correct selection of tip type is critical for successful operation of the QIAcube HT.

Note: Only use pipet tips recommended by QIAGEN.

#### Working with sample banks

A sample bank is a collection of wells in a given plate or plate segment that is grouped and treated as a single unit for liquidhandling operations.

Individual sample wells must be assigned to a sample bank before they are available for use in a reaction setup. Reaction wells can also be assigned to a sample bank — this enables a reaction to be used as a component of a second reaction.

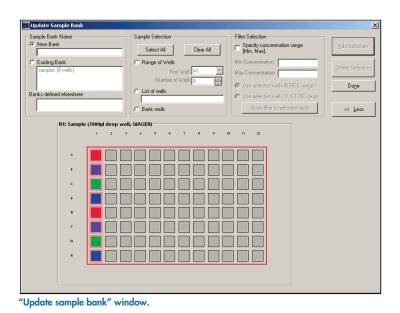
**Note**: Runs set up using the "Vacuum extraction" wizard (Section 6.3.1, page 136) include sample banks set up automatically by the wizard. In such runs, sample bank operations are disabled to avoid corruption of the run configuration.

Sample banks are managed using the "Update Sample Bank" window, accessed from the plate operations menu or from the sample right-hand pane. For more detailed information about managing sample banks using the sample right-hand pane, see Section 5.11.1, page 71.

Right-click a sample or reaction plate to view sample bank options in the upper panel of the plate operations menu. Select any of these options, apart from **Toggle sample bank list** and **Set preload volume**, to directly display the "Update Sample Bank" window.

Add selected wells to sample bank	Opens the "Update Sample Bank" window and enables selected wells to be added to a new or existing sample bank.
Add first 'n' wells on plate to sample bank	Opens the "Update Sample Bank" window and enables consecutive wells on a plate to be added to a new or existing sample bank.
Add list of wells on plate to sample bank	Opens the "Update Sample Bank" window and enables a list of wells to be defined and added to a new or existing sample bank.
Remove selected wells from sample bank	Opens the "Update Sample Bank" window and enables selected wells to be removed from an existing sample bank.
Toggle sample bank list	Opens the "Sample Banks" panel of the "Sample" right-hand pane. This option is only available when a reaction plate is selected. For more information about managing sample banks using the "Sample Banks" panel, see Section 5.11.1, page 71.
Set preload volume	Enables the user to enter the volume of liquids which have been preloaded into reaction

Enables the user to enter the volume of liquids which have been preloaded into reaction tubes. This option is only available when a reaction plate is selected. Click **OK** to continue.



New Bank	Create a new sample bank. Insert a sample bank name. Sample bank names must be unique within the run.
Existing Bank	Modify an existing sample bank. Current sample banks that are defined for the selected plate/segment are listed.
Banks defined elsewhere	List all sample banks that are defined in the run file.
Select all	Select all of the wells within the plate.
Clear all	Deselect all of the wells within the plate.
Range of wells	Define a consecutive range of wells. Specify the "First well" and specify the "Number of wells".
List of wells	List the range of wells (e.g., A1–B1) selected. This list is automatically updated when the well selection is changed. In addition, a list can be directly entered into this field to select wells. A list can consist of more than one description (e.g., A1–B2, C2–C6).
Bank wells	View the existing wells in the sample bank. Wells are highlighted red.
Specify concentration range	Define a concentration range for the filter. Specify the "Min Concentration", "Max Concentration", and whether to use selected wells "INSIDE" or "OUTSIDE" the defined concentration range.
Apply filter to selected wells	Add or remove samples from a sample bank, based on a defined concentration range. The filter is immediately applied to the current selection.
Add Selection and Close	Add selected wells to the sample bank. The "Update Sample Bank" window closes.
Delete Selection and Close	Delete selected wells from the sample bank. The "Update Sample Bank" window closes.
Cancel	Close the "Update Sample Bank" window.
More	Open the "Sample selection" and "Filter selection" panels, in addition to the "Sample Bank Name" panel.
Less	Close the "Sample selection" and "Filter selection" panels.

#### Create a new sample bank

- 1. To select all of the wells within a plate, click a sample or reaction plate. To select a group of wells within a plate, click the plate and then drag. Selected positions are highlighted in red.
- Right-click the plate to view in the plate operations menu. Select Add selected wells to sample bank. The Update Sample Bank window opens.
- 3. Select New Bank and enter a name for the new sample bank.
- 4. If desired, click and drag the plate schematic in the lower portion of the window to modify the original well selection. Alternatively, options in the "Sample Selection" panel and "Filter Selection" panel can be used to select wells.
- 5. Click Add Selection and Close. The selected wells are indicated in color on the software worktable.
- 6. To add another group of wells to this sample bank, proceed as for "Modifying an existing sample bank" (below).

#### Modifying an existing sample bank

- 1. To select all of the wells within a plate, click a sample or reagent plate. To select a group of wells within a plate, click the plate and then drag. Selected positions are highlighted in red.
- Right-click the plate to view the plate operations menu. Select Remove selected wells from sample bank. The "Update Sample Bank" window opens.
- 3. Select Existing Bank, and select a sample bank from the list.
- 4. If desired, click and drag the plate schematic in the lower portion of the window to modify the original well selection. Alternatively, options in the "Sample Selection" panel and "Filter Selection" panel can be used to select wells.
- To add selected wells to the existing sample bank, click Add Selection and Close. To remove selected wells from the existing sample bank, click Remove Selection and Close.

#### Configuring reactions

Reaction configuration allows the user to access options for combining liquids or performing other instrument functions as part of the run protocol. These facilities extend the use of QIAcube HT beyond its primary purpose as a wizard-driven nucleic acid purification system.

Two buttons on the reaction right-hand pane are used to update the reaction list:

- Add configures a general liquid-handling operation
- Special configures an instrument operation or a sample bank duplication operation

Important: Do not add non-wizard steps to a wizard-programmed protocol. This is critical for a successful operation.

#### General liquid-handling operation

Configure a general liquid-handling operation as follows:

- 1. Open the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).
- 2. Right-click the reaction plate to configure.

Reaction plate information is displayed in the right-hand pane.

3. Click **Add...** in right-hand pane.

The "Reaction Configuration" window appears.

Reaction Configuration		×
Select ONE of these sets: Samples No samples (empty wells) Pre-mix before taking sample?	Made up to this volume: Volume Sample volume Total volume 0 * µl	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel
Which will be combined with ALL of these:	Into this configuration of reaction wells: Target wells	
	Number of wells 8 *	
Unnixed reagents	Mix Settings Mix on ejection?	
reagent 2		
Into THIS reaction plate:		
Target reaction plate 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1		

When the option **Allow multiple reagent volumes** is activated in the **Run Settings** menu (see page 164) the "Reaction Configuration" dialog box is displayed with the advanced reagents view:

lect ONE of t	these sets:			Made up to this volume:	<u>0</u> k
Samples SB1, 8 well(s)		Volume Sample volume 10	 ↓µl 		
Pre-mix before ta	aking sample?		times	Total volume 25	τ
hich will be c dixes	ombined with	ALL of these:		Into this configuration of reaction of reaction of reaction of reaction of the second	on wells:
vixes				Replicates 1	-
				Number of wells	
				Number of wells	-
				Alternate sample wells with diluent?	
Reagents				Mix Settings	
Reagent	Use?	Volume To Use	Default Volume		times
Reagent 1	Yes	5	10		
Reagent 2	Yes	10	10		
to THIS react Target reaction p					

- 1. Select the samples from the Samples drop-down list.
- 2. Select reagents to be transferred from the "Which will be combined with ALL of these" lists.
- Select the reaction plate into which the reagents will be dispensed from the Target reaction plate drop-down list.
   To display all available reaction plates in a new window, click the selection.
- 4. Enter the total volume of the final mixture in the Made up to this volume: field.
- According to the sample bank selected, enter the number of wells in the Target wells: field. The value must be a multiple of 8. Alternatively, enter the number of reaction replicates in the Replicates: field.

The maximum number of replicates is defined as 384. The replicates are positioned in such a way that the replicates of one sample well are pipetted into the plate consecutively. For example, if 3 replicates are selected and the sample bank contains wells A1–A8, then the replicates of well A1–A8 would be pipetted into wells A1–A8, B1–B8, and C1–C8 in a vertically ordered reaction plate.

- 6. Select Mix on ejection? if desired and enter the number of mix cycles to be performed after the reagent is dispensed. The volume mixed is the larger of either the well contents or the last volume of liquid added. This option is particularly useful when pipetting a very small sample volume (<3 µL). Mixing ensures the entire sample is "rinsed" out of the tip.</p>
- 7. To apply the changes and close the window, click OK.

#### **Special operation**

Configure a special operation as follows:

- 1. Open the software workspace (see Section 5.3, page 50).
- 2. Right-click the reaction plate to configure.

Reaction plate information is displayed in the right-hand pane.

- 3. Click **Special...** in the right-hand pane.
- 4. Select the desired operation (see the following sections for descriptions).
- 5. Set any required parameters in the operation configuration window that appears, and click **OK** to save the newly set up operation or **Cancel** to discard the operation.

Special operation: Add "pause (30 sec.)"

This function adds a 30 second pause to the reaction list. No additional configuration is needed.

#### Special operation: Add "pause (arbitrary)"

This function adds a pause of defined length to the reaction list.

Configure Pause		×
Pause Pause time:	00:00:30	K

#### Special operation: Add "reset eject position"

This function instructs the instrument to start pipetting into a reaction plate from its first well, typically well A1. No additional configuration is needed.

#### Special operation: Add "pause until confirmation"

This function displays an optional user-defined message and pauses the instrument until a specified user action is performed and **OK** is clicked.

QIAGEN	×
Please enter message to display to user:	<u>0</u> K
	Cancel
Robot paused, waiting on user interaction.	Ă

#### Special operation: Add "move carriage"

This function instructs the instrument to move the transfer carriage from one side of the vacuum chamber to the other. The direction is defined by the **Move from left to right** and **Move from right to left** options.

🗰 Configure Move Carriage	×
Carriage Location	<u>0</u> K
Move from left to right     Move from right to left	<u>C</u> ancel
Pre Move Pause: 00:00:15	

A pre-move pause (in seconds) specifies a pause that allows the dissipation of the vacuum applied to hold the carriage in place.

#### Special operation: Add "vacuum on/off"

This function controls the vacuum pump.

ġ	Configure Vacuum	×
	Vacuum on/off Enable vacuum? Pressure: OkPa	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel
	Wait for confirmation before proceeding?	
	Duration: 00:00:00	

When the vacuum is to be applied, the Enable vacuum? option is selected and the vacuum pressure is entered.

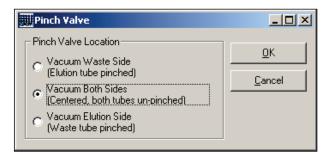
The **Wait for confirmation before proceeding?** option pauses the instrument until the user clicks **OK**. Alternatively, the fixed duration of vacuum application can be specified.

The **Ignore pressure feedback?** option allows the next operation to proceed without first confirming that the vacuum has reached the target vacuum pressure.

Note: Only an experienced user should use the latter two functions.

## Special operation: Add "move pinch valve"

This option allows the user to control the position of the pinch valve for application of vacuum to the specified chambers.



#### Special operation: Add "fan on/off"

This function instructs the instrument to turn the HEPA filter on or off during a run.



#### Special operation: Add "sample bank duplication step..."

This function instructs the instrument to perform simple plate replication operations with controls for tip use. If a sample bank of 8 samples is replicated 5 times using standard "general liquid handling" reaction steps (i.e., prepared using **Add...**), 40 tips are required. When the **Add sample bank duplication step...** option is used, only 8 tips are required for this operation.

🔜 Bank Duplicati	on	2
	ates a bank of samples into multiple reaction plates. sed must be clean before the start of this step.	<u>0</u> K
, ┌─Select a Tip Sett	ing option	<u>C</u> ancel
Multi-Eject		
	ising 1 tip per sample to aspirate and eject each duplication volume separately. Using a new tip for each sample and for each duplication volume.	
Select the sample	e bank to be duplicated	
Sample bank:	test-samples, 16 well(s)	
	on plates to duplicate into	
96 well plate (ver	tical) @ B1	
First well:	A6 💌	
Volume:	5 ▲µl	
Reaction plates:	5 μl, 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1 from A4 5 μl, 96 well plate (vertical) @ B1 from A6	
Total volume:	10 µl	
NOTES:	<u> </u>	
	ne required: 8 x 10 μl = 80 μl er duplication = 200 μl	
Tips Required: 32 :	x 200 μl (Largest available tip size = 200 μl)	
1		

#### 1. Select a tip setting option.

Multi-eject	Instructs the instrument to use a single tip for each sample, aspirate the entire volume required
	for all replicates, and dispense the volume to complete all replicates.
Re-use tips	Instructs the instrument to use a single tip for each sample and to aspirate and dispense one
	replicate at a time.
Use new tips	Instructs the instrument to use a new tip to transfer each replicate.

To configure multi-eject options, click the Multi-Eject Settings.

MULTI-EJECT options for Sample Bank Duplication	×
Multi-Eject Options Use air on multi-eject Initial Ejection Volume	<u>D</u> K <u>C</u> ancel
<ul> <li>Apply Default Initial Ejection Volumes</li> <li>Default Initial Ejection Volume using a 50 μl Tip: 1 μl</li> <li>Default Initial Ejection Volume using a 200 μl Tip: 4 μl</li> </ul>	
C Specify Initial Ejection Volume 0 μI	
Additional Extra Volume: 1	
NOTE: Select the amount of additional extra liquid to aspirate. Setting this to zero may reduce precision.	

Use air on multi-eject	Air is blown through the tip after final ejection to reduce accumulation of liquid on the tip interior. This is the default setting when tip reuse is selected but is optional when single-tip use has been selected.
Apply Default Initial Ejection Volumes	Use default initial ejection volumes (i.e., 1 µL for 50 µL tips, and 4 µL for 200 µL tips). This volume is returned to source well before the dispensing sequence.
Specify Initial Ejection Volume	Specify initial ejection volume (the volume that is aspirated and ejected into the source well before transfer into target well).
Additional Extra Volume	Specify a volume to aspirate in addition to the volume to transfer. This volume is retained in the tip and discarded when the tip is disposed through the tip chute.

- 2. Specify the sample bank to be replicated from the **Sample bank:** drop-down list.
- 3. Define the location and size of each replicate by choosing a target reaction plate, a target starting well in that plate, and a volume to transfer.

Clicking ... opens the "Plate/Well Selector" window for selecting the target reaction plate.

Select the desired target plate. This closes the window and updates the selection choice in "Bank Duplication" form.

Choose a starting well and define the transfer volume for a channel.

- First well Defines the first well of the reaction plate into which the sample bank will be replicated.
- Volume Defines the sample volume that will be used for replication.

Click Add to include this target configuration to the replicate list.

Select a replicate from the list and click **Remove** to delete this replicate from the duplication series.

Total volume

Defines the total volume, which includes an extra volume if **Multi-eject** is selected. The extra volume is calculated according to settings.

The software automatically calculates the volumes required and displays them in the notes field.

4. Click **OK** to return to the main software window.

The "Reaction List" is updated with the sample bank replication step.

#### Special operation: Add "discard tips"

For runs configured without the "Vacuum extraction" wizard, this function allows used tips remaining on the worktable to be discarded explicitly. This function is typically used at the end of a run.

### Description of the Generic XML Format

The XML file exported in Generic XML mode follows the schema defined in ...\Integration\xsd\GenericXMLFormat.xsd.

The main structure is:

```
<Root>
<ReactionData>
    <Socket>
       <Name>C1</Name>
       <PlateID/>
       <PlateType>Std96</PlateType>
       <Size>96</Size>
       <Wells>
           <Well>
              <Label>A1</Label>
              <WellID/>
              <WellNo>1</WellNo>
              <StandardWellName>A:1</StandardWellName>
              <Color>5775359</Color>
              <TubeType>BioSprint_250</TubeType>
              <Concentration>37</Concentration>
              <FinalWellVol>80</FinalWellVol>
              <EventOccurred>0</EventOccurred>
              <Contents>
                  <Diluent>
                     <SocketName>M1</SocketName>
                     <WellLabel>A</WellLabel>
                     <Vol>40</Vol>
                  </Diluent>
                  <Mix>
                     <SocketName>M1</SocketName>
                     <WellLabel>B</WellLabel>
                     <Vol>10</Vol>
                     <Name>Mix B</Name>
                  </Mix>
                  <Reagent>
                     <SocketName>R1</SocketName>
                     <WellLabel>I</WellLabel>
                     <Vol>2.5</Vol>
                     <Name>10X Buffer</Name>
```



• • •

For each reaction well a <well> tag is exported, that contains information of all contents of the well. The <reaction> tag contains recursive information, if a reaction was added to the exported well (e.g. when using "Create sample banks from target wells").

As the XML export can be used to export more than one plate, the <Socket> tag might be repeated for every exported plate data.

It is possible to create XSL transformation files to transform this generic XML format to the format you might need for your lab environment. This XSI file should be stored in the folder ...\integration\xsl. It can then be selected by the user during the XML export dialog.

To make the user's selection for empty wells and sample labels evaluable, two parameters are passed to the XSL transformation:

• SampleLabelType Possible values:

SL\_FullID = 0 SL\_SampleID = 1 SL\_ReactionID = 2 SL\_SampleName = 3

• EmptyLabelType Possible values:

EL\_Empty = 0 EL\_WellID = 1 EL\_WellOrder = 2 EL\_WellNumber = 3

They can be evaluated during the transformation.

# Appendix B

## Declaration of Conformity

Name and address of the company

QIAGEN GmbH QIAGEN Strasse 1 40724 Hilden Germany

An up-to-date Declaration of Conformity can be requested from QIAGEN Technical Support.

## Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

This section provides information about disposal of waste electrical and electronic equipment by users.

The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol (see below) indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste; it must be taken to an approved treatment facility or to a designated collection point for recycling, according to local laws and regulations.

The separate collection and recycling of waste electronic equipment at the time of disposal helps to conserve natural resources and ensures that the product is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment.



Recycling can be provided by QIAGEN upon request at additional cost. In the European Union, in accordance with the specific WEEE recycling requirements and where a replacement product is being supplied by QIAGEN, free recycling of its WEEE marked electronic equipment is provided.

To recycle electronic equipment, contact your local QIAGEN sales office for the required return form. Once the form is submitted, you will be contacted by QIAGEN either to request follow-up information for scheduling collection of the electronic waste or to provide you with an individual quote.

### FCC declaration

The "United States Federal Communications Commission" (USFCC) (in 47 CRF 15. 105) declared that the users of this product must be informed of the following facts and circumstances.

"This device complies with part 15 of the FCC:

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation."

"This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-0003."

The following statement applies to the products covered in this manual, unless otherwise specified herein. The statement for other products will appear in the accompanying documentation.

**NOTE**: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

QIAGEN GmbH Germany is not responsible for any radio television interference caused by unauthorized modifications of this equipment or the substitution or attachment of connection cables and equipment other than those specified by QIAGEN GmbH, Germany. The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment will be the responsibility of the user.

## Liability clause

QIAGEN shall be released from all obligations under its warranty in the event repairs or modifications are made by persons other than its own personnel, except in cases where the Company has given its written consent to perform such repairs or modifications.

All materials replaced under this warranty will be warranted only for the duration of the original warranty period, and in no case beyond the original expiration date of original warranty unless authorized in writing by an officer of the Company. Read-out devices, interfacing devices, and associated software will be warranted only for the period offered by the original manufacturer of these products. Representations and warranties made by any person, including representatives of QIAGEN, which are inconsistent or in conflict with the conditions in this warranty shall not be binding upon the Company unless produced in writing and approved by an officer of QIAGEN.

# Appendix C – Ordering Information

Product	Contents	Cat. no.
QIAcube HT System	Robotic workstation with UV lamp, HEPA filter, laptop, QIAcube HT operating software, start-up pack, installation and training, 1-year warranty on parts and labor	9001793
Plasticware and accessories		
Accessories Pack, QXT	Upgrade kit for QIAxtractor instrument; Adapter set to use dedicated QIAcube HT kits on the QIAxtractor Contains: Transfer Carriage (9022654), Riser Block EMTR (9022655), and Channeling Adapter	9022649
	(9022656)	
Gasket for Transfer Carriage	Replacement flat gasket (one piece)	9022975
Reagent Trough (with Lid), 170 mL	Box of 20 plus lid; liquid reservoirs; used with Reagent Trough R1 Position Plate and Reagent Trough SBS Plate	990556
Reagent Trough (with Lid), 70 mL	Box of 10 plus lid; liquid reservoirs; used with Reagent Trough R1 Position Plate and Reagent Trough SBS Plate	990554
Adapter, Reagent Trough SBS Plate	For holding combinations of 70 mL and 170 mL Reagent Troughs in the standard SBS plate positions	9018935
Adapter, Reagent Trough R1 Position Plate	For holding combinations of 70 mL and 170 mL Reagent Troughs in the R1 position on the instrument worktable	9019513
Filter-Tips, OnCor C, 200 µL (960)	Disposable filter-tips; for use with the QIAcube HT and QIAxtractor	990610
Tape Pads (5)	Adhesive tape sheets for sealing multiwell plates and blocks: 25 sheets per pad, 5 pads per pack	19570
HEPA filter	Replacement cartridge (one filter)	9019486
Vacuum Filter, Polycap Filter	Replacement cartridge (one filter)	9019488
Vacuum Filter, Carbon Filter	Replacement cartridge (one filter)	9019483
Tip Disposal Box	Box of 10; waste collection box to fit tip ejector chute	990550

For up-to-date licensing and product-specific disclaimers, see the respective QIAGEN kit handbook or user manual. QIAGEN kit handbooks and user manuals are available at **www.qiagen.com** or can be requested from QIAGEN Technical Services or your local distributor.

# Appendix D – Informations de sécurité

Avant d'utiliser le QIAcube HT, il est impératif de lire attentivement ce manuel et de porter une attention particulière aux informations de sécurité. Afin de garantir un fonctionnement de l'appareil en toute sécurité et de maintenir l'appareil en bon état de marche, il est impératif de suivre les instructions et les informations de sécurité fournies dans le présent manuel d'utilisation.

Les types d'informations de sécurité suivants sont fournis tout au long du manuel.

AVERTISSEMENT	Le terme AVERTISSEMENT signale des situations risquant d'entraîner des accidents corporels dont
	l'utilisateur, ou d'autres personnes, pourraient être victime.
	Les détails concernant ces circonstances sont donnés dans un encadré identique à celui-ci.
ATTENTION	Le terme ATTENTION signale des situations risquant d'entraîner des détériorations de l'appareil ou de
	tout autre matériel.
	Les détails concernant ces circonstances sont donnés dans un encadré identique à celui-ci.

Les conseils donnés dans ce manuel ont pour but de venir compléter les exigences de sécurité habituelles en vigueur dans le pays de l'utilisateur et non de s'y substituer.

## Utilisation appropriée

<b>Risque d'accident corporel et de détérioration du matériel</b> L'utilisation inappropriée du QIAcube HT peut entraîner des accidents corporels ou une détérioration de l'appareil.
L'utilisation du QIAcube HT est exclusivement réservée au personnel qualifié ayant été convenablement formé.
L'entretien du QIAcube HT doit uniquement être effectué par des spécialistes du Service Après Vente QIAGEN.

 AVERTISSEMENT
 Risque de surchauffe

 /ATTENTION
 Afin de garantir une bonne ventilation, laisser un dégagement d'au moins 10 cm sur les côtés et à l'arrière du QIAcube HT. Les fentes et les ouvertures qui assurent la ventilation de l'appareil ne doivent pas être obstruées.

AVERTISSEMENT /ATTENTION	Risque d'accident corporel et de détérioration du matériel
	Le QIAcube HT est trop lourd pour être soulevé par une seule personne. Afin d'éviter tout accident corporel et toute détérioration du matériel, ne pas soulever l'appareil seul.

<b>Risque d'accident corporel et de détérioration du matériel</b> Ne pas essayer de déplacer le QIAcube HT pendant qu'il est en fonctionnement.

AVERTISSEMENT	Atmosphère explosive
	Le QIAcube HT n'est pas conçu pour être utilisé dans une atmosphère explosive.

AVERTISSEMENT	Risque d'explosion
	Le QIAcube HT a été conçu pour l'utilisation des réactifs et substances fournis par les kits QIAGEN. L'utilisation de réactifs et de substances autres que celles indiquées peut entrainer un risque d'incendie ou d'explosion.

ATTENTION	Détérioration de l'appareil
	La lumière directe du soleil peut décolorer les pièces de l'appareil et abîmer les éléments en plastique.
	Tenir le QIAcube HT à l'abri de la lumière directe du soleil.

Éviter de renverser de l'eau ou des produits chimiques sur le QIAcube HT. La détérioration de l'ap due au déversement de liquides annule la garantie.	pareil	ATTENTION

AVERTISSEMENT	Risque d'accident corporel
	Pendant l'étalonnage des positions, le bras robotisé se déplace alors que le capot de l'appareil est relevé. Ne jamais cliquer sur une des touches tant que des parties du corps se trouvent dans l'enceinte de l'appareil.

En cas d'urgence, éteindre le QIAcube HT à l'aide de l'interrupteur d'alimentation situé à l'arrière de l'appareil et débrancher le cordon d'alimentation de la prise de courant.

## Sécurité électrique

Avant l'entretien, débrancher le cordon d'alimentation de la prise de courant.

AVERTISSEMENT	Danger électrique
	Toute interruption du conducteur de protection (conducteur de terre/de masse) à l'intérieur ou à l'extérieur de l'appareil ou toute déconnexion de la borne du conducteur de protection est susceptible de rendre l'appareil dangereux.
	Toute interruption intentionnelle est interdite.
	Tensions mortelles à l'intérieur de l'appareil
	Lorsque l'appareil est relié à l'alimentation, les bornes peuvent être sous tension et l'ouverture des capots de l'instrument ou le retrait de pièces risque d'exposer des éléments sous tension.

### **AVERTISSEMENT**



Danger d'irradiation UV

Un dispositif électronique de verrouillage empêche la lampe UV de fonctionner tant que le capot de l'appareil est ouvert. Ce dispositif ne doit en aucun cas être désactivé.

Afin que le QIAcube HT fonctionne de manière satisfaisante et en toute sécurité, suivre les conseils suivants :

- Le cordon d'alimentation de l'appareil doit être branché sur une prise d'alimentation munie d'un conducteur de protection (terre/masse).
- Ne pas effectuer de réglage, ni remplacer les pièces internes à l'instrument.
- Ne pas faire fonctionner l'appareil si des panneaux ou des pièces en ont été retirés.
- En cas de déversement de liquides à l'intérieur de l'appareil, débrancher celui-ci de la prise d'alimentation et contacter les Services techniques de QIAGEN.
- Si l'appareil présente un danger électrique, empêcher le reste du personnel de s'en servir et contacter les Services techniques de QIAGEN. L'appareil peut présenter un danger électrique dans les cas suivants :
  - O Le cordon d'alimentation présente des signes de détérioration.
  - O L'appareil a été stocké pendant une longue période dans des conditions non conformes à celles énoncées dans l'Annexe A.
  - O L'appareil a subi des chocs sévères durant le transport.

### Sécurité biologique

Les spécimens et les réactifs contenant des matières provenant d'êtres humains doivent être considérés comme potentiellement infectieux. Utilisez des procédures de laboratoire sûres comme décrit dans des publications telles que Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories, HHS (www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications).

### Échantillons

Les échantillons peuvent contenir des agents infectieux. Vous devez connaître le risque que de tels agents représentent pour la santé et devez utiliser, stocker et éliminer ces échantillons conformément aux règles de sécurité nécessaires.

AVERTISSEMENT	Échantillons contenant des agents infectieux
	Certains échantillons utilisés avec cet appareil peuvent contenir des agents infectieux. Manipulez ces échantillons avec la plus grande précaution et conformément aux règles de sécurité nécessaires.
	Portez toujours des lunettes de protection, deux paires de gants et une blouse de laboratoire. La personne responsable (par exemple, le directeur du laboratoire) doit prendre les précautions nécessaires afin de garantir que l'environnement de travail est sûr, que les opérateurs de l'appareil sont convenablement formés et ne sont pas exposés à des niveaux dangereux d'agents infectieux comme cela est défini dans les fiches techniques santé-sécurité (FDS) ou dans les documents de l'OSHA*, de l'ACGIH <sup>†</sup> ou du COSHH <sup>‡</sup> applicables.
	L'évacuation des vapeurs et l'élimination des déchets doivent s'effectuer conformément à toutes les règles et lois nationales, régionales et locales relatives à la santé et à la sécurité.

- \* OSHA : Occupational Safety and Health Administration (États-Unis d'Amérique) (Administration pour la santé et la sécurité du travail).
   <sup>†</sup> ACGIH : American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (États-Unis d'Amérique) (Conférence américaine des hygiénistes industriels
- gouvernementaux).
- \* COSHH : Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Royaume-Uni) (Contrôle des substances dangereuses pour la santé).

## **Produits chimiques**

AVERTISSEMENT	Produits chimiques dangereux
	Certains produits chimiques utilisés avec cet appareil peuvent être dangereux ou le devenir après l'exécution du cycle du protocole.
	Toujours porter des lunettes de protection, des gants et une blouse de laboratoire.
	La personne responsable (par exemple, le directeur du laboratoire) doit prendre les précautions nécessaires afin de garantir que le lieu de travail environnant est sûr et que les opérateurs de l'appareil ne sont pas exposés à des niveaux dangereux de substances (chimiques ou biologiques) toxiques comme cela est défini dans les fiches de données de sécurité (FDS) ou dans les documents de l'OSHA*, de l'ACGIH <sup>†</sup> ou du COSHH <sup>‡</sup> applicables.
	L'évacuation des vapeurs et la mise au rebut des déchets doivent s'effectuer conformément à toutes les réglementations et lois nationales, régionales et locales relatives à la santé et à la sécurité.

\* OSHA : Occupational Safety and Health Administration (États-Unis d'Amérique) (Administration pour la santé et la sécurité du travail).

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\* COSHH : Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Royaume-Uni) (Contrôle des substances dangereuses pour la santé).

### Vapeurs toxiques

Si vous travaillez avec des solvants volatils ou des substances toxiques, vous devez disposer d'un système de ventilation de laboratoire efficace afin d'évacuer les vapeurs qui peuvent être générées.

### Elimination des déchets

Le matériel en plastique usagé peut contenir des produits chimiques dangereux. Ces déchets doivent être convenablement collectés et éliminés conformément aux réglementations locales de sécurité.

Pour plus d'informations sur la mise au rebut du QIAcube HT, voir l'Annexe A.

### Dangers mécaniques

<b>Pièces mobiles</b> Éviter le contact avec les pièces en mouvement lorsque le QIAcube HT est en fonctionnement. Ne jamais placer les mains sous le bras robotisé lorsque celui-ci s'abaisse. Ne pas tenter de déplacer des plaques ou des tubes lorsque le bras robotisé est en marche.
<b>Détérioration de l'appareil</b> N'appliquer aucune force manuelle sur le bras en Y (c'est-à-dire la tête de pipetage). En cas de déplacement manuel accidentel du bras en Y, il est fortement recommandé de redémarrer le système.

Afin que le QIAcube HT fonctionne de manière satisfaisante et en toute sécurité, suivre les conseils suivants :

- Utiliser uniquement les cônes et les supports de cônes recommandés.
- Dans la mesure du possible, maintenir le capot de l'appareil fermé.
- Ne pas désactiver le dispositif de verrouillage du capot.
- Lors de l'étalonnage des plaques capot ouvert, toujours se tenir à l'écart de l'appareil au moment des réglages. Le dispositif de verrouillage est désactivé en mode d'étalonnage. Par conséquent, ne pas cliquer avec la souris ni appuyer sur une des touches du clavier lors de l'observation de l'étalonnage des plaques. Attendre l'arrêt complet du bras robotisé pour déplacer une plaque ou un tube.
- Ne rien poser sur le bras robotisé.
- Avant de retirer des plaques ou des tubes de la table de travail, sélectionner « Pause » dans la barre d'outils du logiciel QIAcube HT pour mettre l'appareil en mode de pause. Attendre l'arrêt complet du bras robotisé. Cela peut prendre jusqu'à 10 s.

### Sécurité relative à la maintenance

Procéder à la maintenance comme décrit à la Section 7. QIAGEN facture les réparations rendues nécessaires suite à une maintenance inadaptée.

AVERTISSEMENT	Risque d'accident corporel et de détérioration du matériel	
	Effectuer uniquement la maintenance spécifiquement décrite dans ce manuel.	
AVERTISSEMENT	Risque de décharge électrique	
	Ne pas ouvrir les panneaux du QIAcube HT.	
<u>_4</u>	Risque d'accident corporel et de détérioration du matériel	
	Effectuer uniquement la maintenance spécifiquement décrite dans ce manuel.	
ATTENTION	Détérioration de l'appareil	
$\wedge$	Ne pas utiliser de solvants ni de réactifs contenant des acides, des bases ou des composés abrasifs pour nettover le QIAcube HT.	

	pour nettoyer le QIAcube H1.	
ATTENTION	Détérioration du capot du QIAcube HT	
^	Ne pas utiliser de solvants ni de réactifs contenant des acides, des bases ou des composés abrasifs	
	pour nettoyer le capot de l'appareil. L'alcool peut endommager le capot. Employer uniquement de l'eau	

<u>'\</u>	pour nettoyer le capot de l'appareil. L'alcool peut endommager le capot. Employer uniquement de l'eau distillée.
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ATTENTION	Détérioration des panneaux latéraux du QIAcube HT
	Ne jamais nettoyer les panneaux latéraux de l'appareil à l'alcool ou avec une solution à base d'alcool.

ATTENTION	Détérioration du chariot de transfert de la plaque de capture
	En aucun cas le chariot de transfert de la plaque de capture ne doit être autoclavé.

## Symboles sur le QIAcube HT

Symbole	Emplacement	Description
	Table de travail et près de la plaque signalétique	Symbole de mise en garde
	Table de travail et près de la sortie pour l'éjection des cônes	Symbole de danger biologique
	Table de travail	Symbole de risque d'écrasement

Symbole	Emplacement	Description
CE	Plaque signalétique à l'arrière de l'appareil	Marquage CE pour la conformité européenne
UK CA	Plaque signalétique à l'arrière de l'appareil	Marquage UKCA pour la conformité UK
	Plaque signalétique à l'arrière de l'appareil	Label CSA pour le Canada et les Etats- Unis
***	Plaque signalétique à l'arrière de l'appareil	Fabricant légal
X	Plaque signalétique à l'arrière de l'appareil	Symbole DEEE
F©	Plaque signalétique à l'arrière de l'appareil	Label FCC de la Federal Communications Commission des États-Unis
	Plaque signalétique à l'arrière de l'appareil	Marquage RCM (antérieurement marquage C-Tick) pour l'Australie (identifiant du fournisseur N17965)
<b>Ø</b>	Plaque signalétique à l'arrière de l'appareil	Label RoHS pour la Chine (restriction de l'utilisation de certaines substances dangereuses dans l'équipement électrique et électronique)
i	Plaque signalétique à l'arrière de l'appareil	Lire le manuel d'utilisation.

# Appendix E – Sicherheitshinweise

Lesen Sie dieses Handbuch sorgfältig durch, bevor Sie den QlAcube HT benutzen. Beachten Sie dabei insbesondere die Sicherheitshinweise. Die Gebrauchsanweisungen und Sicherheitshinweise im Handbuch müssen befolgt werden, um einen sicheren Betrieb des Geräts zu gewährleisten und das Gerät in einem sicheren Zustand zu erhalten.

In diesem Handbuch werden die folgenden Kategorien von Sicherheitshinweisen verwendet:

Der Begriff "WARNUNG" ("WARNING") weist Sie auf Situationen hin, in denen eine Verletzungsgefahr für Sie selbst oder andere Personen besteht. Nähere Einzelheiten über diese Situationen werden in einem Textfeld wie diesem beschrieben.
Der Begriff "ACHTUNG" ("CAUTION") weist Sie auf Situationen hin, in denen <b>das Gerät</b> oder andere Geräte <b>beschädigt</b> werden könnten. Nähere Einzelheiten über diese Situationen werden in einem Textfeld wie diesem beschrieben.

Die in diesem Handbuch enthaltenen Hinweise stellen eine Ergänzung und keinen Ersatz der üblichen Sicherheitsanforderungen dar, die im jeweiligen Land gelten.

## Sachgemäße Handhabung

WARNUNG/ ACHTUNG	Verletzungsgefahr und Beschädigung des Geräts Die unsachgemäße Bedienung des QIAcube HT kann zu einer Verletzung des Benutzers oder zur Beschädigung des Geräts führen.
<u>/!\</u>	Der QIAcube HT darf nur durch qualifiziertes Personal, das entsprechend geschult wurde, bedient werden.
	Die Instandhaltung des QIAcube HT darf nur durch einen Außendienst-Mitarbeiter des QIAGEN Service durch¬geführt werden.
WARNUNG/ ACHTUNG	Überhitzungsgefahr Vergewissern Sie sich, dass zwischen Wand und QIAcube HT (Rückseite und Seitenteile) ein Mindestabstand von 10 cm eingehalten wird. Das gewährleistet eine ausreichende Belüftung des Gerätes. Die Lüftungsschlitze und Öffnungen, die für die Be- und Entlüftung des QIAcube HT bestimmt sind, dürfen nicht zugedeckt werden.
	Vedetrum nonefabr und Beech ädigung des Coräte
WARNUNG/ ACHTUNG	Verletzungsgefahr und Beschädigung des Geräts Der QIAcube HT ist zu schwer, um von einer einzelnen Person gehoben zu werden. Zur Vermeidung einer Verletzung oder Beschädigung des Gerätes heben sie das Gerät nicht alleine an.

WARNUNG/	Verletzungsgefahr und Beschädigung des Geräts
ACHTUNG	Der QIAcube HT darf auf keinen Fall während des Betriebs fortbewegt werden.

	<b>Explosionsgefahr</b> Der QIAcube HT ist ausschließlich mit Reagenzien und Substanzen aus den QIAGEN Kits zu benutzen. Die Benutzung von anderen Reagenzien oder Substanzen kann Feuer oder eine Explosion auslösen.
ACHTUNG	Geräteschäden
	Direktes Sonnenlicht kann zum Ausbleichen von Geräte¬teilen führen und Schäden an Kunststoffteilen verursachen.

<u>\</u>	verursachen.
	Der QIAcube HT darf nicht direkter Sonneneinstrahlung ausgeliefert werden.

	<b>Beschädigung des Geräts</b> Vermeiden Sie es, Wasser oder Chemikalien auf der Oberfläche des QIAcube HT zu verschütten. Durch verschüttete Chemikalien oder verschüttetes Wasser verursachte Geräteschäden sind nicht durch die Garantie abgedeckt.
WARNUNG	Verletzungsgefahr

Bei der Kalibrierung der Positionen bewegt sich der Roboterarm bei geöffneter Gerätehaube. Klicken
Sie nicht auf die Maus und drücken Sie nicht auf eine Taste der Tastatur, während sich Ihre Hände oder
andere Körperteile im Arbeitsbereich des Roboterarms befinden.

Schalten Sie im Notfall den QIAcube HT aus (der Netzschalter befindet sich auf der Geräterückseite), und ziehen Sie den Netzstecker aus der Steckdose.

## Schutz vor Stromschlag

Ziehen Sie das Netzanschlusskabel aus der Steckdose, bevor Sie Wartungsarbeiten am Gerät vornehmen.

WARNUNG	Gefahr durch Stromschlag	
	Jede Unterbrechung des Schutzleiters (Erdungs- bzw. Masseleiter) im Gerät oder außerhalb des Geräts und jede Abtrennung des Schutzleiters am Anschluss der Netzleitung erhöht die Gefahr eines Stromschlags.	
	Eine absichtliche Unterbrechung der Schutzleiter-verbindung ist verboten.	
Gefährliche Spannung im Gerät Wenn das Gerät an die Stromversorgung angeschlossen ist, sind die spannungsführend. Durch das Öffnen der Abdeckungen oder das Entfernen von Gehä spannungsführende Komponenten freigelegt werden.		

### WARNUNG

#### Gefahr durch UV-Strahlung

Ein elektronisch gesteuerter Sensor zeigt an, dass die Gerätehaube geschlossen sein muss, bevor die UV-Lampe eingeschaltet werden kann. Der Hauben Sensor darf unter keinen Umständen ausser Kraft gesetzt werden.

Um einen zufriedenstellenden und sicheren Betrieb des QIAcube HT zu gewährleisten, befolgenden Sie bitte die nachstehenden Richtlinien:

- Das Netzkabel muss an eine Wechselstrom-Steckdose mit Schutzleiter (Erdungs-/ Masseleiter) angeschlossen werden.
- Nehmen Sie im Geräteinneren keine Einstellungen an Teilen vor und wechseln Sie keine Teile aus.
- Nehmen Sie das Gerät nicht in Betrieb, wenn Abdeckungen oder Teile entfernt worden sind.
- Falls Flüssigkeit auf dem Gerät verschüttet wird und in das Gerät läuft, dann schalten Sie es sofort aus, trennen Sie es von der Netzspannung (Stecker ziehen!) und setzen Sie sich mit dem Technischen Service von QIAGEN in Verbindung.
- Falls die elektrische Sicherheit bei der Bedienung des Geräts nicht mehr gewährleistet werden kann, muss das Gerät gegen unbefugte oder unabsichtliche Benutzung gesichert werden. Kontaktieren Sie anschließend den Technischen Service von QIAGEN. Die elektrische Sicherheit des Geräts ist nicht mehr gegeben, wenn:
  - O Das Netzkabel beschädigt ist.
  - Das Gerät längere Zeit unter ungünstigen Bedingungen, d. h. unter anderen Bedingungen als in Anhang A angegeben, gelagert wurde.
  - O Das Gerät unsachgemäß transportiert worden ist.

### **Biologische Sicherheit**

Bei Substanzen und Reagenzien, die humanes Untersuchungsmaterial enthalten, sollte immer von einer möglichen Infektionsgefahr ausgegangen werden. Wenden Sie nur sichere Laborverfahren an, wie sie z. B. in Veröffentlichungen wie *Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories* (HHS, www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications) beschrieben werden.

### Proben

Proben können infektiöse Erreger enthalten. Sie sollten sich der Gesundheitsgefahr bewusst sein, die von diesen Erregern ausgeht, und derartige Proben gemäß den erforderlichen Sicherheitsbestimmungen handhaben, lagern und entsorgen.

WARNUNG	Proben, die infektiöse Erreger enthalten Einige Proben, die mithilfe dieses Geräts verarbeitet werden, können infektiöse Erreger enthalten. Gehen Sie beim Umgang mit diesen Proben mit der größtmöglichen Vorsicht und gemäß den erforderlichen Sicherheitsbestimmungen vor.
	Tragen Sie immer eine Schutzbrille, zwei Paar Laborhand-schuhe und einen Laborkittel.
	Die verantwortliche Person (z. B. der Laborleiter) muss alle erforderlichen Vorsichtsmaßnahmen treffen, um sicher-zustellen, dass die unmittelbare Umgebung des Arbeits-platzes sicher ist und die Bediener des Geräts ausreichend geschult sind. Außerdem dürfen die Grenzwerte in Bezug auf infektiöse Erreger, die in den entsprechenden Sicherheitsdatenblättern (SDS) oder den Vorschriften der OSHA,* ACGIH <sup>†</sup> oder COSHH <sup>‡</sup> festgelegt sind, nicht überschritten werden.
	Beim Betrieb des Abzugs und bei der Entsorgung von Abfallstoffen müssen alle Bestimmungen und Gesetze zu Gesundheitsschutz und Sicherheit am Arbeitsplatz auf übernationaler, nationaler und regionaler Ebene eingehalten werden.

\* OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (Vereinigte Staaten von Amerika)

<sup>†</sup> ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (Vereinigte Staaten von Amerika)

<sup>‡</sup> COSHH: Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Vereinigtes Königreich)

## Chemikalien

WARNUNG	Gefährliche Chemikalien	
	Einige Chemikalien, die mit diesem Gerät verwendet werden, können gefährlich sein oder nach Beendigung eines Protokolllaufs gefährlich werden.	
	Tragen Sie immer eine Schutzbrille, Laborhandschuhe und einen Laborkittel.	
	Die verantwortliche Person (z. B. der Laborleiter) muss alle erforderlichen Vorsichtsmaßnahmen treffen, um sicher-zustellen, dass die unmittelbare Umgebung des Arbeits-platzes sicher ist. Auch dürfen die Grenzwerte in Bezug auf infektiöse Erreger, die in den entsprechenden Sicherheits-datenblättern (SDS) oder den Vorschriften der OSHA*, ACGIH <sup>†</sup> oder COSHH <sup>‡</sup> festgelegt sind, nicht überschritten werden.	
	Beim Betrieb des Abzugs und bei der Entsorgung von Abfallstoffen müssen alle Bestimmungen und Gesetze zu Gesundheitsschutz und Sicherheit am Arbeitsplatz auf übernationaler, nationaler und regionaler Ebene eingehalten werden.	

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<sup>‡</sup> COSHH: Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Vereinigtes Königreich)

### Giftige Dämpfe

Alle Arbeiten mit flüchtigen Lösungsmitteln oder toxischen Substanzen müssen unter einem funktionierenden Laborabzugssystem durchgeführt werden, damit die möglicherweise entstehenden Dämpfe abziehen können.

## Entsorgen von Abfällen

Benutzte Kunststoff-Laborartikel können gefährliche Chemikalien enthalten. Derartige Abfälle müssen gemäß den geltenden regionalen Sicherheitsbestimmungen gesammelt und entsorgt werden.

Beachten Sie bei der Entsorgung des QIAcube HT die gesetzlichen Bestimmungen zur Entsorgung von Elektro- und Elektronik-Altgeräten (siehe Anhang A).

## Gefahren durch mechanische Teile

WARNUNG	Sich bewegende Geräteteile Vermeiden Sie jeglichen Kontakt mit sich bewegenden Geräteteilen, während der QIAcube HT in Betrieb ist. Auf gar keinen Fall dürfen sich Ihre Hände unter dem Roboterarm befinden, wenn dieser herunterfährt. Versuchen Sie nicht, Reaktionsgefäße oder Platten zu entnehmen oder zu bewegen, während der Roboterarm arbeitet.
	<b>Beschädigung des Geräts</b> Bewegen Sie den Y-Arm (den Pipettierkopf) nicht von Hand. Wir empfehlen dringend, einen Neustart des Systems durchzuführen, falls der Y Arm versehentlich von Hand bewegt wurde.

Um einen zufriedenstellenden und sicheren Betrieb des QIAcube HT zu gewährleisten, befolgenden Sie bitte die nachstehenden Richtlinien:

- Verwenden Sie nur die empfohlenen Pipettenspitzen und -Racks.
- Halten Sie die Gerätehaube möglichst immer geschlossen.
- Setzen Sie unter keinen Umständen den Hauben Sensor außer Kraft.
- Wenn bei geöffneter Gerätehaube die Plattenpositionen kalibriert werden, achten Sie darauf, dass Sie nicht in den Arbeitsbereich des Roboterarms kommen, wenn Sie Justierungen vornehmen. Im Kalibrier-Modus ist der Sensor für die Haubenöffnung deaktivert. Achten Sie deshalb darauf, nicht mit der Maus zu klicken oder eine der Bedienungstasten auf der Tastatur zu drücken, wenn Sie die Kalibrierungen der Plattenpositionen überprüfen. Warten Sie, bis die Bewegungsabläufe des Roboterarms beendet sind, bevor Sie Reaktionsgefäße oder Platten entnehmen oder bewegen.
- Stellen Sie keine Gegenstände auf den Roboterarm.
- Wählen Sie die Option "Pause" in der Werkzeugleiste der QIAcube HT Software, um das Gerät anzuhalten, bevor Sie Reaktionsgefäße oder Platten von der Arbeitsplattform entfernen. Warten Sie, bis der Roboterarm die gerade ablaufende Bewegung beendet hat – dies kann bis zu 10 Sekunden dauern.

### Sicherheitshinweise – Wartungsarbeiten

Führen Sie alle Wartungsarbeiten gemäß den Anweisungen in Abschnitt 7 durch. QIAGEN stellt alle Reparaturen in Rechnung, die nachweislich auf eine inkorrekte Wartung zurückzuführen sind.



#### Verletzungsgefahr und Beschädigung des Geräts

Führen Sie nur Wartungsarbeiten durch, die ausdrücklich in diesem Handbuch beschrieben werden.

WARNUNG			
Die Gehäuseteile des QIAcube HT dürfen nicht entfernt werden.			
Verletzungsgefahr und Beschädigung des Geräts			
	Führen Sie nur Wartungsarbeiten durch, die ausdrücklich in diesem Handbuch beschrieben werden.		
ACHTUNG	Beschädigung des Geräts		
Acimonto	Verwenden Sie weder Lösungsmittel noch Reagenzien, die Säuren, Laugen oder Abrasivstoffe enthalten,		
	um den QIAcube HT zu reinigen.		
ACHTUNG	Beschädigung der QIAcube HT Gerätehaube		
	Verwenden Sie weder Alkohol noch Lösungsmittel oder Reagenzien, die Säuren, Laugen oder Abrasivstoffe enthalten, um die Gerätehaube zu reinigen. Alkohol schädigt die Gerätehaube. Verwenden Sie zum Reinigen der Gerätehaube ausschließlich destilliertes Wasser.		
ACHTUNG	Beschädigung der QIAcube HT Seitenverkleidung		
	Reinigung sie niemals die Gerätehaube und Seitenwände mit Alkohol oder alkoholhaltigen Lösungen.		

ACHTUNG	Beschädigung des Plattentransfer-Gestells
	Das Plattentransfer-Gestell darf auf keinen Fall autoklaviert werden.

## Symbole auf dem QIAcube HT

Symbol	Ort	Beschreibung
	Arbeitsplattform und Geräterückseite	Symbol für Warnhinweise ("Warnung" oder "Achtung")
	Arbeitsplattform und am Ausgang der Pipettenspitzen-Rutsche	Warnung for Biogefährdung
	Arbeitsplattform und Roboter Arm	Warnung vor Handverletzung
CE	Typenschild auf der Geräterückseite	CE-Kennzeichnung der EU-Konformität
UK CA	Typenschild auf der Geräterückseite	UKCA-Kennzeichnung der UK-Konformität

Symbol	Ort	Beschreibung
	Typenschild auf der Geräterückseite	Symbol der CSA-Zertifizierung in Kanada und den USA
	Typenschild auf der Geräterückseite	Hersteller i.S.d. Gesetzes
X	Typenschild auf der Geräterückseite	WEEE-Kennzeichnung (Zertifizierung gemäß europäischer Richtlinien bzw. Elektro- und Elektronik-Altgeräte- Verordnung)
F©	Typenschild auf der Geräterückseite	FCC-Kennzeichen der Federal Communications Commission der Vereinigten Staaten
	Typenschild auf der Geräterückseite	RCM-Zeichen (ehemals C-Tick) für Australien (Anbieterkennzeichnung N17965)
<b>Ø</b>	Typenschild auf der Geräterückseite	Markierung gemäß RoHS-Richtlinie für China (Beschränkung der Verwendung bestimmter gefährlicher Stoffe in Elektro- und Elektronikgeräten)
<b>i</b>	Typenschild auf der Geräterückseite	Lesen Sie die Gebrauchshinweise im Handbuch

# Document Revision History

Revision

Description

June 2023

Included the UKCA symbol. Removed the environmental classes.

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